City of DeBary, Florida

ANNUAL
COMPREHENSIVE
FINANCIAL
REPORT









For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022



CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022





Prepared by: City of DeBary, Florida Finance Department

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Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

Principal Officials as of March 13, 2023

Karen Chasez	Mayor	January 2023 – December 2026
Phyllis Butlien	Vice Mayor	January 2023 – December 2026
William Sell	Seat 1	January 2021 – December 2024
Jim Pappalardo	Seat 2	January 2021 – December 2024
Patricia Stevenson	Seat 3	January 2023 – December 2026

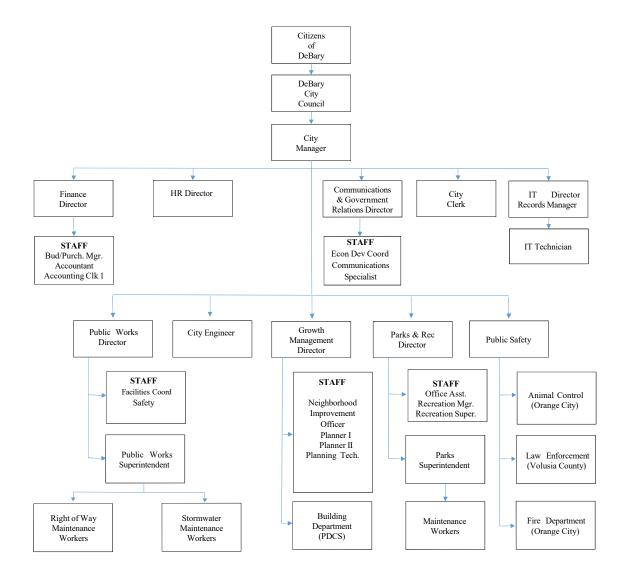
City Manager Finance Director

Carmen Rosamonda Elizabeth Bauer, CGFO

CITY of DeBary

THE RIVER CITY

Organizational Structure Adopted FY 2022



CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to entities that submit qualifying annual comprehensive financial reports (ACFR).

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The City of DeBary, Florida has never previously participated in this program. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for a certificate. If awarded, a copy of the certificate will be included in this location in the fiscal year 2023 ACFR.



March 13, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of the City of DeBary:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. We hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the City of DeBary, Florida (the City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

James Moore & Co., P.L., a firm of licensed certified public accountants has audited the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal

requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are in the Single Audit section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

Profile of the City of DeBary, Florida

The City of DeBary, Florida, incorporated in 1993, is located in western Volusia County, approximately 26 miles from Orlando via Interstate 4, approximately 34 miles from Daytona Beach, and approximately 42 miles from Walt Disney World. It is primarily a residential community and new residential development is in progress. There is also commercial and industrial development in the City. It covers an area of approximately 25 square miles of land and has a population of 23,336.

The City has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1993. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council consisting of the mayor and four other members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, resolutions, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the City manager and attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for hiring the heads of various departments. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. The Mayor and Council members serve four-year terms.

The City provides a full range of services, including police, fire and rescue, street construction and maintenance, stormwater drainage, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, cultural events and general administrative services. The City provides police services through a contract with Volusia Sheriff's Office and fire services through a contract with the City of Orange City. In addition, water, sewer and reclaimed water services are provided to residents by Volusia County. The City of DeBary contracts with private enterprise for solid waste collection.

Orlandia Heights Neighborhood Improvement District is a component unit of the City and is presented in the combining statements of non-major governmental funds.

The City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries which, in part, funds the services to the City's estimated 23,336 residents.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Requests for personnel and capital improvements must be submitted by early April. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager by the end of April. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. A budget workshop is held in July where the tentative millage rate is set. The City Council is required to hold two public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget and millage rate no later than September 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a department or program. Transfers of appropriations between funds and other budget changes, however, require the approval of the City Council. The General Fund budget to actual comparison is presented on page 44.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local economy

The City's current economic environment remains stable despite impacts from the COVID pandemic. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, unemployment for Volusia County was 2.8% as of September 30, 2022, a decrease of 1.2% from an unemployment rate of 4.0% one year earlier.

The 2021 taxable value was \$2.5 billion, an increase of 7.1% or \$161.8 million over the prior year's taxable value of \$2.3 billion. Permit and construction revenue are increasing steadily as there are several new residential neighborhoods being developed. Sales tax, revenue sharing, communications services tax and gas taxes were higher than expected and outperformed the conservative budget estimates.

Financial policies

The City Council understands the importance of maintaining adequate fund balance (i.e. reserve) to address unanticipated expenditures and emergency situations while limiting the use of fund balance for ongoing expenditures. As such, the City Council has set a goal of maintaining the General Fund reserves at a minimum of 150 days of coverage of total annual expenditures. Furthermore, it is the City's intention that recurring revenues should fund recurring expenditures and fund balance should only be relied upon for one-time outlays, capital projects, or emergency situations.

Long-term financial planning

The City's long-term financial planning initiatives are comprised of completion of various master plans for stormwater, roads and sidewalks, and various culture and recreation services facilities that typically extend 10 years. After consideration of the master plans, a 5-year Capital Improvement Plan that contains anticipated projects costs and funding sources for the projects is prepared each year. In addition, the City performs strategic planning sessions with the City Council to develop the long-term goals of the City. The City Manager reports to City Council and the citizens on the progress that has been made in achieving the strategic goals of the City.

Major Initiatives

The City has been planning to build a new fire station on the west side of the train tracks. Over the past few years, the City has built up \$1,250,000 in Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund for this purpose. The City has been awarded a grant for the same amount from the State Fire Marshall to fund the estimated construction budget of \$2,500,000. A construction contract is projected to be awarded in fiscal year 2023.

The City has been working to acquire a large riverfront property called Alexander Island to be added to our Parks system. This property will add to the ecotourism in the City, expand our beautiful trail network and improve the quality of life for residents and visitors alike. It is anticipated the property will be acquired in fiscal year 2023 and then expenditures will be incurred over the next several years to provide park amenities.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for annual comprehensive financial reports (ACFR) that meet their strict standards. The City is submitting its ACFR to be considered for this award for the first time for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. This will be the first year the City is attempting to achieve this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for this certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of all members of the Finance Department. I would like to express our appreciation to those who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. In closing, without the leadership and support of the City Council, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully,

Elizabeth Bauer, CGFO Finance Director

Carmen Rosamonda City Manager



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager, City of DeBary, Florida:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of DeBary, Florida, (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Daytona Beach, Florida March 13, 2023 James Maore ; Co., P.L.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As financial management of City of DeBary, Florida, (hereinafter referred to as the "City"), we offer the readers of these basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year that ended on September 30, 2022. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section, taken as a whole.

Financial Highlights

- The total assets of the City of DeBary, Florida exceeded its liabilities (net position) at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$62.2 million, compared to \$48.6 million one year earlier. Of this amount, \$24.8 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- During 2022, gross revenues from governmental activities of the City increased by approximately \$12.2 million to a total of \$31.9 million, compared to a total of \$19.8 million in 2021. Expenses for governmental activities totaled \$18.4 million in 2022 compared to \$16.8 million in 2021.
- The City's total combined governmental fund net position (for the General, Solid Waste, Stormwater Management, Franchise Fees, Capital Projects, and other non-major special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds) increased by \$13,567,021 in 2022 compared to an increase of \$2,969,743 in 2021. This represents an increase of 27.9% above the prior year's net position.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27.7 million at the end of the current fiscal year, an increase of \$11.2 million over the \$16.5 million from one year earlier. Approximately 39.1% of this amount or \$10.8 million is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of fiscal year 2022, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,841,599 or 76.8% of the total 2022 General Fund expenditures, which represents 280 days (approximately 9 months) of excess funds. This represents an increase of \$1,057,706 over the \$9,783,893 reported at the end of 2021.
- The City's total outstanding long-term debt decreased by \$1,012,855 during the current fiscal year primarily due to regular principal payments totaling \$1,010,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three parts: 1) management's discussion and analysis, 2) the basic financial statements (including government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements), and 3) required supplementary information, including budgetary comparisons and other selected financial data.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the City's financial condition and financial performance as a whole. Summary financial statement data, key financial and operational indicators used in the strategic plan, budget, and other management tools were used for this analysis.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City. The first two statements consist of entity-wide financial statements that provide both the short- and long-term financial information about the City's overall financial status, including its governmental activities. These statements report information about the City using full accrual accounting methods and economic resources focus as utilized by similar business activities in the private sector. Information concerning all of the City's assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term debt are included. Likewise, all revenues and expenses received during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid are reported. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. These fund statements tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The basic financial statements of the City include a statement of net position and a statement of activities, which are described as follows:

- A statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities at the end of its fiscal year, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. Net position increase when revenues exceed expenses. Increases to assets without a corresponding increase to liabilities results in increased net position, which indicates an improved financial condition.
- The statement of activities presents the results of business operations over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the City's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as delinquent taxes and earned but unused personal leave.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*government activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government services, public safety (police, fire and building inspection), highways and streets, solid waste, street lighting, stormwater management, and recreation and leisure services. The City did not operate any proprietary, or business-type, activities during the past fiscal year.

The basic entity-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21 and 22 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City are governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted into cash. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations can be found on pages 24 and 26.

The City maintains fifteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Solid Waste (special revenue) Fund, the Stormwater Management (special revenue) Fund and the ARPA Capital Projects (capital project) Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the eleven other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriations budget for each of its governmental funds in accordance with state statutes. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements and budgetary comparisons for the major governmental funds can be found on pages 44 to 46 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The financial statements also include notes which provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the City's significant accounting policies, account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies and subsequent events, if any. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27 to 42 of this report.

Required and Other Supplementary Information. This section includes the financial information containing the combining and individual fund schedules, budgetary comparisons for the City's major capital project fund and its other nonmajor governmental funds and general information as it relates to OPEB (Other Post-Employment Benefits). Other supplemental information can be found on pages 48 to 63 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

Net position. As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. This year, the City's combined net position increased from \$48,608,675 to \$62,175,696, which represents an increase of \$13,567,021 or 27.9%, over amounts reported last year. Of this amount, approximately 60.1% is either restricted as to the purposes they can be used for or is invested in capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment), and is not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should

be noted that under normal circumstances the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining portion represents the City's unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints of enabling legislation or other legal requirements, and totaled \$24,838,208, or 39.9% of total net position at the end of 2022.

The following is a summary of net position at year end:

Net Position September 30, 2022 and 2021

	Governmental Activities			
	2022	2021		
Assets:				
Current and other assets	\$ 30,683,789	\$ 22,996,458		
Capital assests, net	39,265,924	37,875,417		
Total assets	69,949,713	60,871,875		
Liabilities:				
Long-term debt outstanding	4,440,000	5,450,000		
Other liabilities	3,334,017	6,813,200		
Total liabilities	7,774,017	12,263,200		
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	34,825,924	32,425,417		
Restricted	2,511,564	1,697,284		
Unrestricted	24,838,208	14,485,974		
Total net position	\$ 62,175,696	\$ 48,608,675		

Changes in Net position. While the statement of net position shows a snapshot of the City's financial position at the end of the fiscal year, the statement of changes in net position provides answers as to the nature and source of those changes. During 2022, the City's combined net position increased by \$13,567,021, or 27.9% over the amount reported in the prior year. During this same period, the City's total revenues increased by \$12,156,145 to a total of \$31,926,584 compared to a total of \$19,770,439 in 2021. This increase is due primarily to a net increase of \$9,808,295 in Operating grants/other. This increase is primarily due to the recognition of \$10,000,000 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) grant revenue. Capital grants/other increased by \$734,864 primarily due to Florida Department of Environmental Protection grant for stormwater and Florida Department of Transportation grant for roadway beautification. Property tax revenue increased by \$453,473 or 7% as a result of increased taxable values.

During 2022, approximately 21.7% of the City's total revenue came from property taxes, and approximately 37.7 cents (compared to 57.3 cents in the prior year) of every dollar raised came from some type of tax (e.g. property taxes, sales tax, gas tax, utility tax, etc.). Approximately 37.8% of the City's revenues are received in the form of operating grants, capital grants, disaster assistance and contributions. Another 19.4% came from fees charged for services, while most of the rest is state and federal shared revenues and other miscellaneous earnings (5.1%).

