



The Department of Planning and Development Services

City Hall | 16 Colomba Road | DeBary, FL 32713

Development Review Committee (DRC) Meeting

Tuesday, June 20th, 2023 – 9:30 AM

DRC AGENDA

1. CALL TO ORDER
2. ROLL CALL
3. APPROVAL OF MINUTES
 - DRC meeting on June 6th, 2023
4. NEW BUSINESS
 - **Case # 23-04-FSP-Life Storage**; *First Review*, Applicant is requesting approval of a Final Site Plan for the alteration of two existing indoor self-storage buildings to construct a new self-storage building.
5. ADDITIONAL BUSINESS:
6. DISCUSSION:
7. ADJOURNMENT:

DISTRIBUTION:

Technical Review Staff:

- Steven Bapp, AICP, *Growth Management Director - Planning and Zoning (SBapp@DeBary.org)*
- Joseph Barker, AICP Candidate, *Senior Planner - Planning and Zoning (JBarker@DeBary.org)*
- Kayla Burney, *Planning Technician - Planning and Zoning (KBurney@DeBary.org)*
- Kevin Hare, *Construction Manager (KHare@DeBary.org)*
- Amy Long, *Deputy Public Works Director (ALong@DeBary.org)*
- Chad Qualls, *Public Works Superintendent (CQualls@DeBary.org)*
- Robert Scott, *Orange City Fire Department (RScott@ourorangecity.com)*
- Merylene Thomas, *Senior Planner - Planning and Zoning (MThomas@DeBary.org)*
- Richard Villasenor, *City Engineer (RVillasenor@DeBary.org)*
- Steve Wood, *Building Inspector (Buildingofficial@DeBary.org)*
- E-Sciences, *Environmental Management Consultant (troberts@res.us)*
- Fishback Dominick, *Legal Consultant (DLangley@fishbacklaw.com)*
- SurvTech Solutions, *Surveying Consultant (rfowler@survtechsolutions.com)*
- TEDS, *Transportation Consultant (FerrellFred@stanleygroup.com)*
- Volusia County Utilities, *Utilities (ErinReed@volusia.org)*

PLEASE NOTE: Each DRC project on the agenda will take approximately 30 minutes unless otherwise noted.

APPLICANT(S): Please plan to attend the DRC meeting to discuss your project and review the comments with reviewers. Individuals with disabilities needing assistance to participate in any of these proceedings should contact the City Clerk at least three (3) working days in advance of the meeting date and time at (386) 601-0219.



**City of DeBary
Development Review Committee Meeting
June 6, 2023 - MINUTES**

CALL TO ORDER:

The meeting of the City of DeBary Development Review Committee was called to order by Steven Bapp, Growth Management Director, at 9:30 am.

DRC MEMBERS PRESENT:

Steven Bapp, City of DeBary
Christopher Karl, Orange City Fire Department
Amy Long*, City of DeBary
Richard Villasenor, City of DeBary
Steve Wood, City of DeBary

OTHERS PRESENT:

Joseph Barker, City of DeBary
Phyllis Butlien, City of DeBary
Karen Chasez, City of DeBary
Johnny Hill, Florida Public Utilities
Christopher Karl, Orange City Fire Department
Chad Qualls, City of DeBary
Carmen Rosamonda, City of DeBary
Shari Simmans, City of DeBary
Mark Watts, Cobb-Cole
Michael Wojtuniak, EPI Engineering

APPROVAL OF MINUTES:

Steve Wood made a motion to approve the May 16, 2023 DRC Meeting Minutes, seconded by Richard Villasenor. The motion was approved by a 4-0 vote.

ADDITIONS, DELETIONS, OR AMENDMENTS TO THE AGENDA:

None

OLD BUSINESS:

None

NEW BUSINESS:

**Highbanks Townhomes Overall Development Plan
Project # 23-01-ODP-Highbanks Townhomes**

Chairman Steven Bapp briefly summarized the project.

Mark Watts of Cobb-Cole, a representative for the applicant, came forward to speak. He noted coordination on off-site improvements will be necessary. He stated the development agreement for the property lacks development standards appropriate for townhomes. The alternative would be traditional apartments.

Chairman Bapp suggested the best course of action for this project would be a major PUD amendment.

*Ms. Long arrived at the beginning of the discussion for Case # 23-01-ODP-Highbanks Townhomes.

Mr. Watts stated the data provided on the parking to be available did not include the off-street parking spaces for each lot. He stated they would be added to the site data.

Chairman Bapp made note of the necessary improvements to East Highbanks Road, including a center turn-lane. He also made note of the need to align one of the entrances into the development with Amigos Road. Mr. Watts stated they are already aware of this and have been working on amended plans to meet this requirement. There was also a discussion regarding a right-turn lane onto U.S. Highway 17/92 and a bike-pedestrian path on the north side of East Highbanks Road.

Chairman Bapp asked if the western side of the property near the pond would be developed in any way. Mr. Watts stated there would be no development in that area.

Christopher Karl stated the fire hydrants were not delineated on the plans and that they will need details on it. Mr. Karl stated the lengths of the dead-ends and turning radii will need to be provided. Mr. Karl stated no fire lanes have been shown on the plans. He stated the plans call for 18-foot roadways. Mr. Karl stated it needs to be at least 20 feet. Debbie of Kimley-Horn & Associates stated it should be 20 feet total. Mr. Karl stated the address layout will need to be provided.

Amy Long did not have any comments.

Richard Villasenor asked if there is going to be on-street parking control. Mr. Watts stated the designated parking areas will be the only areas for additional parking. Mr. Villasenor stated details for no-parking signs will need to be provided at the time of preliminary plat and construction plan submittal.

Mr. Villasenor noted there are some floodplain encroachments. Debbie stated there will be flood compensation. Mr. Villasenor stated there is a label indicating a proposed RV and boat parking area. Mr. Watts stated that is no longer proposed.

Steve Wood asked for clarification on a Planning & Zoning comment regarding the Land Development Code's supplementary regulations on environmental protection. Joseph Barker, Senior Planner, stated it was an information comment.

Mr. Watts stated they will discuss with the developer the direction they want to take this project.

The item was continued.

450 South Charles Richard Beall Boulevard Future Land Use Amendment Project # 23-01-CPA-450 South Charles Richard Beall

Chairman Steven Bapp briefly summarized the project.

Michael Wojtuniak of EPI Engineering, a representative for the applicant, came forward to speak.

Richard Villasenor made a motion to recommend approval of the Future Land Use Map Amendment, pending staff comments being addressed, seconded by Steve Wood. The motion was approved by a 5-0 vote.

450 South Charles Richard Beall Boulevard Zoning Map Amendment Project # 23-01-REZ-450 South Charles Richard Beall Boulevard

Chairman Steven Bapp briefly summarized the project.

Michael Wojtuniak of EPI Engineering, a representative for the applicant, came forward to speak.

Chairman Bapp noted the discrepancy on the Zoning Map was discovered during the course of the review for the Safety Town Final Site Plan, which is located on this property.

Richard Villasenor made a motion to recommend approval of the Zoning Map amendment, seconded by Steve Wood. The motion was approved by a 5-0 vote.

ADJOURNMENT:

The meeting was adjourned at 9:54 AM.



DRC 6-20-2023

Subject Case # 23-04-FSP-Life Storage

Applicant: Life Storage LP

Application Summary:

The applicant is requesting approval of a Final Site Plan for the redevelopment of 3075 Enterprise Road. Parts of two existing structures would be demolished and replaced with a new structure.

Planning & Zoning

Joseph Barker, Senior Planner, AICP

Regarding Case # 23-04-FSP-Life Storage, staff offers the following comments.

Comprehensive Plan Review:

In reviewing the application (proposed project), staff has reviewed it against the policies contained within the City's Comprehensive Plan (Plan) to determine whether the proposed project is consistent with the Plan, as required by Florida Statute 163.3194, and Section 1-2(b)(1) of the City's Land Development Code.

Future Land Use

The goal of the City's Future Land Use element of the Plan is to facilitate the development and use of land, including permanent open space, in an organized arrangement which supports the appropriate development of the overall community, including an efficient multi-modal transportation system that enhances the well-being of the City's residents and businesses.

Objective 5.4 mandates that the City base land use and development decisions on the adopted Future Land Use Map (FLUM). The site's FLUM classification is Commercial/Retail (C/R). While the use of self-storage facilities is not typically considered compatible with the C/R classification, the proposed project is merely a minor redevelopment of the existing use and does not expand any non-conformities with the Plan.





For all other elements of the Plan not discussed in this report, the project has been determined to be consistent with those elements.

Land Development Code Review:

The proposed project has been reviewed against the provisions of the City's Land Development Code (LDC).

Zoning Classification

LDC Chapter 3, Article III, Division 3 provides for zoning classifications and development standards therein. This property is zoned B-5, Heavy Commercial. Thus, the project is subject to the zoning regulations prescribed in LDC Section 3-103. The current use of self-storage is permitted in the B-5 classification.

The maximum lot coverage for the B-5 zoning classification is 35%. **Please provide lot coverage data. Note that FAR and lot coverage are not synonymous with one another.**

Supplementary Regulations

In addition to the development standards of the B-5 zoning classification, LDC Chapter 3, Article III, Division 4 contains supplementary regulations that must be followed.

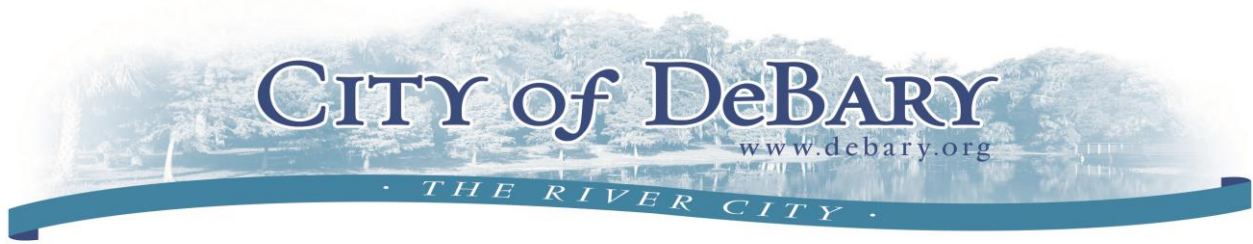
Section 3-129(5) provides for minimum off-street parking. **Will any existing parking be eliminated? Will any new parking spaces be added?**

Final Site Plan Requirements

LDC Chapter 4, Article II, Division 3, Section 4-62 provides for requirements for final site plan applications. Please provide the following site details:

- **A north arrow on Sheet LS-01;**
- **Depiction of the intended direction of traffic flow; and**
- **Depiction of off-street parking, if any is being added.**





Design and Construction Standards of Improvements

LDC Chapter 4, Article II, Division 4 provides for standards for improvements in terms of design and construction.

LDC Section 4-81(f) requires the area covered by structures and impervious surface to not exceed a ratio of 75%. According to the data provided, the impervious surface ratio would be 88%. **What is the current impervious surface ratio?**

If any parking is being added, please make note of the requirements prescribed by LDC Section 4-88.

Landscaping and Buffer Standards

LDC Chapter 5, Article I provides for landscaping and buffer standards.

LDC Section 5-7(a) requires continuous landscape areas to be located adjacent to all building perimeters. **The western side of the building should have landscaping too.**

LDC Section 5-8(d) requires landscape planters for vehicular use areas to be designed without any sharp corners by using a minimum three-foot transition radius between any two sides. **Please verify this on the plans.**

Public Works Department
Amy Long, Deputy Public Works Director

Comments are forthcoming.

Fire Services
Robert Scott, Fire Marshal

No comments.





Engineering
Richard Villaseñor, P.E., City Engineer

Comments are forthcoming.

Building Department
Steve Wood, Building Official

Comments are forthcoming.

Volusia County Utilities
Erin Reed, PhD, P.E., Water & Utilities Senior Engineer

There do not appear to be any new connections to VCU mains; therefore, VCU has no comments or objections.

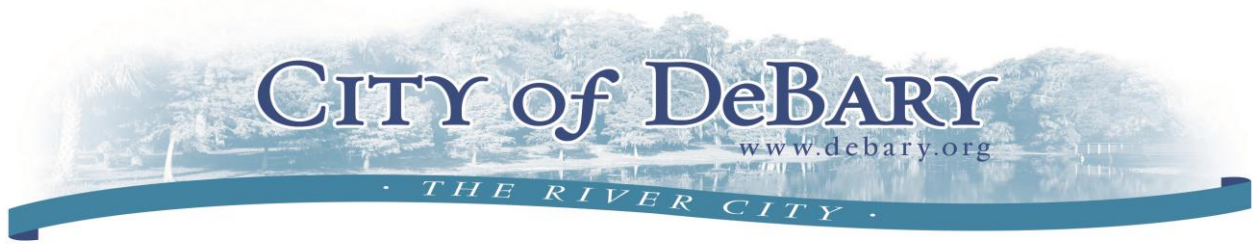
Environmental Management
Tom Roberts, Regional Science Manager, RES

Per Sec 5-12. of the land development code, please provide an irrigation plan for the proposed landscaping associated with the retrofitting improvements of the Site.

Surveyor
Ryan Fowler, Surveyor, SurvTech Solutions

Comments are forthcoming.





Transportation

Tanya King, PE, Senior Transportation Engineer, TEDS

No comments.

END OF COMMENTS

A written response to each of the above comments will be required when revisions are re-submitted to the City. Please be advised that additional comments may be forthcoming after a review of the revised plan set has been completed.

If you should have any questions, please feel free to contact me at 386-601-0203.