Expenses incurred to operate the City increased \$1,558,867 in 2022, as was anticipated by management in the development of the current year budget appropriations. Public safety was almost \$500,000 higher in 2022 as compared to 2021. Transportation costs were almost \$700,000 more than the prior year mostly due to road resurfacing occurring in fiscal year 2022 and not in fiscal year 2021,

The following is a summary of changes in net position for the year:

Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended September 30, 2022 and 2021

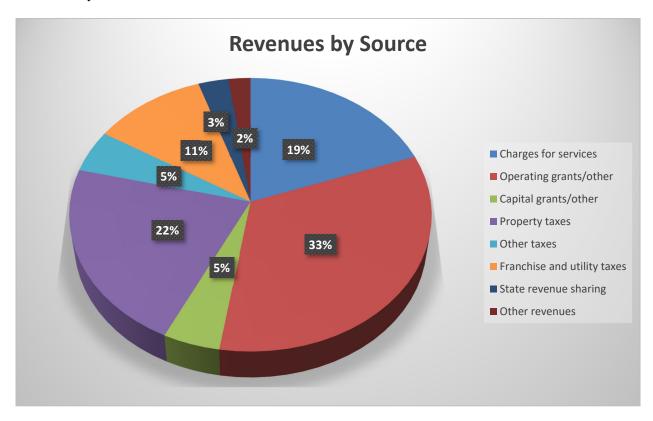
	Governmental Activities			
	2022	2021		
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 6,204,737	\$ 6,084,968		
Operating grants/other	10,561,997	753,702		
Capital grants/other	1,489,799	754,935		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	6,912,498	6,459,025		
Other taxes	1,591,781	1,409,493		
Franchise and utility taxes	3,534,172	3,464,925		
State revenue sharing	945,712	743,275		
Other revenues	685,888	100,116		
Total revenues	31,926,584	19,770,439		
Expenses:				
General government	2,490,512	2,424,276		
Public safety	7,557,188	7,058,685		
Physical environment	3,780,358	3,565,678		
Transportation	2,587,942	1,891,043		
Economic environment	-	57,000		
Human services	81,005	91,931		
Culture/recreation	1,779,374	1,605,729		
Interest on long-term debt	83,184	106,354		
Total expenses	18,359,563	16,800,696		
Increase (decrease) in net position	13,567,021	2,969,743		
Net position, beginning of year	48,608,675	45,638,932		
Net position, end of year	\$ 62,175,696	\$ 48,608,675		

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the City's governmental activities experienced an increase during 2022. Overall, the City's governmental revenues totaled \$31,926,584, which represents an increase of \$12,156,145, or 61.5% over last year's reported governmental revenues totaling \$19,770,439. This increase was mainly attributable to recognizing \$10,000,000 in ARPA grant revenue. There was an increase in other revenues of \$585,772 as compared to the prior year mainly from a refund received from the Volusia Sheriff of \$251,252, a reimbursement from Volusia County for \$118,724 and \$135,000 received for a project in the southern area of the City.

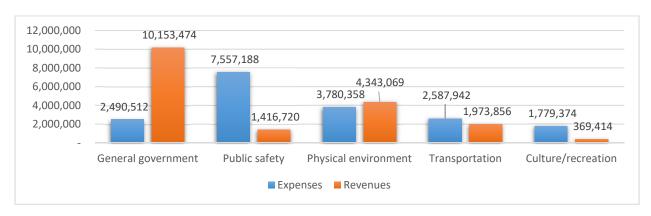
The City's governmental revenues are illustrated by source as follows:

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



An individual comparison of the City's functional program revenues and costs of providing program services to its citizens is useful in identifying the programs, and the extent of which each are dependent on taxes and other non-exchange revenues to subsidize their program operations. They are illustrated in the following graph:

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



Expenses for the City's governmental activities totaled \$18,359,563 for fiscal 2022, which represents an increase of \$1,558,867 or 9.3% over last year's reported governmental expenditures totaling \$16,800,696.

These expenses do not include amounts expended for capital outlay and for debt principal payments; however, they do include depreciation and amortization expense for the year.

Expenses by Function General government Public safety Physical environment Transportation Economic environment Human services Culture/recreation Interest on long-term debt

Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the City completed the current fiscal year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$27,749,944 which was \$11,237,919, or 68.1%, more than the \$16,512,025 reported last year. Approximately 39.1% of this amount or \$10,841,599 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending as follows:

Non-spendable – Net asset amounts totaling \$925 have been designated as non-spendable since they reflect the costs for payments for prepaid expenses carried over to the subsequent year;

Restricted – Net asset amounts totaling \$2,538,072 have been designated as restricted through externally imposed constraints since they are 1) public safety-building inspection fees that are

restricted and can only be used for inspection related activities (\$107,251), 2) 2nd Local Option Gas Tax resources that are restricted for roadway expansion (\$536,065), 3) impact fees that are restricted and can only be used for parks and recreation improvement projects (\$453,085), 4) funds that can only be used for debt service (\$275,667), 5) impact fees that are restricted for Southwest Sector mobility projects (\$572,343), 6) impact fees that are restricted and can only be used for public building projects (\$106,295), 7) assessments that are restricted for use on Orlandia Heights improvements (\$52,597), and 8) assessments that are restricted for use on street lighting districts (\$434,769);

Committed – Net asset amounts totaling \$2,119,055 have been designated as committed from constraints imposed by the City Council since they can only be used 1) to finance specialized transportation costs (franchise fees - \$1,413,209), 2) tree preservation costs (\$29,539), 3) Ft FL Rd improvements (\$27,242), 4) to fund economic opportunity projects (\$146,336) as designated by the Council, and 5) to fund solid waste disposal cost (\$502,729);

Assigned – Net asset amounts totaling \$12,250,293 have been designated as assigned based on the City Council's intent that these funds be used for the specific purpose of 1) financing the costs of building a new fire station (\$1,250,000), 2) financing the costs of storm water management (\$7,230,293), 3) City Hall air conditioning replacement (\$170,000), and 4) future recreation site purchase (\$3,600,000); and

Unassigned – Net asset amounts totaling \$10,841,599 represents all residual amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of September 30, 2022, the unassigned fund balance in the general fund totaled \$10,841,599, while total fund balance was \$12,905,840. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 76.8% of total general fund expenditures of \$14,109,533, while total fund balance represents 91.5% of that same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

In fiscal year 2022, the City Council amended the General Fund operating budget for changes in various department appropriations, to increase and decrease amounts for certain revenues and expenditures as changes occurred during the year. Revenues recognized were \$620,755 more than the budgeted revenues during 2022. Actual expenditures in the General Fund for the current fiscal year were \$2,203,460 less than the \$16.3 million in budgetary amounts appropriated.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At September 30, 2022, the City had \$60,481,867 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, public works infrastructure and general government machinery and equipment. This is \$3,285,571 greater than the total of \$57,196,296 the City had invested in capital assets one year earlier. During 2022, the significant portion of the net increase was attributable to an increase of \$2,289,354 in construction in progress. Some of the larger projects are DeBary Elementary turn lanes at \$764,140, Highway 17-92 improvements at \$282,764, Woodbound Lake drainage improvement of \$676,014, and the new fire station design of \$127,124. Accumulated depreciation on capital assets totaled \$21,215,943 and \$19,320,879 at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The City's resultant net investment in capital assets totaled \$39,265,924 and \$37,875,417 at September 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

This overall investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, for all governmental activities is reflected in the following schedule and additional information can be found in Note 6:

Capital Assets September 30, 2022 and 2021

Governmental Activities				
2022			2021	
Φ	0.002.644	Φ	0.606.157	
\$	9,803,644	\$	9,686,157	
	3,156,128		866,774	
	7,280,957		7,280,957	
	36,668,032		35,903,078	
	3,573,106		3,459,330	
	60,481,867		57,196,296	
	(21,215,943)		(19,320,879)	
\$	39,265,924	\$	37,875,417	
		\$ 9,803,644 3,156,128 7,280,957 36,668,032 3,573,106	\$ 9,803,644 \$ 3,156,128	

General Long-term Debt. At year end, the City had \$4,813,664 in general long-term debt obligations outstanding, which are secured solely by specified revenue streams and other sources, compared to \$5,820,246 one year earlier. These obligations are recorded on the statement of net position under the liabilities section and segregated into amounts due within one year and amounts due in more than one year.

The following is a summary of the City's general long-term debt at year end:

General Long-Term Debt September 30, 2022 and 2021

	Governmental Activities				
	2022			2021	
Series 2012 stormwater revenue bond	\$	1,740,000	\$	2,065,000	
Series 2016 water line assessment bond		25,000		109,000	
Series 2016 fire station bond		298,000		591,000	
Series 2021 stormwater revenue bond		2,377,000		2,685,000	
General long-term debt	\$	4,440,000	\$	5,450,000	

Additional information on the City's general long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Many factors are considered each year by the City Council in its efforts to establish an operating budget, to evaluate its personnel needs, and to develop uniform user fees that are reasonable, and more importantly, capable of cost recovery. Some of the major factors considered in this process are the local economy, civilian labor force, unemployment rates, and inflation rates.

- The most recent estimates available for unemployment data in Volusia County, Florida, are compiled by the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity. As of December 2022, this agency estimates a countywide unemployment rate of 2.5%, which is favorable to the 3.8% rate experienced one year earlier. These estimates are consistent with the state's 2.2% unemployment rate. Nationwide, the unemployment rate is stated at 3.5%, as of December 2022.
- Inflationary trends for Volusia County are consistent with those trends experienced at the state and national levels.
- The overall Just Value of real and personal property on the 2022 levy increased 15.0% from \$3.502 billion for the tax year 2021 to \$4.028 billion for the tax year 2022. However, per form DR-422, the overall Taxable Value (Just Value less statutory exemptions) of real and personal property (the ad valorem taxes from which will be received in fiscal 2023 on the 2022 levy increased 8.8% from \$2.457 billion in 2021 to \$2.673 billion in 2022. While property values have been reflecting modest gains for several consecutive years, the City is also facing many challenges in the fiscal year 2023 budget in order to balance relatively unchanged revenue projections with the rising prices for many of the city's basic operating expenses, such as wages, public safety, operating supplies, utilities, and insurance costs.
- The City Council voted to adopt an operating millage for the 2022 levy at 2.9247 mills, which was 6.59% above the 2.7438 rolled back rate. The rolled-back rate of 2.7438 mills is the rate that produces the equivalent of no increase in current year ad valorem taxes when levied against appreciated current year taxable values.
- In developing its 2023 budget estimates, the City has anticipated appropriating \$1,420,000 of estimated prior year surplus reserve funds in the General Fund to balance the City's combined overall financing needs, which are estimated to be approximately \$17.3 million for fiscal year 2023. The City has fifteen other budgeted funds with combined overall estimated financing needs in these funds of approximately \$11.2 million in fiscal year 2023. In 2023, the combined overall annual operating budget for the City including anticipated reserves totals \$48,030,042.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the City Manager, City of DeBary, Florida, 16 Colomba Road, DeBary, Florida 32713.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 29,194,220
Investments	177,792
Receivables, net	411,993
Due from other governments	898,859
Prepaids	925
Capital assets:	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	12,959,772
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	26,306,152
Total assets	\$ 69,949,713
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,195,968
Unearned revenue	737,877
Accrued interest payable	26,508
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
Bonds and notes payable	965,000
Compensated absences	36,130
Due in more than one year:	
Bonds and notes payable	3,475,000
Compensated absences	204,734
Total OPEB liability	132,800
Total liabilities	\$ 7,774,017
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 34,825,924
Restricted for:	
Transportation improvements	536,065
Public safety - inspection fees	107,251
Street lighting	434,769
Orlandia Heights improvements	52,597
Public building impact fee	106,295
Southwest sector mobility fee	572,343
Park impact fee	453,085
Debt service	249,159
Unrestricted	24,838,208
Total net position	\$ 62,175,696

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Program Revenues Operating		Net (Expense) Revenue and Chan; in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 2,490,512	\$ 86,004	\$ 10,010,000	\$ 57,470	\$ 7,662,962
Public safety	7,557,188	1,416,720	-	-	(6,140,468)
Physical environment	3,780,358	3,876,404	-	466,665	562,711
Transportation	2,587,942	665,148	551,997	756,711	(614,086)
Human services	81,005	-	-	-	(81,005)
Culture and recreation	1,779,374	160,461	-	208,953	(1,409,960)
Interest on long-term debt	83,184				(83,184)
Total governmental activities	\$ 18,359,563	\$ 6,204,737	\$ 10,561,997	\$ 1,489,799	(103,030)
	General revenu	es:			-
	Property taxe	S			6,912,498
	Sales taxes				1,540,196
	Public service	e taxes			2,553,368
	Other taxes				51,585
	Franchise and	dutility taxes			980,804
	State revenue	sharing			945,712
	Investment ea	arnings			112,274
	Miscellaneou	s revenues			573,614
	Total general	revenues			13,670,051
	Change in net p	osition			13,567,021
	Net position - b	eginning of year			48,608,675
	Net position - e	nding of year			\$ 62,175,696