Steven Bapp, AICP
Sbapp@debary.org
Director of Growth Management
City of DeBary



GENERAL NOTES

- UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, ALL WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED CONSISTENT WITH THE FOLLOWING SPECIFICATIONS:
 - CITY OF DEBARY, FLORIDA
 - ST. JOHNS RIVER WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT
 - VOLUSIA COUNTY
 - FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
- THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT SHALL BE REVIEWED BY THE CONTRACTOR, AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FAMILIARIZE HIMSELF WITH THE SITE, INCLUDING ALL SURFACE AND SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS, THE WORK REQUIRED, AND ALL OTHER CONDITIONS THAT MAY AFFECT THE SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF THE JOB PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL GIVE ALL NOTICES AND COMPLY WITH ALL LAWS, ORDINANCES, RULES, REGULATIONS AND PERMIT CONDITIONS BEARING ON THE CONDUCT OF THE WORK, AS DRAWN AND SPECIFIED. IF THE CONTRACTOR OBSERVES THAT THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE AT VARIANCE THEREWITH, HE SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE ENGINEER, IN WRITING, AND ANY NECESSARY CHANGES SHALL BE ADJUSTED, AS PROVIDED IN THE AGREEMENT FOR CHANGES IN THE WORK.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO THE OWNER AND THE ENGINEER FOR THE ACTS AND OMISSIONS OF CONTRACTOR'S EMPLOYEES AND ALL HIS SUBCONTRACTORS AND THEIR AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES AND OTHER PERSONS PERFORMING ANY OF THE WORK UNDER A CONTRACT WITH THE CONTRACTOR.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAKING ALL NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS WITH GOVERNMENTAL DEPARTMENTS, PUBLIC UTILITIES, PUBLIC CARRIERS, SERVICE COMPANIES, AND CORPORATIONS OWNING OR CONTROLLING ROADWAYS, RAILWAYS, WATER, SEWER, GAS, ELECTRICAL, TELEPHONE, AND TELEGRAPH FACILITIES SUCH AS PAVEMENTS, TRACKS, PIPING, WIRES, CABLES, CONDUITS, POLES, GUYS, OR OTHER SIMILAR FACILITIES, INCLUDING INCIDENTAL STRUCTURES CONNECTED THEREWITH THAT ARE ENCOUNTERED IN THE WORK IN ORDER THAT SUCH ITEMS MAY BE PROPERLY SUPPORTED, PROTECTED OR LOCATED.
- UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE GENERAL CONDITIONS, ALL CONSTRUCTION IS TO BE GOVERNED BY THE PLANS, APPLICABLE PERMITS, AND SPECIFICATIONS HEREIN, AND ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL BUILDING AND SAFETY CODES, LAWS AND ORDINANCES.
- PRIOR TO PERFORMING ANY WORK WITHIN ANY PUBLIC OR UTILITY RIGHT-OF-WAY, CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN AUTHORIZATION AND PERMIT FROM JURISDICTION RESPONSIBLE FOR SUCH RIGHT-OF-WAY. IN ADDITION, CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN GAS I.D. NUMBER FROM LOCAL GAS COMPANY AND NOTIFY SUNSHINE STATE ONE-CALL UTILITY NOTIFICATION CENTER AT 1-800-432-4770 AT LEAST 72 HOURS PRIOR TO START OF WORK.
- PRIOR TO PERFORMING ANY WORK WITHIN ANY PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY, CONTRACTOR SHALL DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT A TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN CONSISTENT WITH FDOT STANDARD DESIGN INDEX 600 FOR MOT CONTROL PLAN DEVELOPMENT AND THE "MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" PUBLISHED BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, AND SUBMIT TO THE FOOT PERMIT MANAGER TO BE REVIEWED FOR APPROVAL BEFORE BEING IMPLEMENTED.
- IN THE EVENT THE CONTRACTOR DISCOVERS ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS IN THE PLANS HE SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE ENGINEER AND/OR OWNER OR OWNER'S AGENT.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL PRESERVE AND PROTECT ALL PERMANENT REFERENCE MONUMENTS, PERMANENT CONTROL POINTS, PERMANENT BENCH MARKS AND PROPERTY CORNERS. IN THE EVENT THE MONUMENTS, POINTS OR MARKERS ARE DISTURBED THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY A FLORIDA REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR TO RESET OR REPLACE THEM.
- THE OWNER, OWNER'S AGENT AND INSPECTORS OF APPLICABLE GOVERNMENT JURISDICTIONS, SHALL AT ALL TIMES HAVE ACCESS TO THE WORK WHEREVER AND WHENEVER IT IS IN PREPARATION OR PROGRESS; AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE PROPER FACILITIES FOR SUCH ACCESS AND FOR THE INSPECTION.
- IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO TAKE ALL REASONABLE AND PRUDENT PRECAUTIONS TO INSURE THAT ALL COMPLETED WORK, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT STORED ON SITE ARE SAFE AND SECURED FROM UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS, USE, THEFT, OR VANDALISM. SUCH PRECAUTIONS MAY INCLUDE INSTALLATION OF SIGNS, FENCES, OR POSTING OF SECURITY GUARDS. PLEASE ENSURE ANY SIGNS OR FENCES INSTALLED NOT PART OF THESE PLANS, DO NOT OBSTRUCT MOTORIST SIGHTLINES.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL, AT ALL TIMES, UTILIZE ALL NORMALLY ACCEPTED AND REASONABLY EXPECTED SAFETY PRACTICES AND COMPLY WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS, ORDINANCES AND GUIDELINES PERTAINING TO SAFE UTILIZATION OF EQUIPMENT OR MATERIALS AS PUBLISHED BY THEIR MANUFACTURERS'S.
- PRIOR TO INITIATING ANY EXCAVATION (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO TUNNELS, DITCHES, STORM WATER PONDS, CANALS, ARTIFICIAL LAKES) CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL FENCES AND/OR TAKE ALL OTHER REASONABLE AND PRUDENT STEPS TO INSURE THAT ACCESS TO EXCAVATION BY UNAUTHORIZED PERSONNEL IS PREVENTED.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY IN EVERY RESPECT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THE FLORIDA STATE TRENCH SAFETY ACT.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL REASONABLE PRECAUTIONS FOR THE SAFETY OF, AND SHALL PROVIDE ALL REASONABLE PROTECTION TO PREVENT DAMAGE, INJURY OR LOSS TO:
 - ALL EMPLOYEES ON THE WORK AND ALL OTHER PERSONS WHO MAY BE AFFECTED THEREBY;
 - ALL THE WORK AND ALL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT TO BE INCORPORATED THEREIN, WHETHER IN STORAGE ON OR OFF THE SITE, UNDER THE CARE, CUSTODY OR CONTROL OF THE CONTRACTOR OR ANY OF ITS SUBCONTRACTORS;
 - OTHER PROPERTY AT THE SITE OR ADJACENT THERETO, INCLUDING TREES, SHRUBS, LAWNS, WALKS, PAVEMENTS, ROADWAY, STRUCTURES AND UTILITIES NOT DESIGNATED FOR DEMOLITION IN THE COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE SAFETY CODES AND WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, ORDINANCES, RULES, REGULATIONS AND LAWFUL ORDERS OF ANY PUBLIC, QUASI PUBLIC OR OTHER AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION FOR THE SAFETY OF PERSONS OR PROPERTY OR FOR THEIR PROTECTION AGAINST DAMAGE, INJURY OR LOSS, OR DESIGNED TO PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ERECT AND MAINTAIN, AS REQUIRED BY EXISTING CONDITIONS AND PROGRESS OF THE WORK, ALL REASONABLE SAFEGUARDS FOR SAFETY AND PROTECTION, INCLUDING POSTING DANGER SIGNS AND OTHER WARNINGS AGAINST HAZARDS, PROMULGATING SAFETY REGULATIONS AND NOTIFYING OWNERS AND USERS OF ADJACENT UTILITIES OF THE EXISTENCE OF HAZARDS AND OF THE SAFETY REGULATIONS.
- ALL DAMAGE OR LOSS TO ANY PROPERTY CAUSED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY THE CONTRACTOR, A SUBCONTRACTOR, OR BY ANYONE FOR WHOSE ACTS ANY OF THEM MAY BE LIABLE, SHALL BE REMEDIED BY THE CONTRACTOR, EXCEPT DAMAGE OR LOSS PROPERLY ATTRIBUTABLE SOLELY TO THE ACTS OR OMISSIONS OF THE OWNER, OR THE ENGINEER OR ANYONE EMPLOYED BY THEM, OR FOR WHOSE ACTS ANY OF THEM MAY BE LIABLE, AND NOT PROPERLY ATTRIBUTABLE IN WHOLE OR IN PART, TO THE FAULT OR NEGLIGENCE OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- THOSE PARTS OF THE WORK IN PLACE WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO DAMAGE BECAUSE OF OPERATIONS BEING CARRIED ON ADJACENT THERETO SHALL BE COVERED, BOARD UP OR SUBSTANTIALLY ENCLOSED WITH ADEQUATE PROTECTION BY THE CONTRACTOR AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- UNTIL FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE WORK BY OWNER, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE THE CHARGE AND CARE OF AND SHALL BEAR THE RISK OF INJURY OR DAMAGE, LOSS OR EXPENSE TO ANY PART THEREOF, OR TO ANY MATERIALS STORED ON SITE, BY THE ACTION OF THE ELEMENTS OR FROM ANY OTHER CAUSE WHETHER ARISING FROM THE EXECUTION OR NON-EXECUTION OF THE WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REBUILD, REPAIR, RESTORE AND MAKE GOOD ALL INJURIES OR DAMAGES TO ANY PORTION OF THE WORK OCCASIONED BY ANY OF THE ABOVE CAUSES BEFORE FINAL ACCEPTANCE AND SHALL BEAR THE EXPENSES THEREOF.
- ADEQUATE TRAFFIC CONTROL, BARRICADES AND FLAGMAN SERVICES SHALL BE FURNISHED AND MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AT ALL POINTS WHERE CONVEYING EQUIPMENT ENGAGED ON THE WORK REGULARLY ENTERS ONTO OR CROSSES TRAFFIC-CARRYING ROADS.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY IN EVERY RESPECT WITH THE FEDERAL OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY ACT OF 1970 AND ALL RULES AND REGULATIONS NOW OR HEREAFTER IN EFFECT UNDER SAID ACT, AND THE CONTRACTOR FURTHER AGREES TO COMPLY WITH ANY AND ALL APPLICABLE STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO JOB SAFETY AND HEALTH.
- CONTRACTOR AND ITS SUBCONTRACTORS SHALL USE, HANDLE, TRANSPORT, AND DISPOSE OF ALL MATERIALS (HAZARDOUS OR OTHERWISE) IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL PRESENT FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH OR SAFETY LAW, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ALL SUCH STATUTES, REGULATIONS, RULES, ORDINANCES, CODES, AND RULES OF COMMON LAW.

- CONTRACTOR FURTHER AGREES THAT CONTRACTOR AND ITS SUBCONTRACTORS SHALL NOT CAUSE THE DISCHARGE, RELEASE OR DISPOSAL OF ANY HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CREATED BY ITS WORK ON OR ABOUT THE JOB SITE. IN THE EVENT OF ANY SPILL, RELEASE OR ANY OTHER REPORTABLE OCCURRENCE, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY AND SHALL TAKE SUCH ACTION AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO MINIMIZE THE DELETERIOUS EFFECT OF SUCH SPILL ON PERSONS OR PROPERTY.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT AND KEEP OWNER (INCLUDING THEIR AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES) FREE AND HARMLESS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, PUBLIC OR PRIVATE, PENALTIES, CONTRACTUAL OR OTHERWISE, LOSSES, DAMAGES, COSTS, ATTORNEY'S FEES, EXPENSES, CAUSES OF ACTION, CLAIMS OR JUDGMENTS RESULTING FROM THE FEDERAL OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT OF 1970 AS AMENDED OR ANY RULE OR REGULATION PROMULGATED THEREUNDER OR OF ANY STATE LAWS OR REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO JOB SAFETY AND HEALTH ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF WORK OR WORK TO BE PERFORMED UNDER THIS CONTRACT, AND CONTRACTOR SHALL INDEMNIFY OWNER FROM ANY SUCH CLAIMS, PENALTIES, SUITS OR ACTIONS, PUBLIC OR PRIVATE, ADMINISTRATIVE OR JUDICIAL, INCLUDING ATTORNEY'S FEES PAID OR INCURRED BY OR ON BEHALF OF OWNER, JOINTLY OR SEVERALLY, AND/OR THEIR AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES. THE CONTRACTOR FURTHER AGREES, IN THE EVENT OF A CLAIMED VIOLATION OF ANY FEDERAL OR STATE SAFETY AND HEALTH LAW OR REGULATION ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF WORK OR WORK TO BE PERFORMED UNDER THIS CONTRACT, OWNER MAY IMMEDIATELY TAKE WHATEVER ACTION IS DEEMED NECESSARY BY OWNER TO REMEDY THE CLAIMED VIOLATION, ANY AND ALL COSTS OR EXPENSES PAID OR INCURRED BY OWNER IN TAKING SUCH ACTION SHALL BE BORNE BY CONTRACTOR, AND CONTRACTOR AGREES TO PROTECT, HOLD HARMLESS AND INDEMNIFY OWNER AGAINST ANY AND ALL SUCH COSTS OR EXPENSES.
- CONTRACTOR AND ITS SUBCONTRACTORS SHALL, UPON COMPLETION OF PERFORMANCE OF ALL DUTIES UNDER THIS CONTRACT, REMOVE ALL SUPPLIES, MATERIALS, AND WASTE CONTAINING AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL FROM THE JOB SITE. CONTRACTOR SHALL BEAR FULL FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY, AS BETWEEN THE PARTIES OF THIS CONTRACT, FOR THE COMPLIANCE OF CONTRACTOR AND ITS SUBCONTRACTORS WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS CONTRACT.
- CONTRACTOR AGREES TO INDEMNIFY, DEFEND, PROTECT AND HOLD THE OWNER HARMLESS FROM AND AGAINST ANY CLAIMS INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ACTUAL ATTORNEY'S FEES AND ANY COSTS OF INVESTIGATION, SOILS TESTING, GOVERNMENTAL APPROVALS, REMEDIATION AND CLEANUP ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE FAILURE OF CONTRACTOR OR ITS SUBCONTRACTORS, OR THEIR AGENTS, EMPLOYEES, OFFICERS, OR REPRESENTATIVES, TO COMPLY WITH THE TERMS OF THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS.
- SHOULD CONTRACTOR OR ITS SUBCONTRACTORS DISCHARGE, RELEASE OR DISPOSE OF ANY HAZARDOUS MATERIAL ON OR ABOUT THE JOB SITE IN VIOLATION OF THESE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS, CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY SO INFORM OWNER & ENGINEER IN WRITING. IN THE EVENT OF ANY SPILL, RELEASE OR ANY OTHER REPORTABLE OCCURRENCE, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY, OWNER & ENGINEER AND SHALL TAKE SUCH ACTION AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO MINIMIZE THE DELETERIOUS EFFECT OF SUCH SPILL ON PERSONS OR PROPERTY.
- IN THE EVENT CONTRACTOR OR ITS SUBCONTRACTORS ENCOUNTER ON THE PREMISES ANY PIPELINE, UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK OR OTHER CONTAINER, OF ANY KIND, THAT MAY CONTAIN A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL, OR ENCOUNTER MATERIAL REASONABLY BELIEVED TO BE A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL, CONTRACTOR SHALL IMMEDIATELY STOP WORK IN THE AREA AFFECTED AND REPORT THE CONDITION TO OWNER AND/OR ENGINEER IN WRITING.
- "HAZARDOUS MATERIAL" MEANS ANY SUBSTANCE: (A) THE PRESENCE OF WHICH REQUIRES INVESTIGATION OR REMEDIATION UNDER ANY PRESENT FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL STATUTE, REGULATION, ORDINANCE, RULE, CODE, ORDER, ACTION, POLICY OR COMMON LAW, OR (B) WHICH IS OR BECOMES DEFINED AS A "HAZARDOUS WASTE," "HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE," "POLLUTANT OR CONTAMINANT UNDER ANY PRESENT FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL STATUTE, REGULATION, RULE OR ORDINANCE OR AMENDMENTS THERETO INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT (42 U.S.C. SECTIONS 9601 ET SEQ.) AND/OR THE RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (42 U.S.C. SECTIONS 6901 ET SEQ.), OR (C) WHICH IS TOXIC, EXPLOSIVE, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, INFECTIOUS, RADIOACTIVE, CARCINOGENIC, MUTAGENIC, OR OTHERWISE HAZARDOUS AND IS REGULATED BY ANY GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY, AGENCY, DEPARTMENT, COMMISSION, BOARD, AGENCY OR INSTRUMENTALITY OF THE UNITED STATES, THE STATE IN WHICH THE PREMISES ARE LOCATED OR ANY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION THEREOF, OR (D) THE PRESENCE OF WHICH ON THE PREMISES CAUSES OR THREATENS TO CAUSE A NUISANCE UPON THE PREMISES OR TO ADJACENT PROPERTIES OR POSES OR THREATENS TO POSE A HAZARD TO THE HEALTH OR SAFETY OF PERSONS ON OR ABOUT THE PREMISES, OR (E) WHICH CONTAINS GASOLINE, DIESEL FUEL OR OTHER PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS, OR (F) WHICH CONTAINS POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBS), ASBESTOS, LEAD OR UREA FORMALDEHYDE FOAM INSULATION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD LOCATE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES AS TO SIZE, LOCATION, AND ELEVATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER OF ANY AND ALL CONFLICTS, DEVIATIONS OR OMISSIONS TO THESE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.
- IF ANY TESTING, INSPECTION OR APPROVAL REVEAL DEFECTIVE WORK, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED TO RECEIVE ANY ASSOCIATED COSTS AND THE OWNER SHALL BE ENTITLED TO DEDUCT FROM THE CONTRACT PRICE, BY ISSUING A CHANGE ORDER, OWNER'S COSTS ARISING OUT OF THE DEFECTIVE WORK, INCLUDING COSTS OF REPEATED PROCEDURES, COMPENSATION FOR ENGINEER'S AND DESIGN ENGINEER'S SERVICES AND ALL OTHER RELATED COSTS.

ADDITIONAL NOTES

- BEARINGS, IF SHOWN, ARE BASED ASSUMED DATUM AND ON THE LINE SHOWN AS BASE BEARING (B.B.)
- ELEVATIONS, IF SHOWN, ARE BASED ON NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)
- BENCHMARK USED: Q 470 1997 (ELEV.=75.47' NAVD88)
- ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND SIGNAGE SHALL MEET OR EXCEED CURRENT F.D.O.T. AND MUNICIPALITY SPECIFICATIONS, AND MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF CHAPTER 316 FLORIDA STATUTES.
- ALL WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT MUNICIPALITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. IF A CONFLICT OCCURS THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER FOR A DETERMINATION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATION WITH ANY OTHER CONTRACTORS WHO MAY BE PERFORMING WORK AT THE PROJECT SITE.
- EXISTING FACILITIES THAT ARE NOT SHOWN TO BE DEMOLISHED AND ARE DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL BE RESTORED TO A CONDITION EQUIVALENT TO THAT WHICH EXISTED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION. NO SEPARATE PAYMENT WILL BE MADE FOR THIS WORK.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL KEEP AND MAINTAIN ON THE JOB SITE AN ACCURATE & UP TO DATE SET OF AS-BUILT DRAWINGS. THESE DRAWINGS SHALL INCLUDE LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS OF MAINS, FITTINGS, VALVES, SERVICES, CASINGS, AND OTHER APPURTENANCES AS WELL AS ANY DEVIATIONS FROM THAT WHICH IS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THESE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE UPON COMPLETION OF THE WORK FOR HIS REVIEW AND USE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN COPIES OF ALL APPLICABLE PERMITS ON-SITE AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO ADHERE TO ALL PERMIT CONDITIONS DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR IDENTIFYING & OBTAINING ALL REQUIRED PERMITS AS REQUIRED BY ALL REGULATORY AUTHORITIES.
- ALL REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE (RCP) SHALL BE CLASS III UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- NO WORK (CONSTRUCTION, PLANT TRIMMING, REMOVAL OR DISTURBANCE, SOIL DISTURBANCE OR FILLING) SHALL OCCUR WITHIN THE ESTABLISHED WETLAND BUFFERS DEPICTED ON THESE PLANS OTHER THAN NECESSARY FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF PERMITTED OUTFALL STRUCTURES AND ASSOCIATED ENERGY DISSIPATION DEVICES AS PERMITTED BY THE ST. JOHNS RIVER WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT.
- ALL EARTHWORK SHALL BE SODDED/SEEDED UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SUBMITTING AND COORDINATING ALL SHOP DRAWING APPROVALS WITH ANY AND ALL AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION.

HANDICAP ACCESSIBILITY NOTES:

- ALL CONSTRUCTION MUST MEET OR EXCEED ALL REQUIREMENTS AS OUTLINED IN THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA) AND THE FLORIDA ACCESSIBILITY CODE, MOST RECENT EDITIONS. BOTTOM OF CURB RAMP ELEVATION (B.O. RAMP) IS RELATIVE TO EACH CURB RAMP CONDITION. ACTUAL ELEVATIONS SHALL BE BASED ON EXISTING GRADE OF CURB FLOW LINE AT THE B.O. RAMPS.
- TOP OF CURB ELEVATION ADJACENT TO B.O. RAMP = 0.50 FT. MAX. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- ADA REQUIREMENTS SUPPERSEDE SPOT GRADES AT LOT LINES. CONTRACTOR TO CUT BACK SLOPE AT 3:1 OR FLATTER AS NEEDED FOR RAMP AND SIDEWALK CONNECTION.
- REFER TO PLAN SHEETS AND SECTIONS FOR LOCATIONS AND SIDEWALK WIDTHS.
- THE DETECTABLE WARNING STRIP SHALL CONSIST OF A 24 INCH WIDE TACTILE PATTERN OF RAISED TRUNCATED DOMES (ALIGNED PATTERN). DOMES SHALL HAVE A DIAMETER OF 0.9 INCH, A HEIGHT OF 0.2 INCH, AND A CENTER TO CENTER SPACING OF 2.35 INCHES. THE RAMP DETECTABLE WARNING STRIP SHALL BE CONTRASTING IN COLOR. THE MATERIAL USED TO PROVIDE CONTRAST SHALL CONTRAST BY AT LEAST 70%.
- THE CROSS SLOPE OF RAMP SURFACES AND ADJACENT STREET GRADES SHALL BE NO MORE THAN 1:50 OR 2% MAXIMUM.
- CURB RAMPS CONSTRUCTED BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MEET ALL CURRENT APPLICABLE A.D.A. REQUIREMENTS AND SHALL HAVE DETECTABLE WARNING COMPLYING WITH A.D.A. REQUIREMENTS. ACCESSIBILITY ROUTES SHALL MEET ALL APPLICABLE A.D.A. REQUIREMENTS.
- CONTRACTOR TO REFER TO MUNICIPALITY DETAILS AS NEEDED.
- DRIVEWAY/ROADWAY CROSS SLOPES AT CROSSWALKS SHALL BE MAXIMUM 2% PER ADA REQUIREMENTS.
- SIDEWALK CROSS SLOPES SHALL BE MAXIMUM 2% PER ADA REQUIREMENTS.
- CURB RAMP FLARES & LANDINGS SHALL MEET ADA REQUIREMENTS.
- ACCESSIBLE ROUTE WITH RUNNING SLOPES GREATER THAN 1:20 IS A RAMP AND SHALL COMPLY WITH ADA RAMP REQUIREMENTS.
- IT IS THE CONTRACTORS SOLE RESPONSIBILITY TO MEET ALL CURRENT ADA STANDARDS. CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO FOOT STANDARDS. (INDEX 304, MOST CURRENT EDITION)

RECORD DRAWING AS-BUILT REQUIREMENTS:

AS-BUILT DRAWINGS SHALL BE PREPARED BY AND CERTIFIED (SIGNED AND SEALED) BY A REGISTERED SURVEYOR, AND SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE ENGINEER OF RECORD UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT SITE IMPROVEMENTS A MINIMUM OF 1 WEEK PRIOR TO CONTRACTORS ATTEMPT FOR FINAL CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY (CO). AS-BUILT DRAWINGS SHALL REFLECT ANY CHANGES TO THE IMPROVEMENTS MADE DURING CONSTRUCTION AND MUST MEET THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS OF ALL REGULATORY AGENCIES HAVING JURISDICTION AS WELL AS THE CRITERIA OUTLINED BELOW. BOTH THE ORIGINAL DESIGN AND REVISED AS-BUILT DATA, AS APPLICABLE, MUST BE CLEARLY SHOWN. THE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS MUST BE CLEARLY LABELED AS AS-BUILT OR RECORD DRAWING. THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION, AT A MINIMUM, SHALL BE CERTIFIED ON THE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS:

WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM:

- LOCATION AND DIMENSIONS OF PIPES, VALVES, FITTINGS, CHANGE OF DIRECTION, AND OTHER ASSOCIATED FACILITIES.

WASTEWATER COLLECTION/TRANSMISSION SYSTEM:

- LOCATION, DIMENSION, AND INVERT ELEVATIONS OF PIPES, MANHOLES (INCLUDING RIM ELEVATION), LIFTSTATION, FORCEMAIN, FITTINGS, CHANGE IN DIRECTION AND OTHER ASSOCIATED FACILITIES.

PAVING AND DRAINAGE SYSTEM:

- DIMENSIONS AND ELEVATIONS OF ALL DISCHARGE STRUCTURES INCLUDING ALL WEIRS, SLOTS, GATES, PIPES, AND SKIMMERS;
- LOCATIONS, DIMENSIONS, AND ELEVATIONS OF ALL FILTER, EXFILTRATION, OR UNDERDRAIN SYSTEMS INCLUDING CLEANOUTS, PIPES, CONNECTIONS TO CONTROL STRUCTURES, AND POINTS OF DISCHARGE TO THE RECEIVING WATERS;
- DIMENSIONS, ELEVATIONS, CONTOURS, OR CROSS-SECTIONS OF ALL STORMWATER TREATMENT POND STORAGE AREAS SUFFICIENT TO DETERMINE STAGE-STORAGE RELATIONSHIPS OF THE STORAGE AREA, AND THE POND DEPTH AND VOLUME BELOW THE CONTROL WATER ELEVATION FOR NORMALLY WET SYSTEMS;
- DIMENSIONS, ELEVATIONS, CONTOURS, FINAL GRADES, OR CROSS-SECTIONS OF THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS TO DETERMINE FLOW DIRECTIONS AND CONVEYANCE OF RUNOFF TO THE TREATMENT SYSTEM;
- DIMENSIONS, ELEVATIONS, CONTOURS, FINAL GRADES, OR CROSS-SECTIONS OF ALL CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS UTILIZED TO CONVEY OFF-SITE RUNOFF AROUND THE SYSTEM;
- EXISTING WATER ELEVATION OF SURFACE WATERS AND THE DATE DETERMINED;
- ELEVATION AND LOCATION OF BENCHMARK'S FOR THE SURVEY.

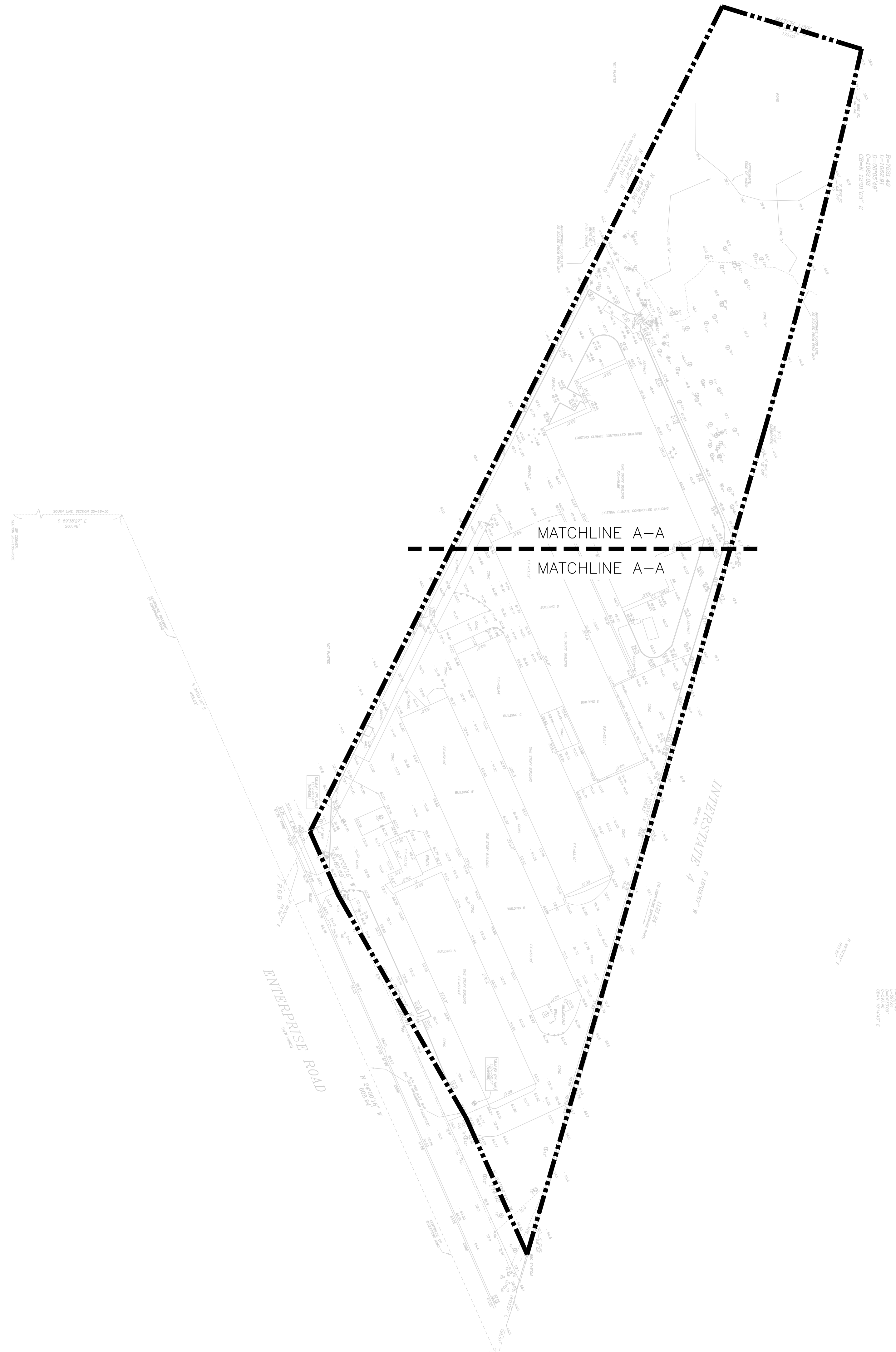
ADA FACILITIES:

- ELEVATIONS AT THE FOUR CORNERS OF ALL HANDICAP PARKING SPACES AND ADJACENT LOADING AISLES.
- ELEVATIONS AND LOCATIONS FOR ALL ACCESSIBLE RAMPS WHICH ADEQUATELY REFLECT THE BUILT SLOPES.
- ELEVATIONS AND LOCATIONS ALONG THE PATHS OF CONVEYANCE FOR PEDESTRIAN TRAFFIC AND ALL ADA ACCESSIBLE ROUTES EVERY 25 FT. WHICH ADEQUATELY REFLECT THE SLOPE AND CROSS SLOPE.