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund	So	olid Waste Fund	s	tormwater Fund	Ca	ARPA pial Projects Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 13,308,413	\$	649,934	\$	1,728,077	\$	9,960,446	\$	3,547,350	\$ 29,194,220
Investments	177,792		-		-		-		-	177,792
Receivables, net	325,107		726		1,909		-		84,251	411,993
Due from other governments	708,552		-		186,452		-		3,855	898,859
Prepaid items	925						-		-	925
Total assets	\$ 14,520,789	\$	650,660	\$	1,916,438	\$	9,960,446	\$	3,635,456	\$ 30,683,789
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,559,923	\$	147,931	\$	52,379	\$	323,525	\$	112,210	\$ 2,195,968
Unearned revenue	55,026		-		-		670,687		12,164	737,877
Total liabilities	1,614,949		147,931		52,379		994,212		124,374	2,933,845
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items	925		_		_		_		_	925
Restricted for:										
Transportation - gas taxes	536,065		_		-		_		-	536,065
Public safety - inspection fees	107,251		-		-		-		-	107,251
Street lighting	-		-		-		-		434,769	434,769
Orlandia Heights improvements	-		-		-		-		52,597	52,597
Public buildings impact fee	-		-		-		-		106,295	106,295
Southwest sector mobility fee	-		-		-		-		572,343	572,343
Park impact fee	-		-		-		-		453,085	453,085
Debt service	-		-		-		-		275,667	275,667
Committed to:										
Franchise fees	-		-		-		-		1,413,209	1,413,209
Solid waste	-		502,729		-		-		-	502,729
Transportation	-		-		-		-		27,242	27,242
Economic opportunity	-		-		-		-		146,336	146,336
Tree preservation	-		-		-		-		29,539	29,539
Assigned to:										
Fire station	1,250,000		-		-		-		-	1,250,000
City Hall AC replacement	170,000		-		-		-		-	170,000
Stormwater	-		-		1,864,059		5,366,234		-	7,230,293
Recreation site	-		-		-		3,600,000		-	3,600,000
Unassigned	10,841,599			_		_		_		10,841,599
Total fund balances	12,905,840		502,729		1,864,059		8,966,234		3,511,082	27,749,944
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 14,520,789	\$	650,660	\$	1,916,438	\$	9,960,446	\$	3,635,456	\$ 30,683,789

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 27,749,944
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Total governmental capital assets	60,481,867	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(21,215,943)	39,265,924
On the governmental fund statements, a total OPEB liability is not recorded unless an amount is due and payable (no such liability exists at the end of the current fiscal year). On the Statement of Net Position, the City's total OPEB liability is reported as a noncurrent liability. Total OPEB liability		(132,800)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and notes payable, are not due and payable	е	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities,	-	
deferred outflows, and other debt-related deferred charges consist of the following:		
Bonds and notes payable	(4,440,000)	
Accrued interest payable	(26,508)	
Compensated absences	(240,864)	(4,707,372)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 62,175,696

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Stormwater Fund	ARPA Capial Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 10,017,863	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 51,585	\$ 10,069,448
Permits, fees, and special assessments	1,329,335	-	1,890,773	-	2,395,360	5,615,468
Intergovernmental	2,796,102	-	466,665	10,000,000	10,000	13,272,767
Charges for services	280,338	1,899,678	-	-	-	2,180,016
Fines and forfeitures	98,243	-	-	-	-	98,243
Miscellaneous	718,942	16,340	7,783		49,111	792,176
Total revenues	15,240,823	1,916,018	2,365,221	10,000,000	2,506,056	32,028,118
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	2,304,425	-	-	9,029	-	2,313,454
Public safety	7,346,231	-	-	-	-	7,346,231
Physical environment	-	1,819,290	985,636	-	22,200	2,827,126
Transportation	1,423,961	-	-	-	934,916	2,358,877
Human services	81,005	-	-	-	-	81,005
Culture and recreation	1,476,738	-	-	-	-	1,476,738
Capital outlay	1,477,173	-	712,019	1,024,737	73,382	3,287,311
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	633,000	-	377,000	1,010,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	81,049	-	8,408	89,457
Total expenditures	14,109,533	1,819,290	2,411,704	1,033,766	1,415,906	20,790,199
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	1,131,290	96,728	(46,483)	8,966,234	1,090,150	11,237,919
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	607,731	_	_	_	302,855	910,586
Transfers out	(302,855)	_	_	_	(607,731)	(910,586)
Total other financing sources (uses)	304,876				(304,876)	- (510,500)
Net change in fund balances	1,436,166	96,728	(46,483)	8,966,234	785,274	11,237,919
Fund balances, beginning of year	11,469,674	406,001	1,910,542	-	2,725,808	16,512,025
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 12,905,840	\$ 502,729	\$ 1,864,059	\$ 8,966,234	\$ 3,511,082	\$ 27,749,944

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 11,237,919
Differences in amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation Expense	3,287,311 (1,896,804)
Bond and loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds. However, the issuance of debt is reported as long-term debt payable in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment of debt principal reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. These amounts are as follows:	
Principal repayment of general long-term debt	1,010,000
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.	(74,260)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, Expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with Expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, Expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. These adjustments are as follows:	(272
Change in accrued interest on long-term debt Change in compensated absences liability	6,273 4,659
Change in total OPEB liability	(8,077)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 13,567,021

(1) **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The financial statements of the City of DeBary, Florida (the City), have been prepared in conformance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted body for promulgating governmental accounting and financial reporting principles and the City has adopted the GASB Codification. The following is a summary of the City's significant accounting policies:

(a) **Reporting entity**—The City is a municipal corporation created by the laws of Florida, Chapter 93-351, located in Volusia County. The legislative branch of the City is comprised of a five-member elected Council. The City Council is governed by the City Charter and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Council is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Council-appointed City Manager.

In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the City may be financially accountable and, as such, should be included within the City's financial statements. The City (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burden on the City. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The financial statements are formatted to allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component units. Because of the closeness of its relationship with the primary government (the City), the current component unit is blended as though it is part of the primary government.

(b) **Blended component unit**—The City has the following blended component unit:

The Orlandia Heights Neighborhood Improvement District (created by referendum on February 4, 1999 and Resolution No. 99-03) is governed by a Board of Directors appointed by the City Council. The District was created to promote improvements of the district through the use of district assessments to finance all related improvements. Although legally separate, the District's relationship to the City is significant and its financial activities are reported on a blended basis as if it were part of the primary government as a special revenue fund.

(c) Government-wide and fund financial statements—The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report aggregated information for the overall government for all of the activities of the primary government. These statements do not report fiduciary funds or fiduciary component units such as retirement trust funds. Those activities are reported only in fund financial statements, when required. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which are financed wholly or partially by fees charged to external parties for goods or services and are reported in enterprise funds. The City did not operate any business-type activities during the fiscal year.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(d) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation—The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for in, individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and the basis of accounting. The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities).

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grants, other intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, certain expenditures relating to future periods, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund—The General Fund is the principal fund of the City which accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The majority of current operating expenditures of the City are financed through revenues received by the General Fund.

Solid Waste Fund—The Solid Waste Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for user charges assessed for residential garbage/solid waste pickup and removal.

Stormwater Management Fund—The Stormwater Management Fund is a special revenue fund to provide and maintain stormwater drainage throughout the City, which is funded by assessments on real property located in the City.

ARPA Capital Projects Fund—The ARPA Capital Projects Fund is a capital projects fund created for tracking of activities funded by the American Rescue Plan Act funding.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds—These funds account for financial sources and uses that are legally restricted for specific purposes. The City has the following non-major Special Revenue Funds: Street Lighting; Orlandia Heights Neighborhood Improvement District; Tree Preservation; Franchise Fee; Southwest Sector Mobility Fee Trust Fund, Park Impact Fee; Public Buildings Impact Fee and Economic Opportunity funds. These financial activities are reported separately in the Combining Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and Other Schedules section of this report.

Debt Service Funds—These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. This fund type is used to provide for the debt service requirements of the City's governmental long-term debt. The City has the following non-major debt service funds: Fort Florida Road Assessment Series 2016 and Fire Station Bond Series 2016 funds. These financial activities are reported separately in the Combining Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and Other Schedules section of this report.

Capital Projects Funds—These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for equipment replacement or the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The City has the following non-major capital projects fund: Fort Florida Improvement fund. These financial activities are reported separately in the Combining Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and Other Schedules section of this report.

As a general rule, the effect of the City's interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments (when applicable). Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (e) **Budgets and budgetary accounting** Annual budgets for all governmental funds were adopted in compliance with Florida law. The basis on which the budgets are prepared is consistent with the basis of accounting utilized by the various fund types. The governmental funds' budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:
 - i. On or before July 15th, the City Manager submits a preliminary budget to the City Council for the ensuing fiscal year.
 - ii. Budget workshop sessions are scheduled by the City Council, as needed.
 - iii. A general summary of the budget and notice of public hearing is published in a local newspaper.
 - iv. Prior to October 1st, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
 - v. The City Council, by resolution, may make supplemental appropriations in excess of those estimated for the year up to the amount of available revenue. Within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year, supplemental appropriations are made for unanticipated spending requirements by the Council.
 - vi. The City Council must approve all inter-departmental budget amendments and/or appropriations transfers. The legal level of budgetary control is exercised at the department level.
 - vii. Every appropriation lapses at the close of the fiscal year.

The budgets for governmental funds that were either adopted or amended during the year by the City Council were prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The general, special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds have legally adopted budgets.

(f) **Deposits and investments**—The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash. Investments with original maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

The City's investment policies are governed by state statutes and local resolution. These policies authorize the City to invest in bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills, or other securities which are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, interest bearing savings accounts, interest bearing certificates of deposit and interest bearing time deposits.

(g) **Receivables and payables**—Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is based upon management's analysis of historical trends. All unpaid property taxes receivable at year end are at least 180 days past due, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and penalties and interest are assessed; therefore, these amounts are fully allowed for and no provision for taxes receivable has been made on the City's financial statements.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(h) **Inventories and prepaid items**—The cost of inventory is accounted for on the consumption basis wherein inventories are charged as expenditures when used, rather than when purchased. All inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, by using the weighted average valuation method. The effect of this method is to flow the costs of the materials and supplies in the order in which they are purchased and to assign a balance sheet inventory valuation more nearly at current replacement value. No required minimum levels of inventory are maintained.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

(i) Capital assets—Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, drainage improvements, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized, but charged to operating expense as incurred. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-40 years
Infrastructure	20-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-30 years
Machinery and equipment	3-30 years

The City has historically recorded all easements and rights of way that are determined to have limited useful lives at estimated fair market value on the date received. The City has elected to not retroactively report intangible assets that are determined to have indefinite useful lives. The City does not have any intangible assets previously subjected to amortization that have now been determined to have indefinite useful lives.

(j) Compensated absences—The City reports compensated absences in the governmental activity column in the governmental-wide financial statements. The portion of employee payroll costs paid subsequent to year-end attributable to services performed prior to year-end and accumulated unpaid vacation, sick-leave, and personal leave is recorded and recognized as a current liability. The remainder of the liability for compensated absences payable beyond the current period is recorded as a long-term liability. The City utilizes the General Fund to liquidate the liability for compensated absences from previous years.

It is the City's policy to grant employees vacation and sick leave (annual leave) based upon the number of years of employment with the City. The time is not divided between vacation and sick leave. Annual leave accrues at a maximum of 10.2 hours per pay period with a cumulative maximum of 600 hours that can be accrued in total as of the beginning of the fiscal year. Upon termination, without cause, all accrued annual leave is paid.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- (k) **Long-term obligations**—In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Original issue bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.
- (l) **Fund equity**—In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Those classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (i.e., when the government assesses, levies, charges, or otherwise mandates payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed – Fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinance or resolution of the City Council are reported as committed fund balance. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned – Fund balance amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. This intent can be expressed by the City Council or through the City Council delegating this responsibility to the City Manager through the budgetary process, as is authorized under Article XI, Section 11.05(d) of the City's Code of Ordinances.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

(m) **Deferred outflows/inflows of resources**—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City did not have any deferred outflows of resources during the fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City did not have any deferred inflows of resources at year-end.

(n) **Property taxes**— Property tax revenues are recognized when levied, to the extent that they result in current receivables. Details of the property tax calendar are presented below:

Lien date January 1 Levy date October 1

Discount periods November – February

No discount period March Delinquent date April 1

- (o) **Net position flow assumption**—Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to determine amounts reported as restricted and unrestricted net position, it is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been used before unrestricted net position is applied.
- (p) Use of estimates—Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates assumed in preparing the financial statements.
- (q) **Implementation of new accounting pronouncements**—The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in the current year and noted no agreements that met the criteria for recognition.

(2) Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statement:

- (a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position—Following the governmental fund balance sheet is a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.
- (b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities—Following the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, there is a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. A detailed explanation of these differences is provided in this reconciliation.

(3) Cash Deposits and Investments:

The City maintains cash and investment accounts for various other purposes or to segregate cash balances for amounts which are restricted or held on behalf of others. The City's investment policy authorizes the City to invest excess funds in Local Government Surplus Trust Fund Investment Pool, money market funds regulated by the securities and Exchange Commission, bankers' acceptances issued by a domestic bank (with rating restrictions), commercial paper (with rating restrictions), certificates of deposit or savings accounts in banks/savings and loan associations, doing business and situated in the State of Florida, provided deposits of such institutions are secured by the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, repurchase agreements, state and local government general obligation bonds (subject to rating restrictions), direct obligations of the United States Government, obligations of the United States Government agencies, backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government, not backed by full faith and credit of the United State Government.

As of September 30, 2022, all City cash deposits were held in qualified public depositories pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, the *Florida Security for Public Deposits Act* (the Act), and, accordingly, are entirely insured by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance or collateralized pursuant to the Act. The Act established guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings associations, procedures for administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under the Act, the qualified depository must pledge at least 50% of the average daily balance for each month of all public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. Additional collateral, up to 125%, may be required if deemed necessary. Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the State Treasurer or, with the approval of the State Treasurer, to a bank, savings association, or trust company provided a power of attorney. Under the Act, the City is authorized to deposit funds only in qualified public depositories.