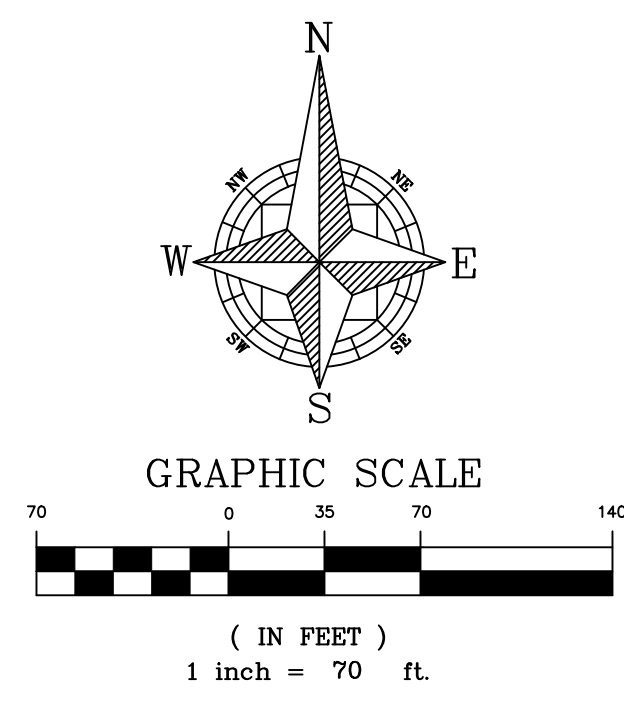
P:\PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012\Drawings\CAD Civil3D\Loyalty\03 Final Engineering\GENERAL NOTES.dwg Modified:5/1/2023 By: tmoore

CIVIL ENGINEERING I LAND PLANNING		APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC		APPANFL.COM - 407.960.8688	2231 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida, 32789	STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 15714	
GENERAL NOTES		FINAL SITE PLAN		LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012 IMPROVEMENTS DEBARY, FLORIDA			
SCALE	N.T.S.	DESIGNED	J.PALM	CHECKED	M. STACY	DATE	5/15/2023
PROJECT	SSS-005	SHEET	C.10				
DRAWN		T.MOORE					
APPIAN ENGINEERING							
REV.		DATE		DESCRIPTION			BY

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- LEGEND**
- B.M.=BENCHMARK
 - C=CENTERLINE
 - CALC=CALCULATED
 - CM=CONCRETE MONUMENT
 - C.L. FC=CHAIN LINK FENCE
 - CONC.=CONCRETE
 - C/B=CONCRETE BLOCK
 - A/C=AIR CONDITIONER
 - COV'D.=COVERED
 - DESC=DESCRIPTION
 - EB=ELECTRIC BOX
 - ELEV.=ELEVATION
 - EP=EDGE OF PAVEMENT
 - FH=FIRE HYDRANT
 - F.F.=FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION
 - F=FIELD
 - FC=FIREFHOSE CONNECTOR
 - FM=FIREF METER
 - GA=GUY ANCHOR
 - GM=GAS MARKER
 - GP=GUARD POST
 - GV=GAS VALVE
 - INV=INVERT
 - IR=IRON ROD
 - IP=IRON PIPE
 - LP=LIGHT POLE
 - WM=WATER METER
 - MH=MAN HOLE
 - N&D=NAIL AND DISK
 - O/H=OVERHEAD LINE
 - P=PLAT
 - U/P=UTILITY POLE
 - MES=MITERED END SECTION
 - SV=SEWER VALVE
 - FO=FIBER OPTIC MARKER
- LEGEND**
- POC=POINT OF COMMENCEMENT
 - POB=POINT OF BEGINNING
 - ROP=REINFORCED CONC PIPE
 - R/W=RIGHT OF WAY
 - REC.=RECOVERED
 - SET N&D=N&D #4596
 - SN=SIGN
 - SET I.R.=1/2" IRON ROD W/LB #4596
 - TB=TELEPHONE BOX
 - TYP=TYPICAL
 - WF=WOOD FENCE
 - WP=WITNESS POINT
 - WALL=C/B WALL
 - WV=WATER VALVE
 - TRAN(TR)=TRANSFORMER
 - TOB=TOP OF BANK
 - L = ARC LENGTH
 - CB = CHORD BEARING
 - D = DELTA
 - R = RADIUS
 - C = CHORD LENGTH
 - DI = DRAINAGE INLET
 - ID = IDENTIFICATION
 - BLDG. = BUILDING
 - BB = BASE BEARING
 - TBM = TEMPORARY BENCHMARK (NO I.D.) = NO CAP IDENTIFICATION
 - UB = UTILITY BOX
 - UV=UTILITY VAULT
 - ± = MORE OR LESS
 - N/A=NOT APPLICABLE
 - BFP=BACK FLOW PREVENTER
 - SB=SIGNAL BOX
 - TP=TRAFFIC POLE
 - PP=POWER POLE
 - ⊙=BOLLARD
- PART OF PROPERTY DOES LIE WITHIN THE ESTABLISHED 100 YEAR FLOOD PLANE AS PER "FIRM" "X" & "A" MAP # 12127C0620K (09-29-2017)

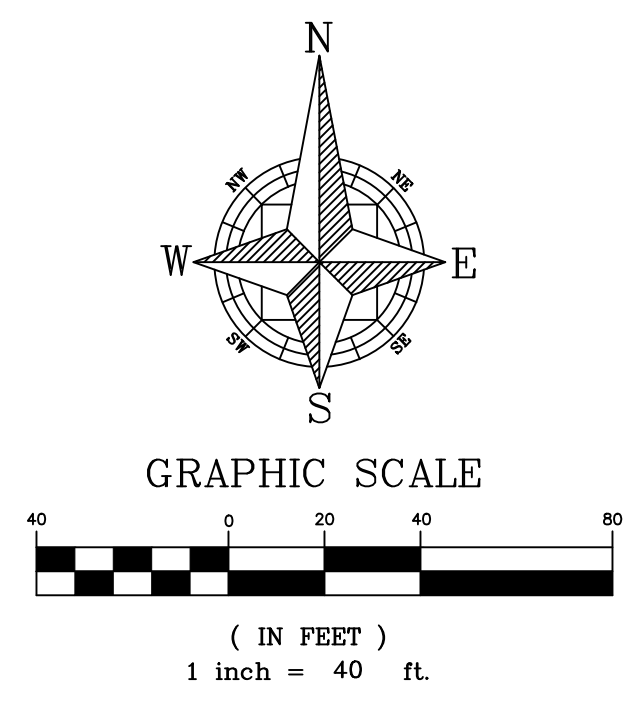
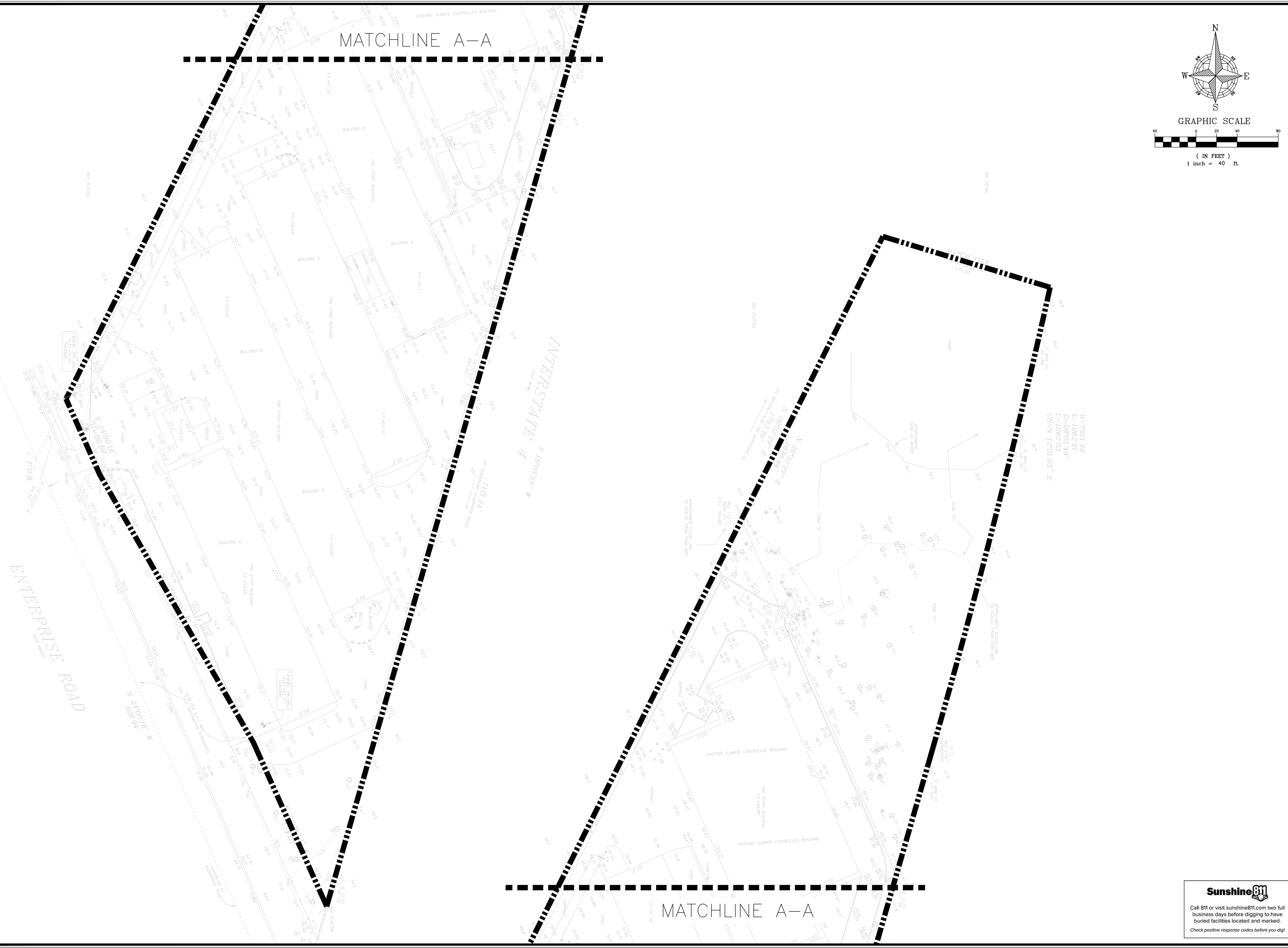


EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN BASED ON SURVEY PROVIDED BY:

GRUSENMEYER-SCOTT & ASSOC., INC.
TOM GRUSENMEYER P.S.M.
FLORIDA REGISTRATION NO. 4714
DATED: 08/10/2021

- NOTES:**
1. THE UNDERSIGNED DOES HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS SURVEY MEETS THE STANDARDS OF PRACTICE AS SET FORTH BY THE FLORIDA BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS AND MAPPERS IN CHAPTER 5J-17 (FLORIDA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE) PURSUANT TO SECTION 472.027 FLORIDA STATUTES.
 2. UNLESS EMBOSSED WITH SURVEYOR'S SIGNATURE AND SEAL, THIS SURVEY IS NOT VALID AND IS PRESENTED FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.
 3. THIS SURVEY WAS PREPARED FROM TITLE INFORMATION FURNISHED TO THE SURVEYOR. THERE MAY BE OTHER RESTRICTIONS OR EASEMENTS THAT AFFECT THIS PROPERTY.
 4. NO UNDERGROUND IMPROVEMENTS HAVE BEEN LOCATED UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN.
 5. THIS SURVEY IS PREPARED FOR THE SOLE BENEFIT OF THOSE CERTIFIED TO AND SHOULD NOT BE RELIED UPON BY ANY OTHER ENTITY.
 6. DIMENSIONS SHOWN FOR THE LOCATION OF IMPROVEMENTS HEREON SHOULD NOT BE USED TO RECONSTRUCT BOUNDARY LINES.
 7. BEARINGS, IF SHOWN, ARE BASED ASSUMED DATUM AND ON THE LINE SHOWN AS BASE BEARING (B.B.)
 8. ELEVATIONS, IF SHOWN, ARE BASED ON NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988(UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)
 9. BENCHMARK USED: Q 470 1997 (ELEV.=75.47' NAVD88)
 10. SPECIFIC PURPOSE SURVEY TO SHOW TOPOGRAPHY & TREES AS SPECIFIED BY CLIENT

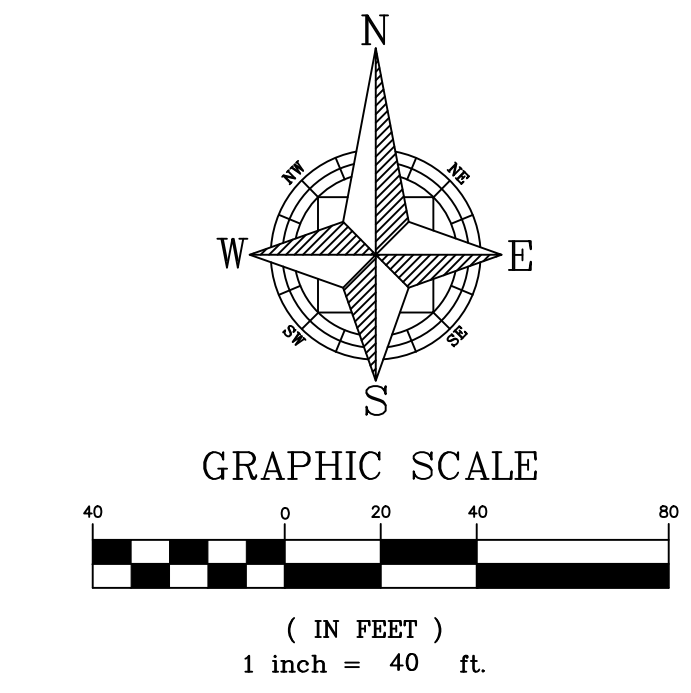
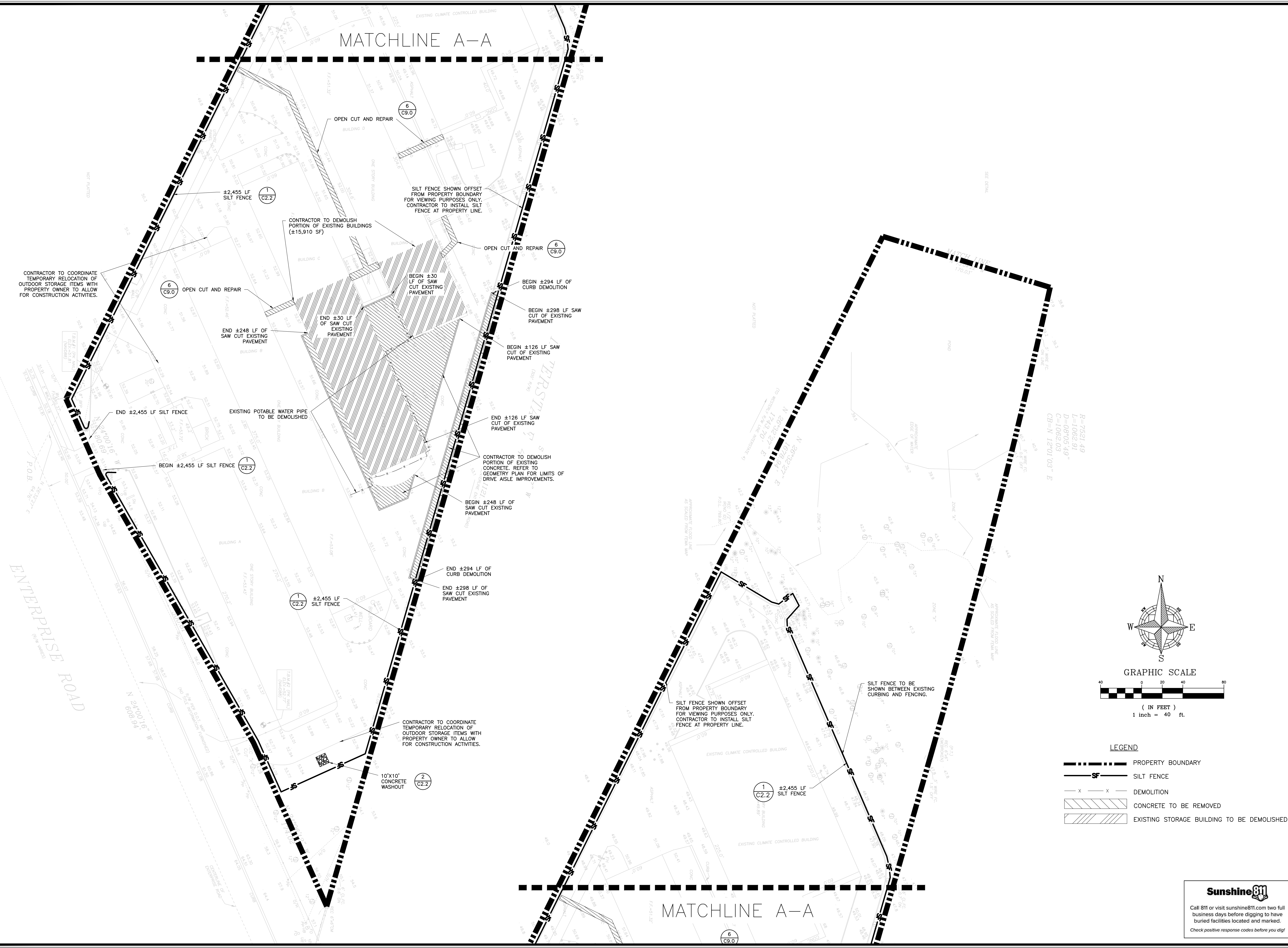
		APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC. <small>APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868</small> <small>2221 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida, 32789</small> <small>STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION # 1211</small>		CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING		REV.	DATE
OVERALL EXISTING CONDITIONS FINAL SITE PLAN		LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012 IMPROVEMENTS DEBARY, FLORIDA		DRAWN: T.MOORE DESIGNED: J.PALM CHECKED: M. STACY DATE: 5/15/2023		SCALE: 1" = 70' PROJECT: SSS-005 SHEET: C.1.2	
		Call 811 or visit sunshine811.com two full business days before digging to have buried facilities located and marked. Check positive response codes before you dig!		5/15/23		DESCRIPTION	



		SCALE: 1" = 40' PROJECT: SSS-005 SHEET: C1.3		DRAWN: T.MOORE DESIGNED: J.PALM CHECKED: M. STACY DATE: 5/15/2023		EXISTING CONDITIONS FINAL SITE PLAN LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012 IMPROVEMENTS DEBARY, FLORIDA		CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC. APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868 2231 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida, 32789 <small>STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION NO. 15174</small>		REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

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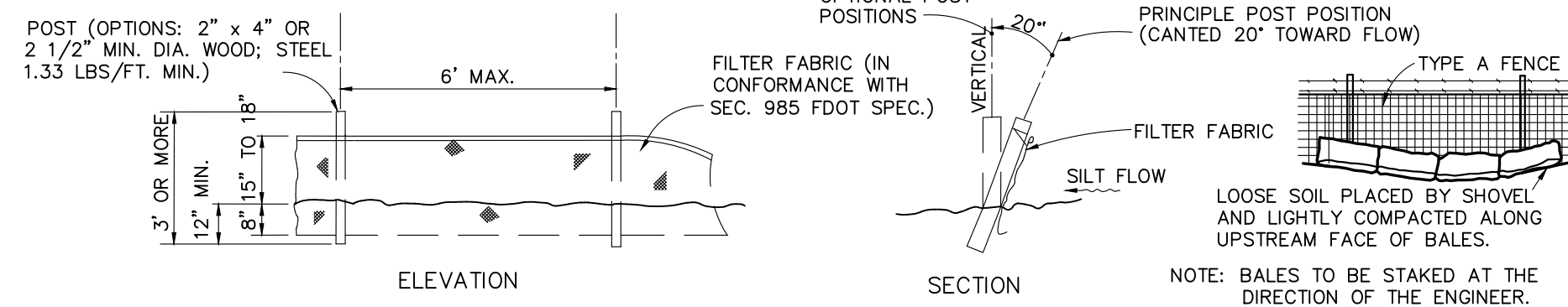


- LEGEND**
- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
 - SILT FENCE
 - DEMOLITION
 - CONCRETE TO BE REMOVED
 - EXISTING STORAGE BUILDING TO BE DEMOLISHED

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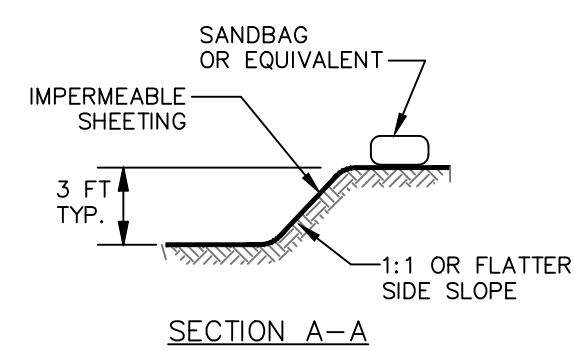
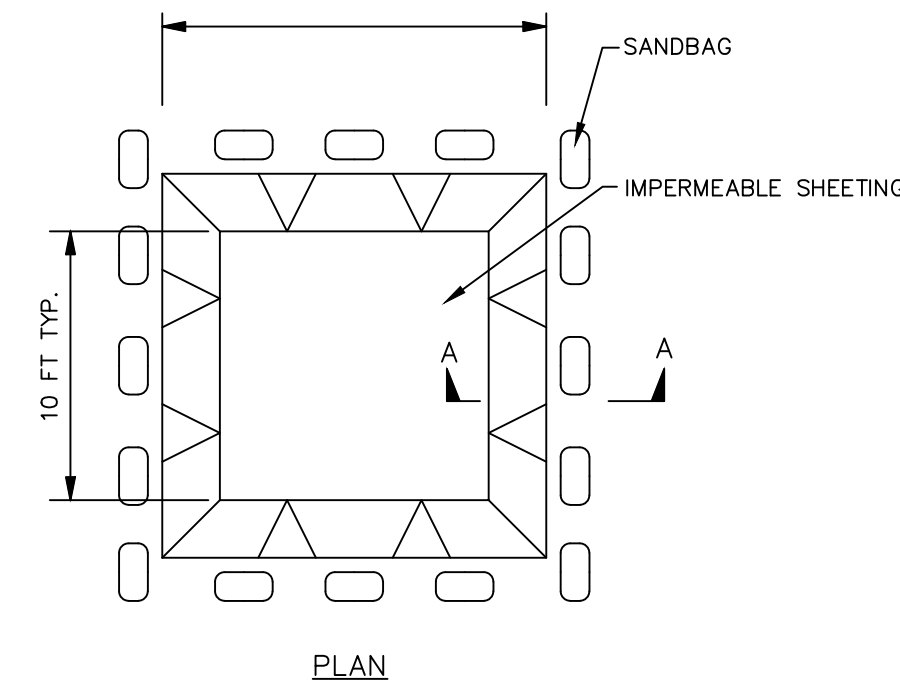
CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC. APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868 2231 Lee Road, Suite 27, Warner Park, Florida, 32789	
EROSION CONTROL & DEMO PLAN FINAL SITE PLAN LIFE STORAGE DEBARRY STORE LS 012 IMPROVEMENTS DEBARRY, FLORIDA	
DRAWN: T.MOORE DESIGNED: J.PALM CHECKED: M. STACY DATE: 5/15/2023	SCALE: 1" = 40' PROJECT: SSS-005 SHEET: C2.1
5/15/23	DESCRIPTION REV. DATE

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NOTE
SILT FENCE TO BE PAID FOR UNDER THE CONTRACT UNIT PRICE FOR STAKED SILT FENCE (LF).

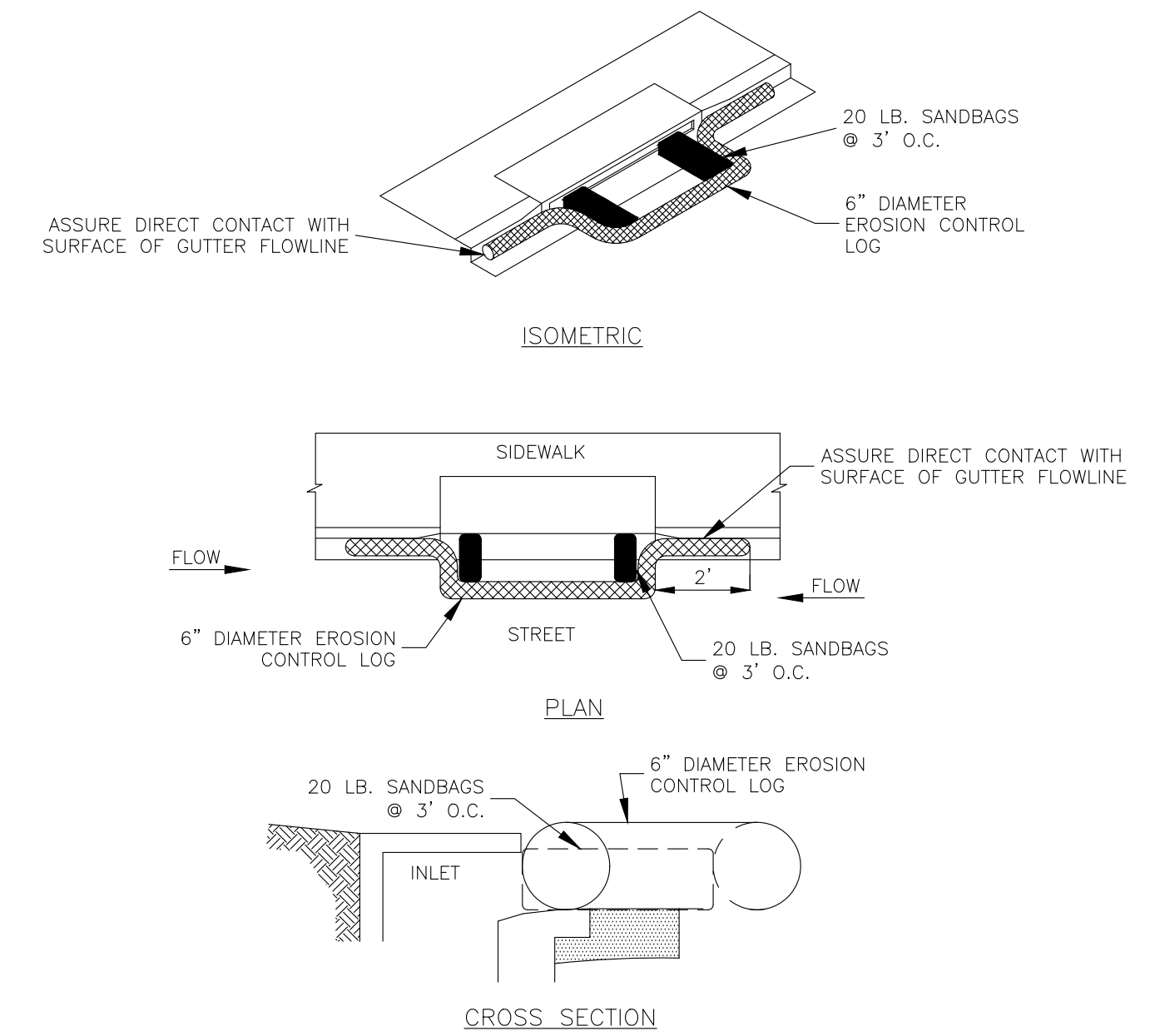
1 TYPE III SILT FENCE DETAIL
N.T.S.