The City invests temporarily idle resources in the Florida Prime Investment Pool (Florida PRIME). Florida PRIME is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration (SBA), who provides regulatory oversight. Florida PRIME is similar to money market funds in which units are owned in the fund rather than the underlying investments. These investments are reported at amortized cost in accordance with the GASB Codification, which establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. There is no limitation or restrictions on withdrawals from Florida PRIME; although in the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, the funds' executive director may limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund for a period of 48 hours.

As of September 30, 2022, the Florida PRIME had weighted average maturities of 21 days. The City held no assets or investments carried at fair value at September 30, 2022, and subject to the required disclosures of GASB 72.

As of September 30, 2022, the City's governmental investment portfolio is composed of the following investments:

Investment	Credit Quality Rating	 Carrying Value		
Florida PRIME	AAAm (S&P)	\$ 177,792		

(3) Cash Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments. To limits its exposure to fair value losses arising from increases in interest rates, the City prohibits direct investment in U.S. government securities or repurchase agreements maturing more than five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific cash flow. There were no investments in the City's portfolio that exceeded this maximum maturity at September 30, 2022.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that a debt issuer or other counter-party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to limit investments to governmental funds and securities backed by state and federal governments, and mutual funds with a minimum credit rating of AAm by Standard & Poor's (S&P) or an equivalent. The City's portfolio is held entirely with public depositories and is invested in SBA funds, as described above.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The City's adopted investment policy limits concentration of investments as follows:

Investments	Maximum %
Local Government Surplus Trust Fund	100%
United States Government Securities	50%
United States Federal Agencies	10%
Federal Instrumentalities	5%
Money Market Mutual Funds	25%
Bankers' Acceptances/Commercial Paper	10%
Certificates of Deposit	40%
Repurchase Agreements/State and Local Government Debt	5%

In addition to describing the credit risk of investments in the portfolio, governmental entities will need to disclose the concentration of credit risk with a single issuer, if 5 or more percent of the total assets of the portfolio are invested with one issuer. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools and other pooled investments are excluded from the concentration of credit risk disclosure requirements.

Custodial Credit Risk: All demand deposits are held with qualified public depositories, as defined above. In the case of investments, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of September 30, 2022, the City's investment of \$177,792 in Florida PRIME funds is backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Florida, or explicitly guaranteed by the State of Florida.

(4) Accounts Receivable:

The City's receivables consisted of the following at September 30, 2022:

			All	owance for		
	R	Gross eceivable		Doubtful Accounts	R	Net eceivable
Governmental Activities:						
General Fund						
Accounts receivable	\$	335,107	\$	(10,000)	\$	325,107
Solid Waste				, , ,		
Accounts receivable		726		-		726
Stormwater						
Accounts receivable		1,909		-		1,909
Nonmajor Governmental Funds						
Accounts and special assessments receivable		84,251		-		84,251
Total governmental activities receivables, net	\$	421,993	\$	(10,000)	\$	411,993
Total governmental activities receivables, net	<u> </u>	- ,		(-) = =)	_	- ,

In addition to accounts receivable, the City also recorded \$898,859 in amounts due from other governments at September 30, 2022.

(5) **Interfund Transfers:**

For the year ended September 30, 2022, individual fund transfers to and from other funds for the primary government were comprised of the following:

	Trans	sfer From	Trans	sfer To
Governmental Activities:				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
General Fund:				
Franchise Fee Fund		600,000		-
Economic Opportunity Fund		7,731		-
Fire Station Bond Series 2016 Fund		-		302,855
Fire Station Bond Series 2016 Fund:				
General Fund		302,855		
Franchise Fee Fund:				
General Fund		-		600,000
Economic Opportunity Fund:				
General Fund				7,731
Totals – All Funds	\$	910,586	\$	910,586

Transfers to the general fund were for designated allocations of committed revenues and transfers to debt service funds were to cover ongoing debt service requirements.

(6) **Capital Assets:**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 9,686,157	\$ 117,487	\$ -	\$ 9,803,644
Construction in progress	866,774	3,231,480	(942,126)	3,156,128
Total assets not being depreciated	10,552,931	3,348,967	(942,126)	12,959,772
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building	7,280,957	-	-	7,280,957
Machinery and Equipment	3,459,330	115,516	(1,740)	3,573,106
Infrastructure	35,903,078	764,954	-	36,668,032
Capital Leases			<u> </u>	
Total assets being depreciated	46,643,365	880,470	(1,740)	47,522,095
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(2,260,236)	(244,214)	-	(2,504,450)
Machinery and equipment	(2,502,200)	(308,325)	1,740	(2,808,785)
Infrastructure	(14,558,443)	(1,344,265)	-	(15,902,708)
Capital Leases				
Total accumulated depreciation	(19,320,879)	(1,896,804)	1,740	(21,215,943)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	27,322,486	(1,016,334)		26,306,152
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 37,875,417	\$ 2,332,633	\$ (942,126)	\$ 39,265,924

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General governmental	\$ 170,227
Public safety	216,032
Physical environment	952,770
Transportation	255,482
Culture and recreation	302,293
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,896,804

(7) **Long-Term Liabilities:**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	ф. 5.450.000	Φ.	ф. (1.010.000)	Ф. 4.440.000	Φ 067.000
Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences	\$ 5,450,000 245,523	248,943	\$ (1,010,000) (253,602)	\$ 4,440,000 240,864	\$ 965,000 36,130
Governmental activities – Total long-term liabilities	\$ 5,695,523	\$ 248,943	\$ (1,263,602)	\$ 4,680,864	\$ 1,001,130

(7) <u>Long-Term Liabilities:</u> (Continued)

Bonds and notes payable in the City's governmental activities at September 30, 2022, were comprised of the following obligations:

Series 2012 Stormwater Utility Assessment Refunding Revenue Note, dated December 16, 2012, interest at 2.33% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, and principal payable annually on December 1. The note is secured by the City's stormwater utility assessments and a covenant to budget and appropriate non-ad valorem revenues.	\$ 1,740,000
Series 2016 Water Line Assessment Revenue Bond, dated January 15, 2016, interest at 1.67% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1, principal payable annually on October 1. The bond is secured by the City's water line extension assessments and a covenant to budget and appropriate non-ad valorem revenues.	25,000
Series 2016 Fire Station Bond, dated April 27, 2016, interest at 1.64% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, principal payable annually on December 1. The bond is secured by the City's non-ad valorem revenues and a covenant to budget and appropriate non-ad valorem revenues.	298,000
Series 2021 Stormwater Utility Assessment Revenue Bond, dated June 1, 2021, principal and interest at 1.41% payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1. The bond is secured by the City's stormwater utility assessments and a pledge to budget and appropriate non-ad valorem revenues.	2,377,000
Total bonds and notes payable, governmental activities	\$ 4,440,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's governmental activities bonds and notes payable are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,]	Principal]	nterest	Total
2023	\$	965,000	\$	71,717	\$ 1,036,717
2024		656,000		56,855	712,855
2025		671,000		44,346	715,346
2026		680,000		31,599	711,599
2027		729,000		18,501	747,501
2028-2032		739,000		7,807	746,807
Total	\$	4,440,000	\$	230,825	\$ 4,670,825

(8) Commitments and Contingencies:

The City is engaged in various liability claims incidental to the conduct of its general government operations at September 30, 2022. The outcomes of established claims are included in these financial statements. In the opinion of the City's legal counsel, no legal proceedings are pending or threatened against the City which are not covered by applicable insurance which would inhibit its ability to perform its operations or materially affect its financial condition.

(9) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB):

Plan Description—The City of DeBary, Florida, Retiree Health Care Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that covers eligible retired employees of the City. The Plan is administered by the City and allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under one of the City's retirement plans to continue medical and life insurance coverage as a participant in the City's plan. Pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, the City is required to permit participation in the Plan to retirees and their eligible dependents at a cost to the retiree that is no greater than the cost at which coverage is available for active employees. Eligible individuals include all regular employees of the City who retire from active service under one of the pension plans sponsored by the City. Under certain conditions, eligible individuals also include spouses and dependent children. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Funding Policy—The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established by state statutes and may be amended by the state legislature. The required contribution is based on projected payas-you-go financing requirements and is subject to constant revision. The City has opted to not fund the total OPEB obligation or the resulting unfunded actuarial accrued liability on an annual basis. The City utilizes the General Fund to liquidate the liability for the OPEB obligation from previous years.

Benefits Provided—The Other Post Employment Benefit Plan is a single-employer benefit plan administered by the City. Retirees are charged whatever the insurance company charges for the type of coverage elected, however, the premiums charged by the insurance company are based on a blending of the experience among younger active employees and older retired employees. The older retirees actually have a higher cost which means the City is actually subsidizing the cost of the retiree coverage because it pays all or a significant portion of the premium on behalf of the active employee, known as the "implicit rate subsidy."

Plan Membership—At September 30, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, plan participation consisted of the following:

Active Employees	43
Inactive Employees	-
	43

Total OPEB Liability—The City's total OPEB liability of \$132,800 was measured as of September 30, 2021, one year prior to the current reporting period, and was determined by an actuarial valuation utilizing the alternative measurement method for small plans as of the date noted in the above Plan Membership section. No deferred outflows for contributions subsequent to the measurement date has been recorded as such amounts have been determined to be clearly inconsequential to the financial statements.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs—The total OPEB liability recorded at September 30, 2022, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.50%
Discount rate	2.43%
Healthcare cost trend rate	7.50% in 2022 grading down to 4.00% in 2075
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	100.00%

(9) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB):

The City does not have a dedicated Trust to pay retiree healthcare benefits. The discount rate was based on the September 30, 2021 S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices.

Mortality rates were based on the various PubG-2010 Mortality Table projected to the valuation date using MP-2019.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, changes in the total OPEB liability were as follows:

Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ 124,723
Changes for a year:	_
Service cost	15,355
Interest	2,944
Changes of assumptions	(5,116)
Benefit payments – implicit rate subsidy	 (5,106)
Net changes	 8,077
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 132,800

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 2.43%, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	Current										
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase						
Total OPEB Liability	\$	151,794	\$	132,800	\$	117,228					

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (6.00%, decreasing to 3.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%, decreasing to 5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (7.00%, decreasing to 4.00%):

	1%	Decrease	Current end Rates	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	113,999	\$ 132,800	\$	156,053	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$15,333.

At September 30, 2022, the City reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, as deferred outflows for contributions subsequent to the measurement date were deemed to be immaterial.

(10) Risk Management:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters, all of which is satisfactorily insured by general liability insurance. Commercial insurance policies are also obtained for other risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

(11) Retirement Plans:

A. Defined Contribution Plan – ICMA-RC IRC 401(a) Plan

The City contributes to the City of DeBary Governmental Money Purchase Plan and Trust (the Plan), a defined contribution retirement plan, for all regular full-time employees hired on or after October 1, 1994. The Plan is presently administered by Mission Square. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Plan are established and may be amended by the City Council. The Plan has no provision for providing benefits of past services. For each employee in the Plan, the City is required to contribute 10% of wages earned to an individual employee account. For the year ended September 30, 2022, actual employer contributions to the Plan totaled \$249,797.

All qualifying employees are eligible to participate in the Plan upon the date of employment. The "vested percentage" in an employee account attributable to employer contributions is based on vesting years of service. Employees will become 100% vested in City contributions and earnings on City contributions only after completion of 36 months of creditable service with the City. Employees will always, however, be 100% vested in these contributions if employed on or after their normal retirement age or if they die or become disabled. Non-vested City contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the plan's expenses. There were no unremitted amounts due to the Plan from the City at September 30, 2022.

B. Deferred Compensation Plan – ICMA-RC IRC 457(b) Plan

The City offers a deferred compensation plan, which provides for an IRC Section 457(b) deferred compensation plan for employee contributions. This Plan is presently administered by Mission Square to accommodate employee elective deferrals for employees covered in the City's defined contribution plan. Employees are permitted to make contributions to the plan, up to applicable Internal Revenue Code limits. For the year ended September 30, 2022, employee contributions totaled \$73,744.

All qualified employees at least 18 years of age become eligible to participate in the 457(b) plan upon hire. Employees voluntarily contribute to the plan. Employees immediately vest in the elective deferral contributions made to the Plan. The vested portions of the accounts or contributions to the plan are available to the participants upon termination of service, and following the deposit of all trailing contributions. There may be IRS penalties for early withdrawal or other restrictions.