EXCAVATED WASHOUT STRUCTURE

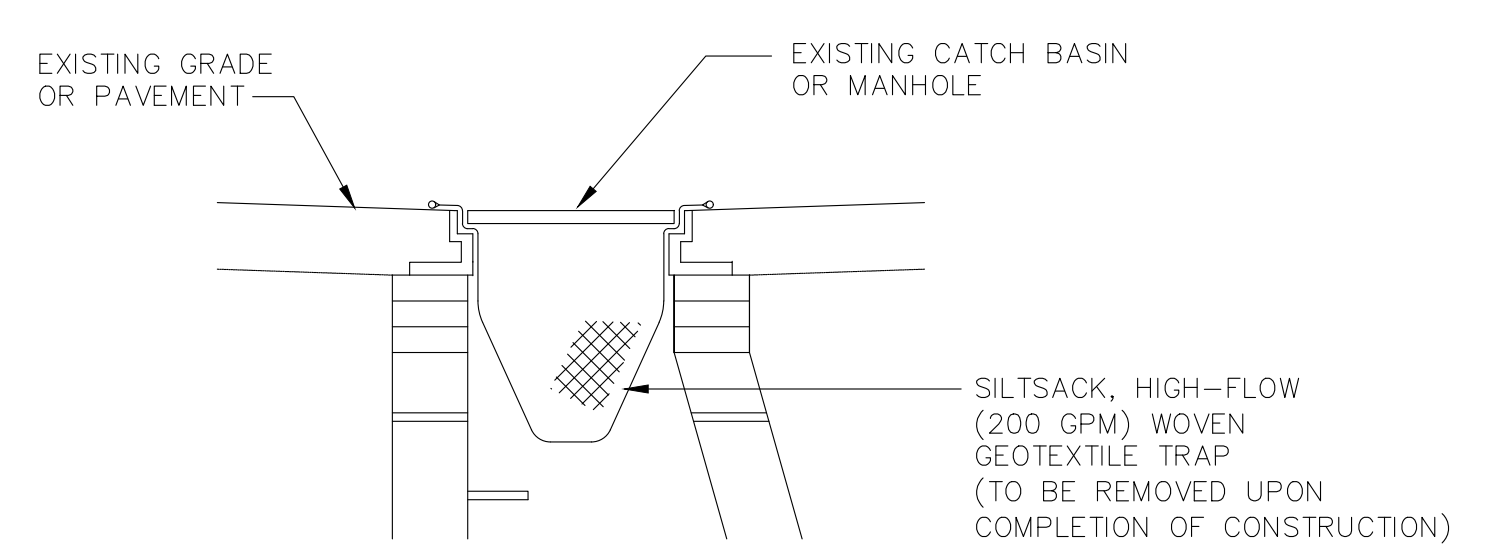
- NOTES:**
1. LOCATE WASHOUT STRUCTURE A MINIMUM OF 50 FEET AWAY FROM OPEN CHANNELS, STORM DRAIN INLETS, SENSITIVE AREAS, WETLANDS, BUFFERS AND WATER COURSES AND AWAY FROM CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC.
 2. SIZE WASHOUT STRUCTURE FOR VOLUME NECESSARY TO CONTAIN WASH WATER AND SOLIDS AND MAINTAIN AT LEAST 4 INCHES OF FREEBOARD. TYPICAL DIMENSIONS ARE 10 FEET X 10 FEET X 3 FEET DEEP.
 3. PREPARE SOIL BASE FREE OF ROCKS OR OTHER DEBRIS THAT MAY CAUSE TEARS OR HOLES IN THE LINER. FOR LINER, USE 10 MIL OR THICKER UV RESISTANT, IMPERMEABLE SHEETING, FREE OF HOLES AND TEARS OR OTHER DEFECTS THAT COMPROMISE IMPERMEABILITY OF THE MATERIAL.
 4. PROVIDE A SIGN FOR THE WASHOUT IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO THE FACILITY.
 5. KEEP CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE WATER TIGHT. REPLACE IMPERMEABLE LINER IF DAMAGED (E.G., RIPPED OR PUNCTURED). EMPTY OR REPLACE WASHOUT STRUCTURE THAT IS 75 PERCENT FULL, AND DISPOSE OF ACCUMULATED MATERIAL PROPERLY. DO NOT REUSE PLASTIC LINER. WET-VACUUM STORED LIQUIDS THAT HAVE NOT EVAPORATED AND DISPOSE OF IN AN APPROVED MANNER. PRIOR TO FORECASTED RAINSTORMS, REMOVE LIQUIDS OR COVER STRUCTURE TO PREVENT OVERFLOWS. REMOVE HARDENED SOLIDS, WHOLE OR BROKEN UP, FOR DISPOSAL OR RECYCLING. MAINTAIN RUNOFF DIVERSION AROUND EXCAVATED WASHOUT STRUCTURE UNTIL STRUCTURE IS REMOVED.

2 CONCRETE WASH OUT
N.T.S.



- NOTES:**
1. EROSION CONTROL LOG CONTAINMENT MESH SHALL BE 100% BIODEGRADABLE, PHOTODEGRADABLE OR RECYCLABLE; AND FILL MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF MULCH, ASPEN EXCELSIOR FIBERS, CHIPPED SITE VEGETATION, COCONUT FIBERS, 100% RECYCLABLE FIBERS, OR ANY OTHER ACCEPTABLE MATERIAL EXCLUDING STRAW AND HAY.
 2. DAILY INSPECTION SHALL BE MADE BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SILT ACCUMULATION MUST BE REMOVED WHEN DEPTH REACHES 2".
 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL MONITOR THE PERFORMANCE OF INLET PROTECTION DURING EACH RAINFALL EVENT AND IMMEDIATELY REMOVE THE INLET PROTECTIONS IF THE STORM WATER BEGINS TO OVERTOP THE CURB.
 4. INLET PROTECTIONS SHALL BE REMOVED AS SOON AS THE SOURCE OF SEDIMENT IS STABILIZED.

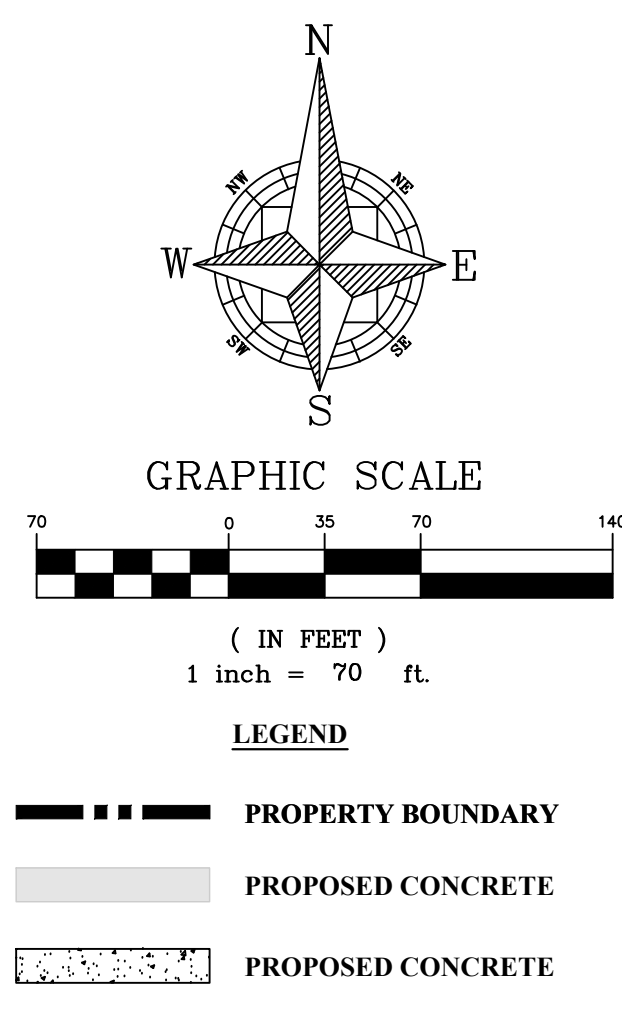
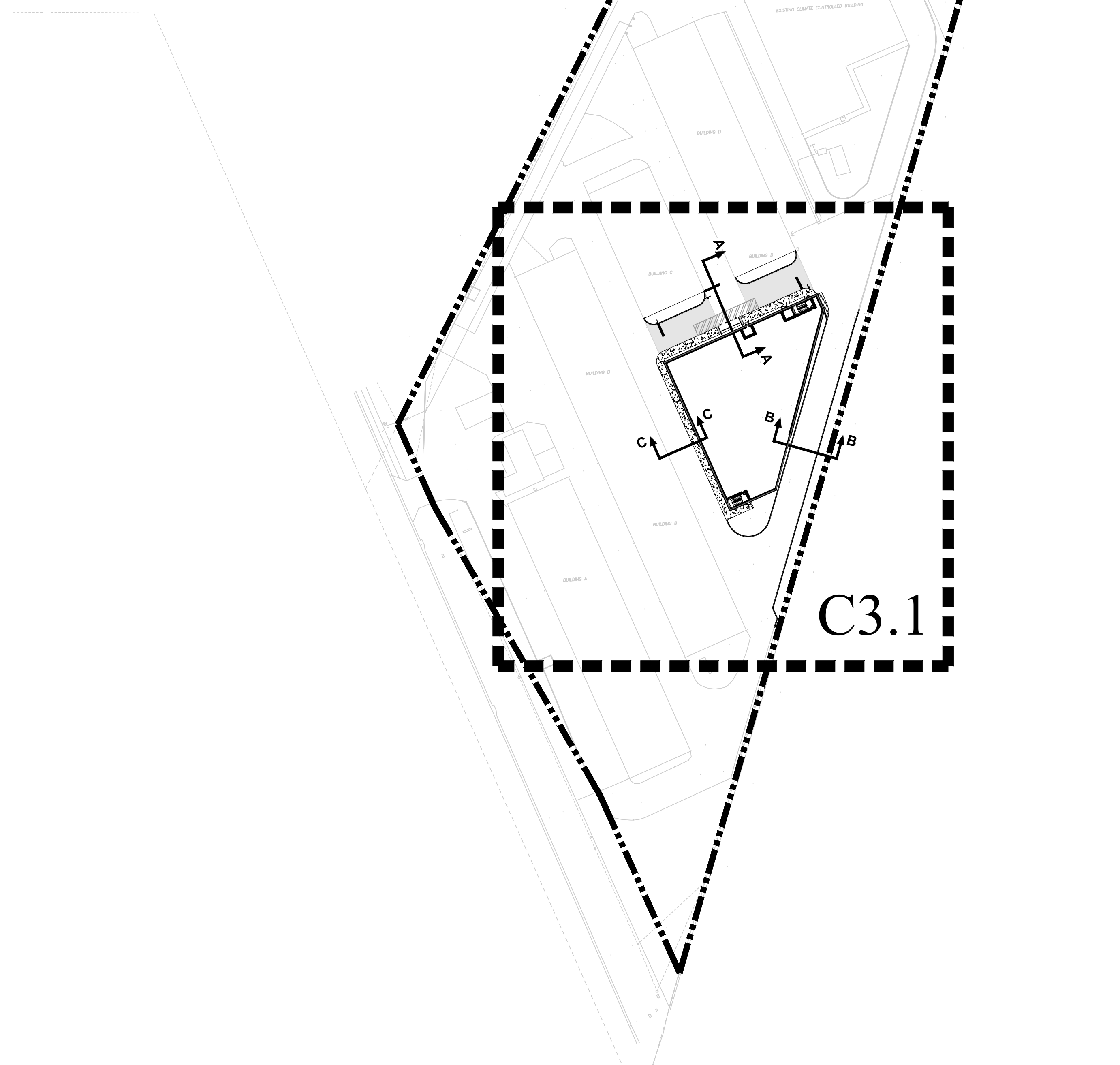
3A EROSION CONTROL LOG DETAIL (IF NEEDED)
N.T.S.



3B INLET TRAP AND FILTER (IF NEEDED)
N.T.S.

CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING		APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC.		APPANFL.COM • 407.960.5868	2231 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida, 32789	STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
EROSION CONTROL & DEMO PLAN - DETAILS				FINAL SITE PLAN		
LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012				IMPROVEMENTS		
DEBARY, FLORIDA						
SCALE	N.T.S.	PROJECT	SSS-005	SHEET	C-2.2	
DRAWN:	T.MOORE	DESIGNED:	J.PALM	CHECKED:	M. STACY	DATE:
						5/15/2023
APPIAN ENGINEERING		APPIAN ENGINEERING		APPIAN ENGINEERING		
Sunshine 811		Sunshine 811		Sunshine 811		
Call 811 or visit sunshine811.com two full business days before digging to have buried facilities located and marked. Check positive response codes before you dig!		Call 811 or visit sunshine811.com two full business days before digging to have buried facilities located and marked. Check positive response codes before you dig!		Call 811 or visit sunshine811.com two full business days before digging to have buried facilities located and marked. Check positive response codes before you dig!		
5/15/23		5/15/23		5/15/23		
REV.		DATE		DESCRIPTION		

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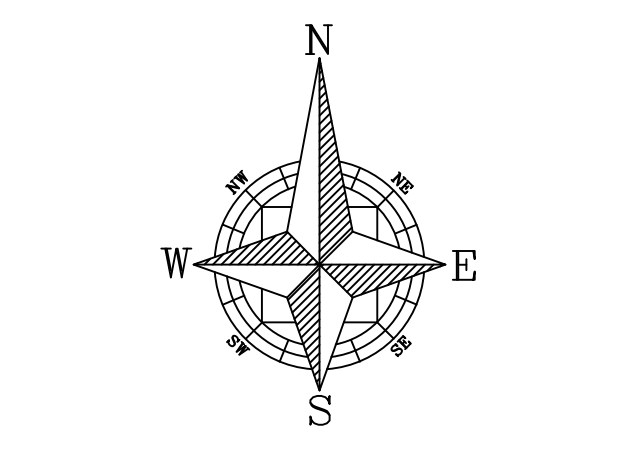
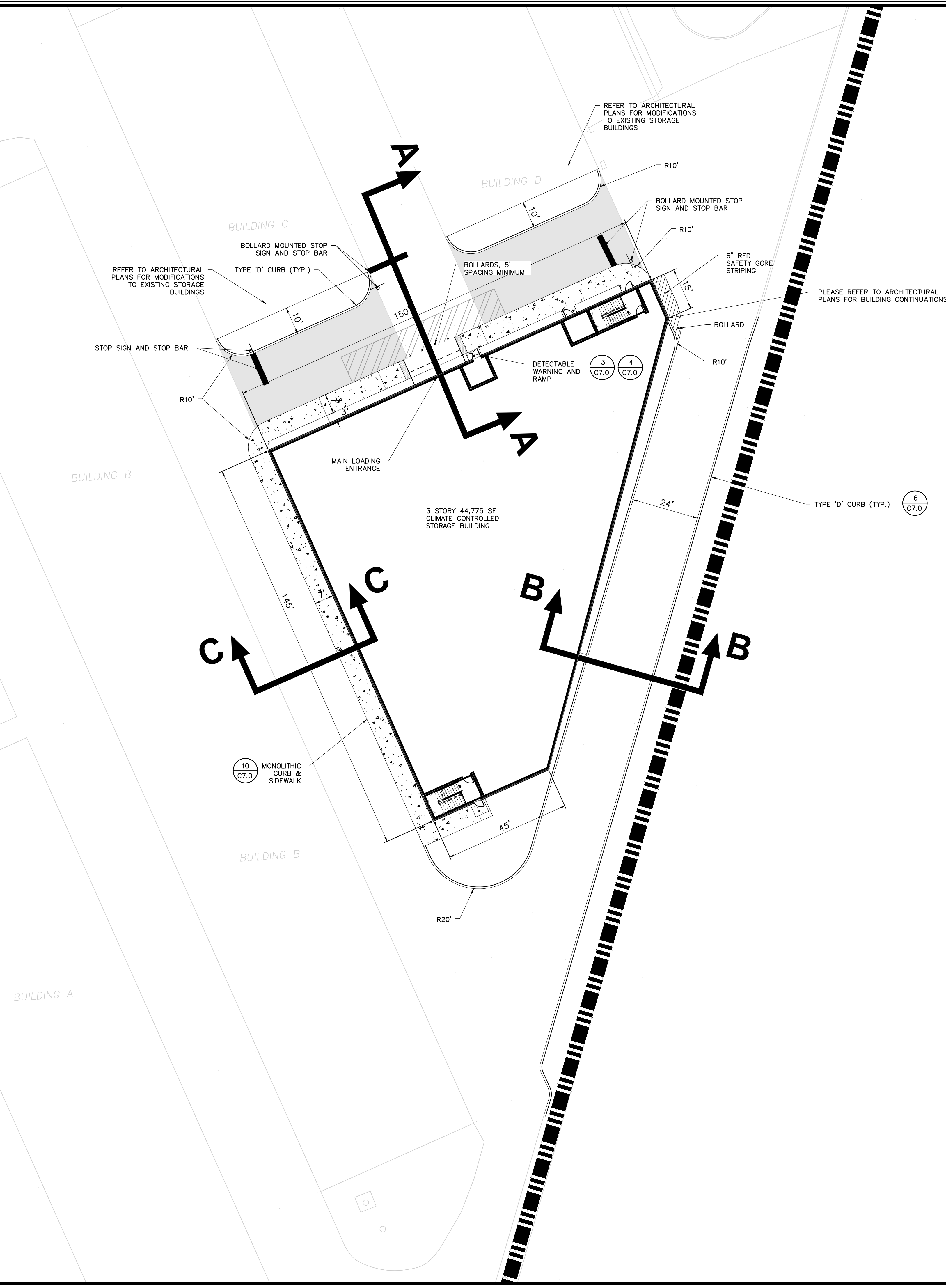