(12) Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements that have effective dates that may impact future financial statements. Listed below are pronouncements with required implementation dates effective for fiscal years subsequent to September 30, 2022, that have not yet been implemented. Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following will have on the City's financial statements:

- (a) GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, in May 2020. GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The provisions in GASB 96 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.
- (b) GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, in June 2022. GASB 101 provides clarification for recognition and measurement of compensated absences liabilities. The provisions in GASB 101 are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

(13) **Subsequent Event:**

In October 2022, the City Commission approved the purchase of a parcel of land known as Alexander Island near Fort Florida Road for a purchase price of \$3,500,000, which was subsequently closed upon in February 2023. The City plans to use the land as a passive park and recreation zone.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues Taxes Permits, fees, and special assessments	\$ 9,788,267 938,000	\$ 9,788,267 1,338,000	\$ 10,017,863 1,329,335	\$ 229,596 (8,665)
Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous	2,849,886 203,000 17,000 110,438	2,912,111 203,000 17,000 361,690	2,796,102 280,338 98,243 718,942	(116,009) 77,338 81,243 357,252
Total revenues	13,906,591	14,620,068	15,240,823	620,755
Expenditures				
Current: General government:				
City Council	172,040	172,040	107,488	64,552
City Manager	703,885	722,709	672,424	50,285
Finance	432,486	432,486	430,090	2,396
Legal services	301,500	301,500	239,914	61,586
Planning and community development General government	452,943 676,504	480,413 716,504	329,110 351,963	151,303 364,541
Information technology	264,163	261,958	233,121	28,837
Public safety:				
Law enforcement	3,662,840	3,777,211	3,774,307	2,904
Fire safety	2,115,273	2,292,523	2,250,035	42,488
Development services	1,045,614	1,445,049	1,361,770	83,279
Emergency and disaster relief	2 201 500	154,700	87,243	67,457
Transportation Human services	2,281,599	3,169,581	2,557,658	611,923
Culture and recreation	138,503 2,179,386	138,503 2,247,816	81,005 1,633,405	57,498 614,411
Total expenditures	14,426,736	16,312,993	14,109,533	2,203,460
-	11,120,730	10,512,775	11,107,555	2,203,100
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(520,145)	(1,692,925)	1,131,290	2,824,215
Other financing sources (uses)	500.000			(2.50)
Transfers in	608,000	608,000	607,731	(269)
Transfers out	(302,855)	(302,855)	(302,855)	(2(0)
Total other financing sources (uses)	305,145	305,145	304,876	(269)
Net change in fund balances	(215,000)	(1,387,780)	1,436,166	2,823,946
Fund balances, beginning of year	11,469,674	11,469,674	11,469,674	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 11,254,674	\$ 10,081,894	\$ 12,905,840	\$ 2,823,946

See accompanying notes to schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds balance - budget and actual.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SOLID WASTE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 1,845,000	\$ 1,845,000	\$ 1,899,678 16,340	\$ 54,678 16,340
Total revenues	1,845,000	1,845,000	1,916,018	71,018
Expenditures Current:				
Physical environment	1,830,000	1,830,000	1,819,290	10,710
Total expenditures	1,830,000	1,830,000	1,819,290	10,710
Net change in fund balances	15,000	15,000	96,728	81,728
Fund balances, beginning of year	406,001	406,001	406,001	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 421,001	\$ 421,001	\$ 502,729	\$ 81,728

See accompanying notes to schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds balance - budget and actual.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STORMWATER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Permits, fees, and special assessments	\$ 1,850,000	\$ 1,850,000	\$ 1,890,773	\$ 40,773
Intergovernmental	-	476,909	466,665	(10,244)
Miscellaneous			7,783	7,783
Total revenues	1,850,000	2,326,909	2,365,221	38,312
Ermandituus				
Expenditures Current:				
Physical environment	877,372	1,077,372	985,636	91,736
Capital outlay	370,000	973,109	712,019	261,090
Debt service:	370,000	975,109	/12,019	201,090
Principal	633,000	633,000	633,000	_
Interest and fiscal charges	81,051	81,051	81,049	2
Total expenditures	1,961,423	2,764,532	2,411,704	352,828
	-,,	_,,,,,,,,	_,,, .	,
Net change in fund balances	(111,423)	(437,623)	(46,483)	391,140
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,910,542	1,910,542	1,910,542	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,799,119	\$ 1,472,919	\$ 1,864,059	\$ 391,140

See accompanying notes to schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds balance - budget and actual.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules:

The preparation, adoption and amendment of the budgets are governed by Florida Statutes. The department is the legal level of control. Budgets are prepared on a basis that does not differ materially from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Appropriations lapse at year-end. Budgeted excess expenditures over revenues are funded through transfers in and use of fund balance reserves. See note (1)(e) to the financial statements for further discussion of the City's budgetary process.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	15,355	\$	8,073	\$	7,276	\$	13,860	\$	13,522
Interest		2,944		2,745		2,679		2,556		1,816
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		3,350		-		(6,958)		-
Changes of assumptions		(5,116)		43,414		4,665		(7,038)		(3,619)
Benefit payments - implicit rate subsidy		(5,106)		(2,925)		(2,708)		(1,221)		(1,123)
Net change in total OPEB liability		8,077		54,657		11,912		1,199		10,596
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		124,723	_	70,066		58,154		56,955	_	46,359
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$	132,800	\$	124,723	\$	70,066	\$	58,154	\$	56,955
Covered payroll	\$	2,015,070	\$	1,965,922	\$	1,984,353	\$	1,936,539	\$	1,616,106
Total OPEB liabiltiy as a percentage of covered payroll		6.59%		6.34%		3.53%		3.00%		3.52%
Notes to Schedule:										
Measurement Date		9/30/2021		9/30/2020		9/30/2019		9/30/2018		9/30/2017
Valuation date:		9/30/2020		9/30/2020		9/30/2019		9/30/2018		9/30/2017
Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other changes reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:										
Discount rate		2.43%		2.14%		3.58%		4.18%		3.64%

^{*10} years of data will be presented as it becomes available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds									Debt Service Funds			Capital Project Fund									
·		Street Lighting		Orlandia eights NID		Tree eservation		anchise Fee	outhwest ctor MTF	In	Park npact Fee	F	Public Buildings npact Fee		Conomic oportunity	Ros	. Florida ad Assmt. Bond ries 2016		Bond Bord eries 2016		Florida Road provement	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other governments Total assets	\$	467,932 - - 467,932	\$	52,597 - - 52,597	\$	29,539 - - - 29,539		,406,283 82,984 - ,489,267	\$ 574,690 642 - 575,332	\$	452,579 506 - 453,085	\$	106,176 119 - 106,295	\$	154,645 - 3,855 158,500	\$	25,702 - - 25,702	\$	249,965 - - 249,965	\$	27,242 - - 27,242	3,547,350 84,251 3,855 3,635,456
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	33,163	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	76,058 76,058	\$ 2,989	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	12,164 12,164	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	-	\$ 112,210 12,164 124,374
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:																						
Street lighting		434,769		_		_		_	_		_		_		_		_		_		_	434,769
Orlandia Heights improvements		-		52,597		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	52,597
Public buildings impact fees		-		-		-		-	-		-		106,295		-		-		-		-	106,295
Southwest sector mobility fee		-		-		-		-	572,343		-		-		-		-		-		-	572,343
Park impact fees		-		-		-		-	-		453,085		-		-		-		-		-	453,085
Debt service		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		25,702		249,965		-	275,667
Committed to:																						
Franchise fees		-		-		-	1,	,413,209	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	1,413,209
Transportation		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		27,242	27,242
Economic opportunity		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		146,336		-		-		-	146,336
Tree preservation				-		29,539		-	 -		-		-		-				-			 29,539
Total fund balances		434,769		52,597		29,539	1,	,413,209	572,343		453,085		106,295		146,336		25,702		249,965		27,242	3,511,082
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	467,932	\$	52,597	\$	29,539	\$ 1,	,489,267	\$ 575,332	\$	453,085	\$	106,295	\$	158,500	\$	25,702	\$	249,965	\$	27,242	\$ 3,635,456

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds									vice Funds	Capital Project Fund	Total
	Street Lighting	Orlandia Heights NID	Tree Preservation	Franchise Fee	Southwest Sector MTF	Park Impact Fee	Public Buildings Impact Fee	Economic Opportunity	Ft. Florida Road Assmt. Bond Series 2016	Fire Station Bond Series 2016	Ft. Florida Road Improvement	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues					•							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 51,585	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 51,585
Permits, fees, and special assessments	512,746	114,117	10,000	980,804	510,906	149,517	52,517	-	74,753	-	-	2,395,360 10,000
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	-	-		-	47,036	1,690	385	-	-	-	-	49,111
Total revenues	512,746	114,117	10,000	980,804	557,942	151,207	52,902	51,585	74,753			
Total revenues	312,740	114,117	10,000	980,804	337,942	131,207	32,902	31,383	14,733			2,506,056
Expenditures Current:												
Physical environment	-	-	22,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,200
Transportation	443,231	167,170	-	198,764	125,751	-	-	-	-	-	-	934,916
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	73,382	-	-	-	-	-	-	73,382
Debt service:												
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84,000	293,000	-	377,000
Interest and fiscal charges									1,118	7,290		8,408
Total expenditures	443,231	167,170	22,200	198,764	199,133	-	-	-	85,118	300,290	-	1,415,906
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over												
Expenditures	69,515	(53,053)	(12,200)	782,040	358,809	151,207	52,902	51,585	(10,365)	(300,290)		1,090,150
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	302,855	_	302,855
Transfers out	_	_	_	(600,000)	_	_	_	(7,731)	_	302,633	_	(607,731)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(600,000)				(7,731)		302,855		(304,876)
Total other infancing sources (uses)	-	-	-	(000,000)	-	-	-	(7,731)	-	302,833	-	(304,870)
Net change in fund balances	69,515	(53,053)	(12,200)	182,040	358,809	151,207	52,902	43,854	(10,365)	2,565	-	785,274
Fund balances, beginning of year	365,254	105,650	41,739	1,231,169	213,534	301,878	53,393	102,482	36,067	247,400	27,242	2,725,808
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 434,769	\$ 52,597	\$ 29,539	\$ 1,413,209	\$ 572,343	\$ 453,085	\$ 106,295	\$ 146,336	\$ 25,702	\$ 249,965	\$ 27,242	\$ 3,511,082

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET LIGHTING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	 Budgete	d Am	ounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original		Final	Actual		egative)	
Revenues							
Permits, fees, and special assessments	\$ 504,380	\$	504,380	\$ 512,746	\$	8,366	
Total revenues	504,380		504,380	512,746		8,366	
Expenditures Current:							
Transportation	503,736		503,736	443,231		60,505	
Total expenditures	503,736		503,736	443,231		60,505	
Net change in fund balances	 644		644	 69,515		68,871	
Fund balances, beginning of year	365,254		365,254	365,254		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 365,898	\$	365,898	\$ 434,769	\$	68,871	

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ORLANDIA HEIGHTS NID FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Buc	dgeted Amo	unts		Fina	ance with I Budget - ositive	
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Permits, fees, and special assessments	\$ 112,5	75 \$	112,575	\$ 114,117	\$	1,542	
Total revenues	112,5	75	112,575	114,117		1,542	
Expenditures Current:	112,5	75	193,250	167,170		26,080	
Transportation Total expenditures	112,5		193,250	 167,170		26,080	
Total expenditures	112,3	13	193,230	107,170		20,000	
Net change in fund balances	-		(80,675)	(53,053)		27,622	
Fund balances, beginning of year	105,6	50	105,650	105,650		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 105,6	50 \$	24,975	\$ 52,597	\$	27,622	

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TREE PRESERVATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgete	d Amo	ounts		Final	ance with Budget -
	Original	Final		 Actual		ositive egative)
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000		-
Total revenues	10,000		10,000	10,000		-
Expenditures Current:						
Physical environment	20,000		30,000	22,200		7,800
Total expenditures	20,000		30,000	22,200		7,800
Net change in fund balances	(10,000)		(20,000)	(12,200)		7,800
Fund balances, beginning of year	41,739		41,739	41,739		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 31,739	\$	21,739	\$ 29,539	\$	7,800

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FRANCHISE FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Permits, fees, and special assessments	\$ 820,000	\$ 820,000	\$ 980,804	\$ 160,804
Total revenues	820,000	820,000	980,804	160,804
Expenditures				
Current:				
Transportation	219,000	219,000	198,764	20,236
Total expenditures	219,000	219,000	198,764	20,236
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	601,000	601,000	782,040	181,040
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out	(600,000)	(600,000)	(600,000)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	(600,000)	(600,000)	(600,000)	-
Net change in fund balances	1,000	1,000	182,040	181,040
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,231,169	1,231,169	1,231,169	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,232,169	\$ 1,232,169	\$ 1,413,209	\$ 181,040

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SOUTHWEST SECTOR MTF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Budgete	d Am	ounts			Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive	
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues		_							
Permits, fees, and special assessments	\$	200,000	\$	300,000	\$	510,906	\$	210,906	
Miscellaneous		50		50		47,036		46,986	
Total revenues		200,050		300,050		557,942		257,892	
Expenditures Current: Transportation Capital outlay Total expenditures		300,000		300,000 200,000 500,000		125,751 73,382 199,133		174,249 126,618 300,867	
Net change in fund balances		(99,950)		(199,950)		358,809		558,759	
Fund balances, beginning of year		213,534		213,534		213,534		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	113,584	\$	13,584	\$	572,343	\$	558,759	