SITE DATA	
1. OCPA - PARCEL ID #s:	17-22-29-5594-00-010
2. PROPERTY LOCATION:	3075 ENTERPRISE ROAD DEBARY, FLORIDA 32713
3. TOTAL PROPERTY AREA:	8.53 AC.
4. LEED SITE AREA:	1.12 AC.
5. REQUIRED FLOOR AREA RATIO (FAR):	0.70 FAR (MAX)
6. PROPOSED FLOOR AREA RATIO (FAR):	EXISTING STORAGE BUILDINGS TO REMAIN: 1.89 Ac. (0.22 FAR) PROPOSED STORAGE BUILDING: 0.34 Ac. (0.04 FAR) TOTAL: 3.95 Ac. (0.26 FAR)
7. REQUIRED IMPERVIOUS SURFACE RATIO (ISR):	0.90 ISR (MAX)
8. PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS SURFACE RATIO (ISR):	7.48 Ac. (0.89 ISR)
9. FEMA FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP FLOOD ZONE:	A MAP #12127C0620K DATED SEP. 29, 2017
10. EXISTING FUTURE LAND USE (FLU):	C/R COMMERCIAL/RETAIL
11. ADJACENT FUTURE LAND USE(FLU):	NORTH: 140 IMP LAKEFRONT SOUTH: VACANT COMMERCIAL EAST: 101 IMP PVD THRU WEST: 1200 MIXED, STORE, AND OFFICE
12. EXISTING ZONING:	B-5 HEAVY COMMERCIAL
13. ADJACENT ZONING:	NORTH: R-1 SINGLE FAMILY SOUTH: B-5 EAST: R-1 SINGLE FAMILY WEST: B-5
14. LEED SITE AREA SETBACKS:	FRONT YARD: 0 FT (MIN) BACK YARD: 10 FT SIDE YARD: 0 OR 3 FT (MIN) STREET YARD: 10 FT
15. LEED SITE AREA BUFFER YARD REQUIRED:	NORTH: 7.5 FT SOUTH: 0 FT EAST: 7.5 FT WEST: 7.5 FT
16. LEED SITE AREA BUFFER YARD PROVIDED:	NORTH: 10 FT SOUTH: 0 FT EAST: 7.5 FT WEST: 12 FT
17. MAX BUILDING HEIGHT:	3 STORIES
18. WATER SERVICE PROVIDED BY ORLANDO UTILITY COMMISSION	
19. SEWER SERVICE PROVIDED BY ORLANDO UTILITY COMMISSION	
20. ALL UTILITY LINES SHALL BE PROVIDED AND DESIGNED TO MEET ORLANDO UTILITY COMMISSION AND NFPA REQUIREMENTS	
21. THE PROJECT DOES NOT CONTAIN ONSITE WETLANDS	
22. PROJECT SIGNAGE SHALL COMPLY WITH THE CITY OF ORLANDO LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE	

CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC. APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868 2221 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida, 32789 <small>STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION #1414</small>	OVERALL GEOMETRY PLAN FINAL SITE PLAN	LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012 IMPROVEMENTS DEBARY, FLORIDA
	SCALE: 1" = 70' PROJECT: SSS-005 SHEET: C3.0	DRAWN: T.MOORE DESIGNED: J.PALM CHECKED: M. STACY DATE: 5/15/2023
		5/15/23

Call 811 or visit sunshine811.com two full business days before digging to have buried facilities located and marked.
 Check positive response codes before you dig!

P:\PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBarry LS 012 Drawings\CAD Civil3D\Layouts\03 Final Engineering\GEOMETRY CROSS SECTIONS.dwg Modified: 5/15/2023 By: tmoore



LEGEND

--- PROPERTY BOUNDARY

PROPOSED CONCRETE

PROPOSED CONCRETE

CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING		APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC.		APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868		2221 Lee Road, Suite 27, Warner Park, Florida, 32789		STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION: 15174	
GEOMETRY PLAN		FINAL SITE PLAN		LIFE STORAGE DEBARRY STORE LS 012		IMPROVEMENTS		DEBARRY, FLORIDA	
SCALE	1" = 20'	DRAWN	T. MOORE	DESIGNED	J. PALM	CHECKED	M. STACY	DATE	5/15/2023
PROJECT	SSS-005	SHEET	C.3.1						
		Sunshine 811 Call 811 or visit sunshine811.com two full business days before digging to have buried facilities located and marked. Check positive response codes before you dig!							
								5/15/23	
								REV. DATE DESCRIPTION	

GENERAL UTILITY NOTES:

- BACTERIOLOGICAL TESTS WITH CHLORINE RESIDUALS INDICATED (TAKEN ON TWO CONSECUTIVE DAYS) SHALL BE CONDUCTED AT EACH POTABLE WATER METER FOR EVERY BUILDING, AT EVERY WET-TAP CONNECTION AND EVERY LOCATION INDICATED WITHIN THESE PLANS. RESULTS OF THE BACTERIOLOGICAL TESTS SHALL BE PROVIDED TO THE ENGINEER OF RECORD IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION. BACTERIOLOGICAL TEST RESULTS SHALL BE CONSIDERED UNACCEPTABLE IF THE TESTS WERE COMPLETED MORE THAN 30 DAYS BEFORE THE ENGINEER RECEIVED THE RESULTS.
- ALL WATERMANS SHALL BE INSTALLED A MINIMUM OF 36" BELOW FINISHED GRADE.
- ALL WATERMANS AND FIRELINES PIPES SHALL BE RESTRAINED VIA MECHANICAL JOINTS.
- WATER MAIN PVC PIPES LESS THAN 4 INCHES MUST CONFORM TO THE SPECIFICATIONS OF ASTM 1785 (SCHEDULE 40, 80, 120) OR ASTM 2241 SDR21 AND MUST BEAR THE NSF LOGO ON EACH INSTALLED LENGTH.
- UNDERGROUND MARKING TAPE FOR ALL SANITARY FORCEMANS SHALL BE INSTALLED 4 TO 8 INCHES BELOW THE FINISHED GRADE SURFACE DIRECTLY OVER THE PIPELINE. MARKER TAPE SHALL BE MADE OF AN INERT POLYETHYLENE MATERIAL HAVING A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 4 MILS AND BE COLOR CODED "SAFETY GREEN".
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT AND PROVIDE RESULTS IMMEDIATELY TO THE ENGINEER OF RECORD FOR PRESSURE AND LEAKAGE TESTS ON THE FORCE MAIN TRUNK LINE ONCE THE PRESSURE SEWER HAS BEEN INSTALLED AND PARTLY BACKFILLED. FINAL BACKFILL AND COMPACTION SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL APPROVAL OF THE PRESSURE AND LEAKAGE TESTS HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- FOLLOWING SATISFACTORY PRESSURE TEST RESULTS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DISINFECT ALL SECTIONS OF THE WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, AND RECEIVE APPROVAL THEREOF FROM APPROPRIATE AGENCIES PRIOR TO PLACING THE SYSTEM INTO SERVICE.
- FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL BE PLACED A MINIMUM OF 3 FT. AND A MAXIMUM OF 5 FT. FROM THE CURB OR PAVED ROAD SURFACE UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED. NO FENCE, TREE, POST, SHRUB, OR OTHER OBJECT WHICH COULD BLOCK THE HYDRANT FROM NORMAL VIEW OR OBSTRUCT THE HYDRANT'S USE SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN FOUR (4) FEET OF THE HYDRANT. THE FOUR-AND-ONE-HALF INCH (4-1/2") LARGE VOLUME CONNECTION SHALL FACE THE NEAREST ROADWAY. THE CENTER OF THE STEAMER PORT SHALL BE 18 INCHES MINIMUM AND 24 INCHES MAXIMUM ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.
- ALL FIRE HYDRANT LEADS SHALL HAVE AN INSIDE DIAMETER OF AT LEAST SIX INCHES AND INCLUDE AUXILIARY VALVES.
- WHEN NECESSARY, DEWATERING SHALL BE PROVIDED TO KEEP THE GROUNDWATER ELEVATION A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES BELOW MAIN BEING LAID.
- ALL UTILITIES SHALL BE LAID ON A FIRM FOUNDATION WITH ALL UNSUITABLE MATERIAL (MUCK, ROCK, COQUINA, ETC.) REMOVED AND REPLACED WITH CLEAN GRANULAR MATERIAL.
- TRENCHES SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH MATERIAL ACCEPTABLE TO CITY OF DEBARY UTILITIES WITH A MINIMUM COMPACTION OF 98% IN PAVED AREAS AND 95% IN UNPAVED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO T-180 MODIFIED PROCTOR TEST.
- IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE THAT TRENCH COMPACTION TESTS BE PROVIDED AT POINTS 12 INCHES ABOVE THE PIPE AND AT 12 INCHES VERTICAL INTERVALS TO FINISH GRADE, AT A MINIMUM SPACING OF EVERY 300 FEET.
- ALL WATER SERVICE ENDINGS SHALL BE MARKED WITH A 2" X 4" LUMBER (PRESSURE TREATED) EXTENDING 4 FEET ABOVE GRADE, WITH WATER SERVICES SECURED 12" MAXIMUM ABOVE THE GROUND.
- ALL WATER VALVES, INCLUDING CONCRETE COLLAR (WITH DEBRIS CAP), SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO FINISHED GRADE AND THE VALVE BOX LID, PAINTED BLUE TO MAKE THEM PLAINLY VISIBLE.
- UPON FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF NEW WATER SYSTEMS, WATER VALVES SHALL BE COMPLETELY OPENED BY PUBLIC UTILITIES PERSONNEL. AT NO TIME SHALL CONTRACTOR OPERATE ANY EXISTING VALVES WITHOUT CITY OF DEBARY UTILITIES INSPECTOR PRESENT.
- ALL WATER MAINS SHALL BE NSF-APPROVED FOR POTABLE WATER USE.
- PIPE USED IN WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS SHALL BE EITHER POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC), OR DUCTILE IRON PIPE (DIP).

- (a) ALL PVC PIPE OF NOMINAL DIAMETER FOUR (4) INCHES THROUGH TWELVE (12) INCHES SHALL BE MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA STANDARD C900, LATEST EDITION. THE PVC PIPE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM WORKING PRESSURE RATING OF 150PSI AND SHALL HAVE A DIMENSION RATIO (DR) OF 18.
 (b) ALL DUCTILE IRON PIPE SHALL BE MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI/AWWA A21.51/C151 AND HAVE A MINIMUM 350 PRESSURE CLASS RATING

19. PIPE USED IN GRAVITY SEWER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) OR DUCTILE IRON PIPE (DIP). WHERE REFERENCE IS MADE TO AN ASTM, ANSI, OR AASHTO DESIGNATION, IT SHALL BE THE LATEST REVISION.

- (a) PVC GRAVITY SEWER PIPE (4 INCH - 15 INCH), ASTM D3034, SDR 35 - UNIFORM MINIMUM "PIPE STIFFNESS" AT FIVE (5) PERCENT DEFLECTION SHALL BE 46PSI. THE JOINTS SHALL BE INTEGRAL BELL ELASTOMERIC GASKET JOINTS MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D3212 AND ASTM F477. APPLICABLE UNI-BELL PLASTIC PIPE ASSOCIATION STANDARD IS UNI-B-4. ALL PVC PIPE SHALL BEAR THE NSF-DW SEAL AND BE GREEN IN OVERALL COLOR. THE MINIMUM STANDARD LENGTH OF PIPE SHALL BE THIRTEEN (13) FEET.
 (b) DUCTILE IRON PIPE SHALL CONFORM TO ANSI/AWWA A21.51/C151, CLASS THICKNESS DESIGNED PER ANSI/AWWA A21.50/C150, WITH MECHANICAL OR PUSH ON JOINTS. AN INTERIOR PROTECTIVE LINING OF COAL TAR EPOXY SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH A MINIMUM DRY THICKNESS OF 30 MILS. DUCTILE IRON GRAVITY SEWERS, WHERE REQUIRED BY CITY OF DEBARY UTILITIES BASED ON GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS, SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH POLYETHYLENE FILM, AWWA C105. SEE APPENDIX C. THE MINIMUM STANDARD LENGTH OF PIPE SHALL BE EIGHTEEN (18) FEET.

ADDITIONAL NOTES

1. ALL EXISTING UTILITIES MUST BE FIELD VERIFIED AT ALL POINTS OF CONNECTION TO, AND AT ALL AREAS OF CONFLICT WITH CITY MAINS.

WATER SYSTEM TESTING REQUIREMENTS:

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM HYDROSTATIC TESTING OF ALL WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS, AS SET FORTH IN THE FOLLOWING AND SHALL CONDUCT SAID TESTS IN THE PRESENCE OF REPRESENTATIVES FROM CITY OF DEBARY UTILITIES AND/OR OTHER AUTHORIZED AGENCIES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE 48 HOURS ADVANCED NOTICE PRIOR TO TESTING OF THE WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.
- ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY CITY OF DEBARY UTILITIES SHALL BE PAID FOR BY THE DEVELOPER / CONTRACTOR.
- ALL PROPOSED WATER MAINS SHALL BE TESTED AND CLEARED FOR SERVICE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST AWWA STANDARDS AND THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS.
- PRIOR TO HYDROSTATIC TESTING A PRELIMINARY FLUSHING SHALL BE REQUIRED THROUGH FULL DIAMETER FLUSHING OR SWABBING. PRELIMINARY FLUSHING/SWABBING SHALL BE PERFORMED PER AWWA C651 STANDARD - "DISINFECTING WATER MAINS". ALL PIPING SHALL BE THOROUGHLY CLEANED AND FLUSHED PRIOR TO TESTING TO CLEAR THE LINES OF ALL FOREIGN MATTER. WHILE THE PIPING IS BEING FILLED WITH WATER, CARE SHALL BE EXERCISED TO PERMIT THE ESCAPE OF AIR FROM EXTREMITIES ALONG THE TEST SECTION.
- HYDROSTATIC TESTING SHALL CONSIST OF PRESSURE TEST AND LEAKAGE TEST. PIPING AND APPURTENANCES TO BE TESTED SHALL BE WITHIN SECTIONS BETWEEN VALVES, NOT EXCEEDING 2,000 FEET UNLESS ALTERNATE METHODS HAVE RECEIVED PRIOR APPROVAL FROM CITY OF DEBARY UTILITIES. TESTING SHALL NOT PROCEED UNTIL CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKS ARE IN PLACE AND CURED, OR OTHER RESTRAINING DEVICES INSTALLED.
- HYDROSTATIC TESTING SHALL BE PERFORMED AT 150 POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH PRESSURE, UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY CITY OF DEBARY UTILITIES, FOR A PERIOD OF NOT LESS THAN TWO (2) HOURS.
- THE ALLOWABLE RATE OF LEAKAGE SHALL BE LESS THAN THE NUMBER OF GALLONS PER HOUR DETERMINED BY THE FOLLOWING FORMULA:

$$L = \frac{SD \cdot \sqrt{P}}{148,000}$$

WHERE:
 L = ALLOWABLE LEAKAGE, IN GALLONS PER HOUR
 S = LENGTH OF PIPE TESTED, IN FEET
 D = NOMINAL DIAMETER OF PIPE, IN INCHES
 P = AVERAGE TEST PRESSURE DURING THE LEAKAGE TEST, IN POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH (GAUGE)

8. SHOULD THE TEST FAIL, NECESSARY REPAIRS SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE TEST REPEATED UNTIL WITHIN PASSING LIMITS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH ALL THE NECESSARY LABOR, PUMPS, GAUGES AND ALL OTHER ITEMS NECESSARY TO CONDUCT THE REQUIRED WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM TESTING AND PERFORM NECESSARY REPAIRS.