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARK IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts									
	Original			Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)			
Revenues										
Permits, fees, and special assessments Miscellaneous	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	149,517 1,690	\$	49,517 1,690		
Total revenues		100,000		100,000		151,207		51,207		
Expenditures Current:										
Culture and recreation		100,000		100,000		_		100,000		
Total expenditures		100,000		100,000		-		100,000		
Net change in fund balances		-		-		151,207		151,207		
Fund balances, beginning of year		301,878		301,878		301,878		-		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	301,878	\$	301,878	\$	453,085	\$	151,207		

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PUBLIC BUILDINGS IMPACT FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	 Budgete	d Amo	unts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Permits, fees, and special assessments Miscellaneous	\$ 45,000	\$	45,000	\$ 52,517 385	\$	7,517 385	
Total revenues	45,000		45,000	52,902		7,902	
Expenditures							
Capital outlay	40,000		40,000	-		40,000	
Total expenditures	40,000		40,000	-		40,000	
Net change in fund balances	5,000		5,000	 52,902		47,902	
Fund balances, beginning of year	53,393		53,393	53,393		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 58,393	\$	58,393	\$ 106,295	\$	47,902	

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Budgeted	d Amo	ounts		Fina	ance with l Budget - ositive
	(Original		Final	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	53,333	\$	53,333	\$ 51,585	\$	(1,748)
Total revenues		53,333		53,333	 51,585		(1,748)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Economic environment		60,000		60,000	_		60,000
Total expenditures		60,000		60,000	-		60,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		(6,667)		(6,667)	51,585		58,252
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers out		(8,000)		(8,000)	 (7,731)		269
Total other financing sources (uses)		(8,000)		(8,000)	(7,731)		269
Net change in fund balances		(14,667)		(14,667)	 43,854		58,521
Fund balances, beginning of year		102,482		102,482	102,482		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	87,815	\$	87,815	\$ 146,336	\$	58,521

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FT. FLORIDA ROAD ASSMNT. BOND SERIES 2016 FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Budgete	d Amo	ounts		Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original			Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues							
Permits, fees, and special assessments	\$	74,600	\$	74,600	\$ 74,753	\$	153
Total revenues		74,600		74,600	74,753		153
Expenditures							
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		84,000		84,000	84,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,119		1,119	1,118		1
Total expenditures		85,119		85,119	85,118		1
Net change in fund balances		(10,519)		(10,519)	(10,365)		154
Fund balances, beginning of year		36,067		36,067	36,067		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	25,548	\$	25,548	\$ 25,702	\$	154

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FIRE STATION BOND SERIES 2016 FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Permits, fees, and special assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues				
Expenditures				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	293,000	293,000	293,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	7,290	7,290	7,290	
Total expenditures	300,290	300,290	300,290	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(300,290)	(300,290)	(300,290)	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	302,855	302,855	302,855	
Total other financing sources (uses)	302,855	302,855	302,855	-
Net change in fund balances	2,565	2,565	2,565	-
Fund balances, beginning of year	247,400	247,400	247,400	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 249,965	\$ 249,965	\$ 249,965	\$ -

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FT. FLORIDA ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Budgetee	d Amo	unts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
)riginal		Final	 Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues Permits, fees, and special assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-	
Total revenues		-		-	-		-	
Expenditures								
Capital outlay		10,000		27,242	-		27,242	
Total expenditures		10,000		27,242	-		27,242	
Net change in fund balances		(10,000)		(27,242)	 -		27,242	
Fund balances, beginning of year		27,242		27,242	27,242		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	17,242	\$	-	\$ 27,242	\$	27,242	

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ARPA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Variance with Final Budget -		
_	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 5,335,343	\$ 10,670,687	\$ 10,000,000	\$ (670,687)
Total revenues	5,335,343	10,670,687	10,000,000	(670,687)
Expenditures Current:		10.000	0.020	071
General government Capital outlay	2,010,000	10,000 3,288,494	9,029 1,024,737	971 2,263,757
Total expenditures	2,010,000	3,298,494	1,033,766	2,264,728
Net change in fund balances	3,325,343	7,372,193	8,966,234	1,594,041
Fund balances, beginning of year	-	-	-	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,325,343	\$ 7,372,193	\$ 8,966,234	\$ 1,594,041

Statistical Section

This part of the City of DeBary, Florida's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents

<u>Pa</u>	age
Financial Trends	. 65
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	. 69
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's local revenue sources and property taxes.	
Debt Capacity	73
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information.	. 80
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	. 82
These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports or City financial statements for the relevant year.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 Primary Government: 31,571,498 \$31,107,209 \$29,241,643 \$27,879,883 \$28,261,689 \$25,270,354 \$23,784,552 1,697,284 422,119 Restricted..... 2,511,564 693,980 300,729 235,185 392,771 171,955 291,792 183,948 Unrestricted 24,838,208 14,485,974 13,055,727 10,935,174 10,479,322 11,366,283 12,013,709 9,861,727 12,074,537 12,282,872 Total primary government net position. \$62,175,696 \$48,608,675 \$45,638,932 \$42,928,791 \$41,887,260 \$40,843,111 \$40,286,363 \$38,295,371 \$37,636,683 \$36,251,372

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CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual basis of accounting)

(Accounting)	Fiscal Year									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Expenses:										
Ĝovernmental Activities:										
General government.	\$ 2,490,512	\$ 2,424,276	\$ 2,520,920	\$ 2,219,497	\$ 2,154,233	\$ 2,161,623	\$ 2,276,020	\$ 1,423,589	\$ 2,319,210	\$ 1,979,123
Public safety	7,557,188	7,058,685	6,560,966	6,545,678	7,263,473	6,342,770	5,261,969	4,985,409	4,561,691	4,546,550
Physical environment	3,780,358	3,565,678	3,402,332	3,316,911	3,203,972	3,035,463	2,630,591	2,689,103	2,154,405	2,145,456
Transportation	2,587,942	1,891,043	2,089,459	1,896,090	1,883,927	1,865,000	1,403,228	1,999,673	1,386,190	1,828,992
Economic environment		57,000	-	21,256	59,992	5,000	13,000	10,000	55,920	10,000
Human services.		91,931	74,428		, -	· -	, _	_	_	
Culture/recreation	1,779,374	1,605,729	1,415,973	1,457,707	1,459,992	1,313,339	1,180,629	1,069,947	729,388	705,300
Interest on long-term debt		106,354	127,035	145,097	163,892	238,859	267,697	262,987	293,206	418,288
Total primary government expenses	18,359,563	16,800,696	16,191,113	15,676,062	16,189,481	14,962,054	_13,033,134	12,440,708	11,500,010	11,633,709
Program Revenues:										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General government		95,122	114,570	124,280	78,740	56,241	68,570	66,159	61,486	32,065
Public safety	1,416,720	1,274,445	847,889	1,063,798	746,603	641,893	541,231	401,415	311,503	425,488
Physical environment	3,876,404	3,923,767	3,781,471	3,687,512	3,467,994	3,430,291	4,008,928	2,297,204	2,255,588	2,197,516
Transportation	665,148	656,503	596,072	598,413	599,322	580,209	555,669	513,703	497,457	469,986
Culture/recreation	160,461	135,131	77,048	127,284	118,289	105,577	100,507	99,974	88,562	120,965
Operating grants and contributions	10,561,997	753,702	1,099,909	657,627	2,044,587	1,412,635	589,065	564,356	539,110	256,522
Capital grants and contributions	1,489,799	754,935	305,420	242,033	574,292	225,899	214,478	543,236	393,039	1,360,910
Total primary government program revenues	18,256,533	7,593,605	6,822,379	6,500,947	7,629,827	6,452,745	6,078,448	4,486,047	4,146,745	4,863,452
Not (Evnança)/Payanya										
Net (Expense)/Revenue: Total primary government net expense	\$ (103,030)	\$ (9,207,091)	\$ (9,368,734)	\$ (9,175,115)	\$ (8,559,654)	\$ (8,509,309)	\$ (6,954,686)	\$ (7,954,661)	\$ (7,353,265)	\$ (6,770,257)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position: Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	6,912,498	6,459,025	6,743,084	4,729,291	4,669,473	4,545,727	4,390,406	4,265,131	4,233,130	4,094,120
Sales taxes		1,357,000	1,151,473	1,192,997	1,168,530	1,114,166	1,069,397	998,848	934,388	887,273
Public service taxes		2,501,282	2,397,803	2,236,055	2,090,718	2,005,900	2,107,468	2,073,965	2,103,005	2,044,387
Other taxes		52,493	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	42,201
Franchise fees.		963,643	927,427	906,133	833,841	766,589	783,943	806,328	777,518	731,038
State revenue sharing.		743,275	577,458	495,417	465,548	440,227	390,511	361,921	436,520	399,005
Other intergovernmental revenues.	,		23,077	98,552	24,027	25,043	24,561	27,410	22,851	24,173
Investment earnings		27,788	69,305	152,195	118,881	68,288	37,409	31,862	532	31,796
Miscellaneous revenue		72,328	189,245	406,006	232,785	100,117	141,983	47,884	230,632	236,603
Total primary government	13,670,051	12,176,834	12,078,872	10,216,646	9,603,803	9,066,057	8,945,678	8,613,349	8,738,576	8,490,596
Changes in Net Position:										
Total primary government	\$ 13,567,021	\$ 2,969,743	\$ 2,710,138	<u>\$ 1,041,531</u>	\$ 1,044,149	<u>\$ 556,748</u>	\$ 1,990,992	\$ 658,688	\$ 1,385,311	\$ 1,720,339

Table 3

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

<u> </u>					Fiscal	Year				
-	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund:										
Nonspendable \$	925	\$ 23,856	\$ 105,553	\$ 92,422	\$ 94,733	\$ 24,755	\$ 112,409	\$ 106,752	\$ 102,372	\$ 2,472,392
Restricted	643,316	411,925	142,246	161,384	246,299	171,686	285,965	129,471	146,120	61,994
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	1,420,000	1,250,000	528,709	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	10,841,599	9,783,893	8,319,554	6,626,289	6,085,854	5,992,708	6,085,058	5,545,057	6,383,193	5,943,310
Total general fund §	12,905,840	<u>\$ 11,469,674</u>	\$ 9,096,062	\$ 6,880,095	\$ 6,426,886	\$ 6,189,149	\$ 6,483,432	\$ 5,781,280	\$ 6,631,685	<u>\$ 8,477,696</u>
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Nonspendable\$	-	\$ 15,839	\$ 14,381	\$ 12,022	\$ 9,115	\$ 4,440	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,149
Restricted	1,894,756	1,318,140	551,734	603,987	465,805	426,018	1,585,988	42,484	145,672	121,954
Committed	2,119,055	1,808,633	1,598,476	1,404,634	1,282,109	2,561,123	2,773,731	3,827,510	5,260,774	3,516,089
Assigned	10,830,293	1,899,739	2,283,411	978,409	933,769	1,354,540	1,177,579	595,744	529,231	627,716
Unassigned										
Total all other governmental funds §	14,844,104	\$ 5,042,351	\$ 4,448,002	\$ 2,999,052	\$ 2,690,798	<u>\$ 4,346,121</u>	\$ 5,537,298	\$ 4,465,738	\$ 5,935,677	\$ 4,269,908
Total governmental funds §	27,749,944	\$ 16,512,025	\$ 13,544,064	\$ 9,879,147	\$ 9,117,684	\$ 10,535,270	\$ 12,020,730	\$ 10,247,018	\$ 12,567,362	\$ 12,747,604

Table 4

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenue:										
Taxes	\$ 10.069.448	\$ 9,553,847	\$ 9,732,707	\$ 7,555,879	\$ 7,352,922	\$ 7,131,517	\$ 7,052,784	\$ 6,852,659	\$ 6,836,267	\$ 6,647,256
Permits, fees and special assessments		5,570,733	4,613,270	4,673,389	4,162,687	3,942,999	3,851,390	2,496,319	2,332,618	2,412,637
Intergovernmental	, ,	2,541,347	3,583,326	2,141,529	3,035,369	1,873,641	1,755,924	2,011,155	1,863,557	2,480,259
Charges for services	2,180,016	2,132,040	1,941,305	1,966,185	1,678,521	1,639,697	1,617,776	1,592,565	1,556,502	1,502,410
Fines and forfeitures		28,724	16,975	11,539	15,006	12,449	20,085	64,891	52,170	50,808
Miscellaneous		377,252	429,972	558,200	351,666	223,288	124,509	79,747	249,142	279,603
Wiscenancous	172,170	311,232	42),)12	330,200	331,000	223,200	124,307	17,141	247,142	277,003
Total revenue	32,028,118	20,203,943	20,317,555	16,906,721	16,596,171	14,823,591	14,422,468	13,097,336	12,890,256	13,372,973
Expenditures:										
General government	2,313,454	2,203,270	2,341,992	2,133,415	1,980,542	2,474,452	2,411,892	3,431,116	2,664,379	2,190,618
Public safety	7,346,231	6,839,678	6,350,397	6,678,918	7,027,815	6,253,503	5,158,539	4,909,347	4,969,023	4,498,691
Physical environment	2,827,126	2,617,096	2,482,468	3,070,262	2,922,028	2,429,697	1,879,297	1,993,670	1,663,221	1,584,591
Transportation		1,624,825	1,837,441	1,711,580	1,774,349	1,619,463	1,156,847	1,753,966	1,137,249	1,565,221
Economic environment		57,000	· · · · -	21,256	1,181,901	5,000	551,632	10,000	55,920	10,000
Human services	81,005	91,931	74,428	73,826		´ -	´ -		´ -	, <u>-</u>
Culture/recreation	1,476,738	1,267,482	1.106,445	1,295,223	2,009,903	1.121.649	960,139	839,343	791,883	833,451
Capital outlay	3,287,311	1,470,004	1,362,230	-,	12,486	1,414,295	2,246,444	1,303,494	599,147	796,185
Debt Service:	2,227,622	-,.,.,	-,,		,	-,,	_,,	-,,	,	,
Principal retirement	1,010,000	3,636,000	964,005	1,009,084	934,836	4,715,386	461,575	901,715	884,754	812,868
Interest and fiscal charges	89,457	114,996	133,232	151,694	169,897	275,606	257,391	275,029	304,922	364,373
Total expenditures	20,790,199	19,922,282	16,652,638	16,145,258	18,013,757	20,309,051	15,083,756	15,417,680	13,070,498	12,655,998
Excess of revenue over										
(under) expenditures	11,237,919	281,661	3,664,917	761,463	(1,417,586)	(5,485,460)	(661,288)	(2,320,344)	(180,242)	716,975
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Revenue bonds issued	-	2,685,000	-	_	-	4,000,000	2,435,000	_	_	4,400,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,300	-	_	_			_	_	, , , <u>-</u>
Transfers in		1,361,691	2,533,976	1,344,344	2,476,664	1,270,796	1,290,388	2,835,278	3,197,147	964,391
Transfers out		(1,361,691)	(2,533,976)	(1,344,344)	(2,476,664)	(1,270,796)	(1,290,388)	(2,835,278)	(3,197,147)	(964,391)
Payment to refunded bond escrow										(4,400,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,686,300				4,000,000	2,435,000			
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ 11,237,919</u>	\$ 2,967,961	\$ 3,664,917	<u>\$ 761,463</u>	\$ (1,417,586)	\$ (1,485,460)	\$ 1,773,712	\$ (2,320,344)	\$ (180,242)	<u>\$ 716,975</u>
Debt service as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures	6.3%	20.3%	8.0%	<u>7.8%</u>	<u>7.3%</u>	<u>5.5%</u>	6.0%	9.9%	10.7%	10.7%

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 5

Fiscal Year	Tax Year			ssessed Value	Total	•	Less:	Total	Total Direct
Ended	Ended	Real	1 a	Assessed	Assessed		Exempt Exempt	Taxable	Tax
09/30	12/31	Property		Property	Value		Amounts	Value ¹	Rate ¹
2013	2012	\$ 1,028,188,527	\$	670,760,234	\$ 1,698,948,761	\$	322,044,235	\$ 1,376,904,526	3.0935
2014	2013	\$ 1,036,669,930	\$	718,728,182	\$ 1,755,398,112	\$	320,192,801	\$ 1,435,205,311	3.0550
2015	2014	\$ 1,093,388,727	\$	743,028,825	\$ 1,836,417,552	\$	324,263,413	\$ 1,512,154,139	2.9247
2016	2015	\$ 1,139,447,404	\$	749,503,036	\$ 1,888,950,440	\$	330,125,500	\$ 1,558,824,940	2.9247
2017	2016	\$ 1,199,176,131	\$	754,062,856	\$ 1,953,238,987	\$	339,524,562	\$ 1,613,714,425	2.9247
2018	2017	\$ 1,284,585,222	\$	727,281,020	\$ 2,011,866,242	\$	356,772,150	\$ 1,655,094,092	2.9247
2019	2018	\$ 1,382,297,244	\$	846,883,825	\$ 2,229,181,069	\$	369,598,469	\$ 1,859,582,600	2.6323
2020	2019	\$ 1,484,833,679	\$	900,231,296	\$ 2,385,064,975	\$	385,521,865	\$ 1,999,543,110	3.5000
2021	2020	\$ 1,609,075,033	\$	1,093,487,154	\$ 2,702,562,187	\$	407,509,393	\$ 2,295,052,794	2.9247
2022	2021	\$ 1,750,579,005	\$	1,198,623,691	\$ 2,949,202,696	\$	492,338,197	\$ 2,456,864,499	2.9247

Source: Property Appraiser, Volusia County, Florida Final Post VAB Values Grouped by Property Classification Report

Final Millage Rates Report

Note: ¹Property in the City of DeBary is reassessed each year by the Volusia County Property Appraiser. Property is assessed at actual value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of taxable value.

Table 6

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			T 7 1 '	Volusia	Volusia	St. Johns	Florida	West	Total-
Fiscal	Tax		Volusia County-	County- Voter	County- School	Water Management	Inland Navigation	Volusia Hospital	All Taxing
Year	Year	DeBary	Operating	Approved	District	District	District	Authority	Districts
2013	2012	3.0935	6.4809	0.4000	7.8880	0.3313	0.0345	2.4666	20.6948
2014	2013	3.0550	6.8709	0.4000	7.3580	0.3283	0.0345	2.3759	20.4226
2015	2014	2.9247	6.8709	0.4000	7.3360	0.3164	0.0345	1.9237	19.8062
2016	2015	2.9247	6.8709	0.4000	7.1970	0.3023	0.0320	1.6679	19.3948
2017	2016	2.9247	6.6520	0.4000	6.8480	0.2885	0.0320	1.5900	18.7352
2018	2017	2.9247	6.6520	0.4000	6.5200	0.2724	0.0320	2.3660	19.1671
2019	2018	2.6323	6.2464	0.4000	6.2810	0.2562	0.0320	2.1751	18.0230
2020	2019	3.5000	6.1420	0.4000	6.0810	0.2414	0.0320	1.9080	18.3044
2021	2020	2.9247	5.9674	0.1835	5.9070	0.2287	0.0320	1.5035	16.7468
2022	2021	2.9247	5.8986	0.4000	5.8020	0.2189	0.0320	1.4073	16.6835

Source: Property Appraiser, Volusia County, Florida

Note: Tax millage rates are per \$1,000 of taxable value.

	Sept	tember 30, 20)22	September 30, 2013					
Taxpayer	Taxable Value	Rank	Percent to Total Taxable Value	Assessed Taxable Value	Rank	Percent to Total Taxable Value			
FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT	\$ 980,158,463	1	39.88%	\$ 564,164,702	1	40.97%			
DUKE ENERGY FLORIDA	116,869,086	2	4.76%	-	-	-			
INTEGRA 289 EXCHANGE LP	30,069,035	3	1.22%	-	-	-			
SUN KINGS LAKE LLC	7,872,378	4	0.32%	4,323,519	3	0.31%			
IH6 PROPERTY FLORIDA LP	7,497,184	5	0.31%	-	-	-			
LEGACY HCE LLC	6,739,158	6	0.27%	-	-	-			
BAUERLE DONALD C SR TR	4,570,407	7	0.19%	3,603,303	6	0.26%			
DEBARY NNN LLC	4,550,445	8	0.19%	-	-	-			
DEBARY-STAFFORD ASSOC	4,233,171	9	0.17%	2,150,382	9	0.16%			
HYDERY SPRINGVIEW LLC	4,184,986	10	0.17%	-	-	-			
SPRINGVIEW COMMERCIAL CENTER				4,091,162	4	0.30%			
DEBARY MHP LLC				3,509,442	7	0.25%			
FLORIDA POWER CORP				90,544,780	2	6.58%			
SOVRAN ACQUISITION LTD				2,138,933	10	0.16%			
TD BANK NA				3,692,442	5	0.27%			
TRADERSCOVE CORP				2,271,377	8	0.16%			
TOTAL ALL OTHERS	1,290,860,241		52.53%	696,414,484		50.58%			
TOTAL TAXABLE VALUES	\$ 2,457,604,554		100.00%	\$ 1,376,904,526		100.00%			

Source: Property Appraiser, Volusia County, Florida Explanation of Just and Taxable Values and Top Ten Taxpayers by Taxing Final Post VAB Values Grouped by Property Classification Report

Fiscal	Taxes	Collected with Fiscal Year of the			Total Collections	s to Date
Year Ended	Levied For		Percent of	Delinquent Tax		Percent of
9/30	Year	Amount	Levy	Collections	Amount	Levy
2013	\$ 4,259,454	\$ 4,019,565	94.37%	\$ 91,838	\$ 4,111,403	96.52%
2014	\$ 4,384,552	\$ 4,174,282	95.20%	\$ 64,633	\$ 4,238,915	96.68%
2015	\$ 4,422,597	\$ 4,203,632	95.05%	\$ 59,743	\$ 4,263,375	96.40%
2016	\$ 4,559,095	\$ 4,341,467	95.23%	\$ 51,901	\$ 4,393,368	96.36%
2017	\$ 4,719,631	\$ 4,494,901	95.24%	\$ 52,067	\$ 4,546,968	96.34%
2018	\$ 4,840,654	\$ 4,578,643	94.59%	\$ 58,232	\$ 4,636,875	95.79%
2019	\$ 4,894,979	\$ 4,663,733	95.28%	\$ 59,200	\$ 4,722,933	96.49%
2020	\$ 6,998,401	\$ 6,673,338	95.36%	\$ 66,728	\$ 6,740,066	96.31%
2021	\$ 6,712,341	\$ 6,397,106	95.30%	\$ 61,410	\$ 6,458,516	96.22%
2022	\$ 7,185,592	\$ 6,866,752	95.56%	\$ 45,714	\$ 6,912,466	96.20%

Source: Finance Department, City of DeBary, Florida Source: Property Appraiser, Volusia County, Florida Source: Volusia County Tax Collector, Volusia County, Florida

Certification of Final Taxable Value DR-422

Note: The County Tax Collector is responsible for collecting and remitting all property taxes. Tax collections are stated net of early payment discounts ranging from 1% to 4% based on the date of taxpayer payments. Actual tax collections received in each fiscal year are from the prior year's tax levy (i.e. 2022 fiscal year collections are from the 2021 tax levy) and reported in the year used for revenue recognition.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 9

Fiscal			Governmen	tal A	Activities			Percent		
Year			Fire		Other		Total	of		
Ended	S	tormwater	Station		Notes/		Primary	Personal		Per
September 30		Notes	Note	Ca	pital Leases	(Government	Income		Capita
2013	\$	9,720,000	\$ -	\$	101,468	\$	9,821,468	1.43%	\$	507
2014	\$	8,885,000	\$ -	\$	51,714	\$	8,936,714	1.22%	\$	451
2015	\$	8,035,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	8,035,000	1.05%	\$	402
2016	\$	7,575,000	\$ 1,880,000	\$	562,780	\$	10,017,780	1.25%	\$	495
2017	\$	7,088,000	\$ 1,718,000	\$	503,218	\$	9,309,218	1.11%	\$	456
2018	\$	6,511,000	\$ 1,443,000	\$	420,382	\$	8,374,382	0.94%	\$	403
2019	\$	5,925,000	\$ 1,164,000	\$	276,298	\$	7,365,298	0.78%	\$	348
2020	\$	5,329,000	\$ 880,000	\$	192,293	\$	6,401,293	0.63%	\$	291
2021	\$	4,750,000	\$ 591,000	\$	109,000	\$	5,450,000	0.45%	\$	237
2022	\$	4,117,000	\$ 298,000	\$	25,000	\$	4,440,000	0.36%	\$	190

Source:

Volusia County Average Per Capita Income multiplied by DeBary population Population - U.S. Census Bureau

Note: Details concerning the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Principal amounts are stated at par and do not include unamortized premiums, discounts or issue costs.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 10

The City of DeBary, Florida has no general obligation bonded debt.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Table 11

(In Thousands)

Governmental Unit	Principal Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Overlapping:: Volusia County	\$ 94,233	5.75%	\$ 5,420		
Direct: City of DeBary	4,440	100.00%	4,440		
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 9,860		

Source: Taxable valuation data used to estimate applicable percentage provided by Volusia County Property Appraiser. Debt outstanding data provided by each government unit.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 12

The Constitution of the State of Florida, Florida Statute 200.181, and the Charter of the City of DeBary, Florida set no legal debt margin.

Table 13A

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

Stormwater Assessment Debt

Fiscal Year			Less	Net	Debt S	ervi	ce	Total	
Ended		Gross	Operating	Available	Dears	C1 V		Debt	Coverage
			_		D : 1		.		_
9/30	K	levenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal		Interest	Service	Ratio
2013	\$	1,075	\$ 221	\$ 854	\$ 390	\$	323	\$ 713	1.20
2014	\$	855	\$ 265	\$ 590	\$ 445	\$	279	\$ 724	0.81
2015	\$	870	\$ 588	\$ 282	\$ 450	\$	266	\$ 716	0.39
2016	\$	1,985	\$ 573	\$ 1,412	\$ 460	\$	252	\$ 712	1.98
2017	\$	1,984	\$ 942	\$ 1,042	\$ 487	\$	194	\$ 681	1.53
2018	\$	2,007	\$ 1,412	\$ 595	\$ 577	\$	136	\$ 713	0.83
2019	\$	2,043	\$ 1,527	\$ 516	\$ 586	\$	124	\$ 710	0.73
2020	\$	3,428	\$ 1,421	\$ 2,007	\$ 596	\$	113	\$ 709	2.83
2021	\$	2,146	\$ 1,592	\$ 554	\$ 616	\$	100	\$ 716	0.77
2022	\$	2,365	\$ 1,697	\$ 668	\$ 633	\$	81	\$ 714	0.94

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

Water Line Assessment Debt

Table 13B

Fiscal Year			Less	Net	Debt S	Serv	ice	Total	
Ended	[Gross	Operating	Available	Duin ain al		Tutanast	Debt	Coverage
9/30		Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal		Interest	Service	Ratio
2013	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	0.00
2014	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	0.00
2015	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	0.00
2016	\$	77	\$ -	\$ 77	\$ -	\$	2	\$ 2	38.50
2017	\$	75	\$ -	\$ 75	\$ 63	\$	9	\$ 72	1.04
2018	\$	136	\$ -	\$ 136	\$ 79	\$	8	\$ 87	1.56
2019	\$	76	\$ -	\$ 76	\$ 140	\$	6	\$ 146	0.52
2020	\$	75	\$ -	\$ 75	\$ 81	\$	4	\$ 85	0.88
2021	\$	75	\$ -	\$ 75	\$ 83	\$	3	\$ 86	0.87
2022	\$	75	\$ -	\$ 75	\$ 84	\$	1	\$ 85	0.88

Table 13C

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands)

Fire Station Debt

Fiscal Year			Less	Net	Debt S	Serv	ice	Total	
Ended		Gross	Operating	Available				Debt	Coverage
9/30	Re	evenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal		Interest	Service	Ratio
2013	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	-
2014	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	-
2015	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	-
2016	\$	131	\$ -	\$ 131	\$ -	\$	3	\$ 3	43.67
2017	\$	302	\$ -	\$ 302	\$ 162	\$	30	\$ 192	1.57
2018	\$	346	\$ -	\$ 346	\$ 275	\$	26	\$ 301	1.15
2019	\$	303	\$ -	\$ 303	\$ 279	\$	21	\$ 300	1.01
2020	\$	260	\$ -	\$ 260	\$ 284	\$	17	\$ 301	0.86
2021	\$	303	\$ -	\$ 303	\$ 289	\$	12	\$ 301	1.01
2022	\$	303	\$ -	\$ 303	\$ 293	\$	7	\$ 300	1.01

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Table 14

Fiscal		Volusia County									
Year			Personal	Pe	er Capita		_				
Ended	DeBary		Income	F	Personal	Median	Unemployment				
September 30	Population ¹	(in	thousands) ²	I	ncome ³	Age ³	Rate ⁴				
2013	19,363	\$	17,725,195	\$	35,523	46.0	8.6%				
2014	19,802	\$	18,649,541	\$	37,014	46.0	7.1%				
2015	20,002	\$	19,543,752	\$	38,284	46.:	5 6.0%				
2016	20,242	\$	20,407,207	\$	39,441	47.0	5.0%				
2017	20,434	\$	21,502,524	\$	41,082	46.8	8 4.7%				
2018	20,774	\$	22,756,538	\$	42,851	46.3	3.8%				
2019	21,176	\$	23,935,624	\$	44,427	46.0	3.6%				
2020	21,973	\$	25,635,052	\$	46,475	47.0	0 6.8%				
2021	23,014	\$	29,413,813	\$	52,337	46.5	5.2%				
2022	23,336	\$	30,338,574	\$	52,964	46.5	5 2.8%				

Sources:

¹University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business Research

²2010-2015 U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis for Volusia County, FL

³Volusia County, FL ACFR, estimates for FY2022

⁴U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics for Volusia County, FL

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND TEN YEARS AGO

Table 15

	Se	ptember 30, 20		September 30, 2013				
Employer	Total Employees	Rank	Percent to Total City Labor Force	Total Employees	Rank	Percent to Total City Labor Force		
Walmart	127	1	2.57%	-	-	-		
Winn Dixie	93	2	1.88%	93	1	2.09%		
Florida Power	72	3	1.46%	72	2	1.62%		
Servello & Son	68	4	1.38%	68	3	1.53%		
DBK Inc	68	5	1.38%	46	6	1.04%		
Herzog Technologies	60	6	1.22%	60	5	1.35%		
Swamp House	55	7	1.11%	-	-	-		
Dave's Fence	48	8	0.97%	41	10	0.92%		
Cornerstone Fabrication	47	9	0.95%	45	7	1.01%		
Residential Building Supply	47	10	0.95%	42	8	0.95%		
Florida Public Utilities	-	-	-	65	4	1.46%		
Reading Edge Academy	_	-	-	42	9	0.95%		
Total	685		13.88%	574		12.92%		
Estimated Civilian Labor Force	4,936			4,442				

Source: For FY 2022 Data-Axle Omaha, NE 2023 ed.1

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Full-Time Eq	uivalent Employ	ees at Septemb	er 30,			
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Government:										
City Council	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
City Manager	3.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Finance	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.0
Growth Manangement	3.2	5.0	4.7	3.7	4.7	4.7	3.7	1.3	1.3	1.3
Communications	2.0	2.0	1.0	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
Human Resources	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-
Information Technology	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-
General Government: - Other	-	-	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.5	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0
Public Safety:										
Police (Contracted)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire (Contracted)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protective Inspection (Partially Contracted) .	0.6	0.3	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_
Code Enforcement	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7
Transportation:										
Right of Way	8.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	7.0	7.0	6.0
Physical Environment:										
Stormwater	6.9	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	-	-	=
Culture/Recreation:										
Recreation	11.6	11.6	10.6	10.4	10.4	10.2	10.2	9.9	9.9	9.0
Total (Excluding City Council)	44.2	43.2	42.2	41.0	40.0	39.0	37.4	28.9	28.9	26.0

_	Fiscal Year									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Police:										
UCR Part 1 Index Crime	142	176	181	170	228	256	351	330	295	384
Annual UCR Index Crime Rate	608.50	764.75	823.74	802.80	1,097.53	1,252.81	1,734.02	1,649.84	1,489.75	1,983.16
UCR Clearance Rate	53.7%	47.2%	47.5%	39.4%	37.2%	33.2%	28.2%	33.9%	28.8%	32.5%
RMS Arrests - Misdemeanor	172	177	155	167	174	326	340	400	499	605
RMS Arrests - Felony	190	180	159	177	157	138	154	158	179	220
Calls for Service	26,252	25,803	27,964	26,124	17,520	19,638	19,426	19,433	20,359	21,545
Incident Reports	1,594	1,638	1,558	1,600	1,665	1,847	2,050	2,270	2,133	2,443
Traffic Citations	4,659	3,300	2,408	2,376	2,031	1,755	1,526	1,980	2,982	3,335
Fire:										
Emergency responses	2,759	2,684	2,492	2,308	2,336	2,440	1,854	1,336	1,677	1,575
Solid Waste:										
Residential units served	9,167	8,975	8,753	8,585	8,411	8,338	8,285	8,243	8,207	8,177
Building/Development:										
Residential new construction permits issued	279	260	207	152	125	76	64	42	27	N/A
Commercial new construction permits issued	4	8	1	34	1	5	3	3	1	N/A
All other permits	2,362	2,678	2,209	1,992	2,302	1,835	1,723	1,427	1,192	N/A

	Fiscal Year									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works:										
Street (miles)	231	231	231	132	132	132	132	132	N/A	N/A
Retention ponds	36	36	36	29	29	29	29	39	N/A	N/A
Stormwater structures	3,672	3,672	3,672	3,672	3,672	3,672	3,672	3,671	3,671	3,671
Parks and recreation:										
Acreage	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
Aquatic Recreation Facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Disc Golf Courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dog Park	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Playgrounds	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5
Tennis Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Baseball/softball diamonds	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Federal/State Agency / Pass-Through Entity / Federal/State Program	Assistance Listing Number	Contract / Grant Number	Expenditures
FEDERAL AWARDS			
U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF)	21.027	Y5072	\$ 10,000,000
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			10,000,000
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through County of Volusia Department of Community Services Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants Cluster	14.218	B-20-UC-12-0008	59,436
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			59,436
U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct			
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664	27665	10,000
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			10,000
Total Federal Awards			\$ 10,069,436

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

(1) **Basis of Presentation:**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant awards of the City of DeBary, Florida (the City), and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position and changes in fund balance/net position of the City.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

No grant awards for the year ended September 30, 2022, have been passed through to subrecipients.

(3) <u>De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate Election:</u>

The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

(4) **Contingency:**

Project expenditures are subject to audit and adjustment. If any expenditures were to be disallowed by the grantor agency as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor agency would become a liability of the City. In the opinion of management, all project expenditures included on the accompanying schedule are in compliance with the terms of the project agreements and applicable federal and state laws and regulations.

CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

A. Summary of Auditors' Results:

B.

C.

D.

E.

Financial Statements:		
Type of audit report issued on the financial statements:	Unmodified	!
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	X no
Federal Awards:		
Internal control over major Federal programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major Federa	ıl programs: Un	ımodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	X none reported
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	yes	X no
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		<u>\$750,000</u>
Identification of major Federal programs:		
AL Number Program Na	ıme	
21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Reco	overy Fund	
Financial Statement Findings: None.		
Federal Awards Program Findings and Questioned Costs: None.		
Prior Audit Findings: Not applicable as no prior year findings have	been reported.	
Corrective Action Plan: Not applicable as there are not current year	findings.	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager, City of DeBary, Florida:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of DeBary, Florida's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Maore ; Co., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida March 13, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager, City of DeBary, Florida:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of DeBary, Florida (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weakness may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Meore : 6., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida March 13, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager, City of DeBary, Florida:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the basic financial statements of City of DeBary, Florida (the City), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2023.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Examination Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 13, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no such findings and recommendations.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority for the primary government and component units of the reporting entity is disclosed in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the City has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City, did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the City. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Special District Component Units

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.c., Rules of the Auditor General, requires, if appropriate, that we communicate the failure of a special district that is a component unit of a county, municipality, or special district, to provide the financial information necessary for proper reporting of the component unit within the audited financial statements of the county, municipality, or special district in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we did not note any special district component units that failed to provide the necessary information for proper reporting in accordance with Section 218.39(3)(b), Florida Statutes.

Specific Special District Information – Orlandia Heights Special Neighborhood Improvement District

The following items have been provided to us to comply with state reporting requirements and have not been audited by us. We did not audit the following information within this section, nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or the completeness of the information provided by management. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on this data.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the District reported the following unaudited data:

- a) The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the district's fiscal year: -0-.
- b) The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year: 1.
- c) All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$ -0-.
- d) All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency: \$23,307.
- e) Each construction project with a total cost of at least \$65,000 approved by the district that is scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported, together with the total expenditures for such project as:

- a. No such projects noted
- f) A budget variance based on the budget adopted under Section 189.016(4), Florida Statutes, before the beginning of the fiscal year being reported if the district amends a final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as follows: the district's original budget totaled \$112,575 and was amended by the total amount of \$80,675, for final budgeted expenditures of \$193,250, excluding budgeted reserves.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, City Council, management, others within the City, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James Meore : 6., P.L.

Daytona Beach, Florida March 13, 2023



James Meore & Co., P.L.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' EXAMINATION REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and City Manager, City of DeBary, Florida:

We have examined the City of DeBary, Florida's (the City) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies (the Statute), for the year ended September 30, 2022. Management is responsible for the City's compliance with the Statute. Our responsibility is to obtain reasonable assurance by evaluate the City's compliance with the Statute and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards for a direct examination engagement established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). Those standards require that we obtain reasonable assurance for evaluating the City's compliance with the Statute, and performing other procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to express an opinion that conveys the results of our evaluation of the City's compliance with the Statute. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of risks that the City was not in compliance with the Statute in all material respects, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

In our opinion, the City of DeBary, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Daytona Beach, Florida March 13, 2023

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IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Elizabeth Bauer, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

- 1. I am the Chief Financial Officer with the title Finance Director of the City of DeBary which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida.
- 2. The governing body of the City of DeBary adopted Ordinance No. 26-06 and Ordinance No. 14-19 implementing an impact fee.
- 3. To the best of my knowledge, the City of DeBary has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Chief Financial Officer

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF VOLUSIA

The foregoing instrument was	acknowledged before me this	8th	day of_	March	, 2023,
by Elizabeth Bauer	by means of physical pro	esence	or 🗆 on	line notari	ization, who
produced	as identification	n or is	personal	ly known	to me and who
did take an oath.					

Seal

ANNETTE M HATCH
Notary Public - State of Florida
Commission # HH 126683
My Comm. Expires Sep 3, 2025
Bonded through National Notary Assn.

Annette M Hatch
Printed/Typed Name of Notary