SEWER SYSTEM TESTING REQUIREMENTS:

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM TESTING OF ALL SANITARY SEWAGE GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEMS, AS SET FORTH IN THE FOLLOWING AND SHALL CONDUCT SAID TESTS IN THE PRESENCE OF REPRESENTATIVES FROM CITY OF DEBARY UTILITIES AND/OR OTHER AUTHORIZED AGENCIES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE 48 HOURS ADVANCED NOTICE PRIOR TO TESTING OF THE WASTEWATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.
- ALL TESTING REQUIRED BY CITY OF DEBARY UTILITIES SHALL BE PAID FOR BY THE DEVELOPER / CONTRACTOR.
- GRAVITY MAINS SHALL BE INSPECTED WITH CCTV FOR ALIGNMENT, GRADE VARIATIONS, SEPARATED PIPES, LEAKS, DEFLECTION, CRACKED, BROKEN OR OTHERWISE DEFECTIVE PIPE TO ENSURE OVERALL PIPE INTEGRITY. THE APPROVED CCTV INSPECTION CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT THE REPORT TO THE UTILITIES DEPARTMENT AS REQUIRED.
- LEAKAGE TESTING FOR GRAVITY MAINS SHALL BE BY LOW-PRESSURE AIR TEST. LEAKAGE TESTING SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURE FOR "RECOMMENDED PRACTICE FOR LOW PRESSURE AIR TESTING OF INSTALLED SEWER PIPE" AS ESTABLISHED BY THE UNI-BELL PVC PIPE ASSOCIATION.
- EACH GRAVITY MAIN LEAKAGE TEST SECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED 400 FEET IN LENGTH AND SHALL BE TESTED BETWEEN ADJACENT MANHOLES.

LOCATION OF PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM MAINS IN ACCORDANCE WITH F.A.C. RULE 62-555.314

Other Pipe	Horizontal Separation	Crossings (1)	Joint Spacing @ Crossings (Full Joint Centered)
Storm Sewer, Stormwater Force Main, Reclaimed Water (2)	Water Main 3 ft. minimum	Water Main 12 inches is the minimum, except for storm sewer, then 6 inches is the minimum and 12 inches is preferred	Water Main Alternate 3 ft. minimum
Vacuum Sanitary Sewer	Water Main 10 ft. preferred 3 ft. minimum	Water Main 12 inches preferred 6 inches minimum	Water Main Alternate 3 ft. minimum
Gravity or Pressure Sanitary Sewer, Sanitary Sewer Force Main, Reclaimed Water (4)	Water Main 10 ft. preferred 6 ft. minimum (3)	Water Main 12 inches is the minimum, except for gravity sewer, then 6 inches is the minimum and 12 inches is preferred	Water Main Alternate 6 ft. minimum
On-Site Sewage Treatment & Disposal System	10 ft. minimum	---	---

(1) Water main should cross above other pipe. When water main must be below other pipe, the minimum separation is 12 inches.
 (2) Reclaimed water regulated under Part III of Chapter 62-610, F.A.C.
 (3) 3 ft. for gravity sanitary sewer where the bottom of the water main is laid at least 6 inches above the top of the gravity sanitary sewer.
 (4) Reclaimed water not regulated under Part III of Chapter 62-610, F.A.C.

Disclaimer - This document is provided for your convenience only. Please refer to F.A.C. Rule 62-555.314 for additional construction requirements.

FDEP UTILITY CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- NOTE TO THE UTILITY: PURSUANT TO 62-555.345; DO NOT PROVIDE WATER SERVICE TO THIS PROJECT (OTHER THAN FLUSHING/TESTING) UNTIL THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION HAS ISSUED A LETTER OF CLEARANCE OR THE UTILITY SHALL BE SUBJECT TO ENFORCEMENT ACTION.
- THE PERMITTEE WILL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT UPON SALE OR LEGAL TRANSFER OF THE PERMITTED FACILITY
- ALL WATER MAINS AND APPURTENANCES SHALL BE DISINFECTED AND BACTERIOLOGICALLY EVALUATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 62-555.340, F.A.C.
- ALL WATER MAIN PIPE, INCLUDING FITTINGS SHALL BE COLOR CODED OR MARKED USING BLUE AS A PREDOMINANT COLOR TO DIFFERENTIATE DRINKING WATER FROM RECLAIMED OR OTHER WATER. UNDERGROUND PLASTIC PIPE SHALL BE SOLID-WALL BLUE PIPE, SHALL HAVE A CO-EXTRUDED BLUE EXTERNAL SKIN, OR SHALL BE WHITE OR BLACK PIPE WITH BLUE STRIPES INCORPORATED INTO, OR APPLIED TO THE PIPE WALL; AND UNDERGROUND METAL OR CONCRETE PIPE SHALL HAVE BLUE STRIPES APPLIED TO THE PIPE WALL. PIPE STRIPED DURING MANUFACTURING OF THE PIPE SHALL HAVE CONTINUOUS STRIPES THAT RUN PARALLEL TO THE AXIS OF THE PIPE, THAT ARE LOCATED AT NO GREATER THAN 90-DEGREE INTERVALS AROUND THE PIPE, AND THAT WILL REMAIN INTACT DURING AND AFTER INSTALLATION OF THE PIPE. IF TAPE OR PAINT IS USED TO STRIPE PIPE DURING INSTALLATION OF THE PIPE, THE TAPE OR PAINT SHALL BE APPLIED IN A CONTINUOUS LINE THAT RUNS PARALLEL TO THE AXIS OF THE PIPE AND THAT IS LOCATED ALONG THE TOP OF THE PIPE; FOR PIPES WITH AN INTERNAL DIAMETER OF 24 INCHES OR GREATER, TAPE OR PAINT SHALL BE APPLIED IN CONTINUOUS LINES ALONG EACH SIDE OF THE PIPE AS WELL AS ALONG THE TOP OF THE PIPE.

FDEP UTILITY SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS

(62-555.314, F.A.C. LOCATION OF PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM MAINS)

FOR THE PURPOSE OF THIS SECTION, THE PHRASE "WATER MAINS" SHALL MEAN MAINS, INCLUDING TREATMENT PLANT PROCESS PIPING, CONVEYING EITHER RAW, PARTIALLY TREATED, OR FINISHED DRINKING WATER; FIRE HYDRANT LEADS; AND SERVICE LINES THAT ARE UNDER THE CONTROL OF A PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM AND THAT HAVE AN INSIDE DIAMETER OF THREE INCHES OR GREATER.

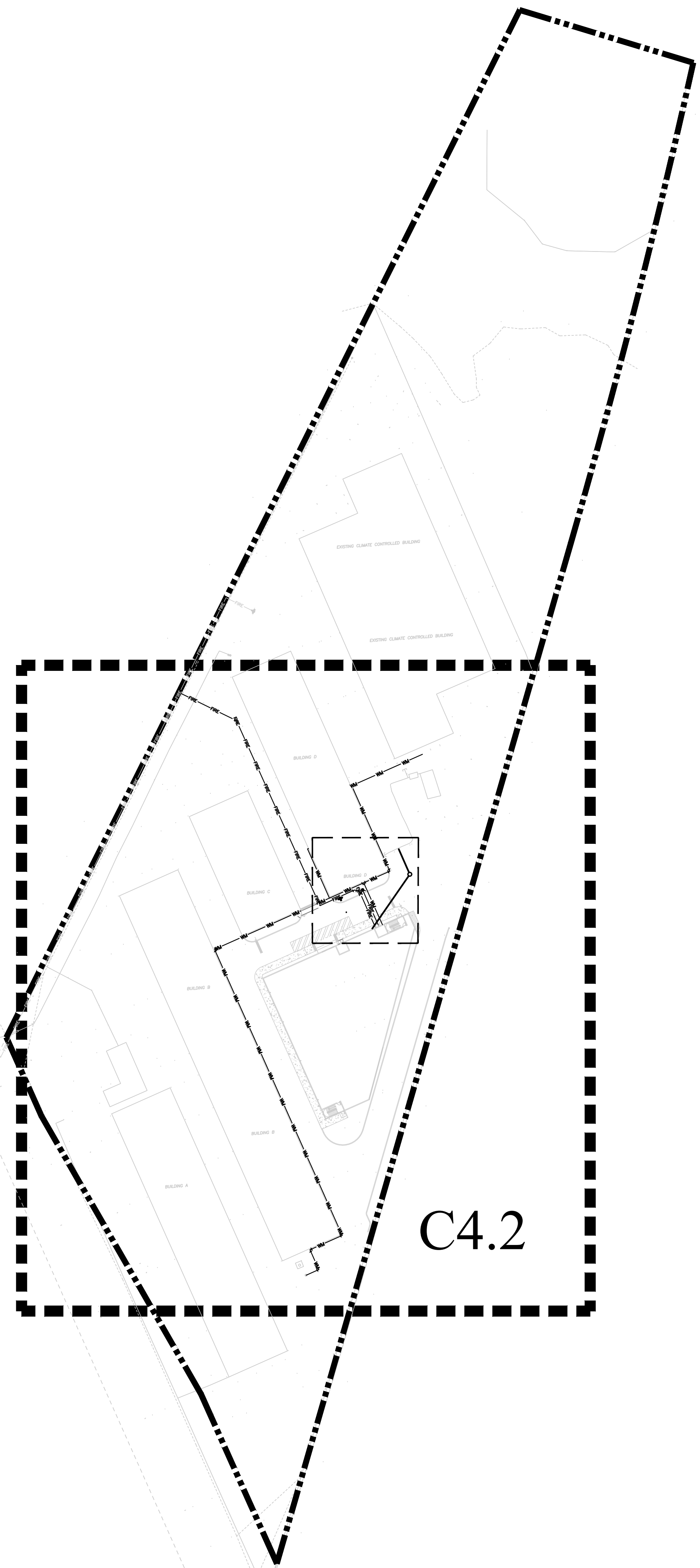
- HORIZONTAL SEPARATION** BETWEEN UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS AND SANITARY OR STORM SEWERS, WASTEWATER OR STORMWATER FORCE MAINS, RECLAIMED WATER PIPELINES, AND ON-SITE SEWAGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL SYSTEMS.
 - NEW OR RELOCATED, UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS SHALL BE LAID TO PROVIDE A HORIZONTAL DISTANCE OF AT LEAST THREE FEET BETWEEN THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN AND THE OUTSIDE OF ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED STORM SEWER, STORMWATER FORCE MAIN, OR PIPELINE CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER REGULATED UNDER PART III OF CHAPTER 62-610, F.A.C.
 - NEW OR RELOCATED, UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS SHALL BE LAID TO PROVIDE A HORIZONTAL DISTANCE OF AT LEAST THREE FEET, AND PREFERABLY TEN FEET, BETWEEN THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN AND THE OUTSIDE OF ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED VACUUM-TYPE SANITARY SEWER.
 - NEW OR RELOCATED, UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS SHALL BE LAID TO PROVIDE A HORIZONTAL DISTANCE OF AT LEAST SIX FEET, AND PREFERABLY TEN FEET, BETWEEN THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN AND THE OUTSIDE OF ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED GRAVITY- OR PRESSURE-TYPE SANITARY SEWER, WASTEWATER FORCE MAIN, OR PIPELINE CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER NOT REGULATED UNDER PART III OF CHAPTER 62-610, F.A.C. THE MINIMUM HORIZONTAL SEPARATION DISTANCE BETWEEN WATER MAINS AND GRAVITY-TYPE SANITARY SEWERS SHALL BE REDUCED TO THREE FEET WHERE THE BOTTOM OF THE WATER MAIN IS LAID AT LEAST SIX INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE SEWER.
 - NEW OR RELOCATED, UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS SHALL BE LAID TO PROVIDE A HORIZONTAL DISTANCE OF AT LEAST TEN FEET BETWEEN THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN AND ALL PARTS OF ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED "ON-SITE SEWAGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL SYSTEM" AS DEFINED IN SECTION 381.0065(2), F.S., AND RULE 64E-6.002, F.A.C.
- VERTICAL SEPARATION** BETWEEN UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS AND SANITARY OR STORM SEWERS, WASTEWATER OR STORMWATER FORCE MAINS, AND RECLAIMED WATER PIPELINES.
 - NEW OR RELOCATED, UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS CROSSING ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED GRAVITY- OR VACUUM-TYPE SANITARY SEWER OR STORM SEWER SHALL BE LAID SO THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN IS AT LEAST SIX INCHES, AND PREFERABLY 12 INCHES, ABOVE OR AT LEAST 12 INCHES BELOW THE OUTSIDE OF THE OTHER PIPELINE. HOWEVER, IT IS PREFERABLE TO LAY THE WATER MAIN ABOVE THE OTHER PIPELINE.
 - NEW OR RELOCATED, UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS CROSSING ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED PRESSURE-TYPE SANITARY SEWER, WASTEWATER OR STORMWATER FORCE MAIN, OR PIPELINE CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER SHALL BE LAID SO THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN IS AT LEAST 12 INCHES ABOVE OR BELOW THE OUTSIDE OF THE OTHER PIPELINE. HOWEVER, IT IS PREFERABLE TO LAY THE WATER MAIN ABOVE THE OTHER PIPELINE.
 - AT THE UTILITY CROSSINGS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) ABOVE, ONE FULL LENGTH OF WATER MAIN PIPE SHALL BE CENTERED ABOVE OR BELOW THE OTHER PIPELINE SO THE WATER MAIN JOINTS WILL BE AS FAR AS POSSIBLE FROM THE OTHER PIPELINE. ALTERNATIVELY, AT SUCH CROSSINGS, THE PIPES SHALL BE ARRANGED SO THAT ALL WATER MAIN JOINTS ARE AT LEAST THREE FEET FROM ALL JOINTS IN VACUUM-TYPE SANITARY SEWERS, STORM SEWERS, STORMWATER FORCE MAINS, OR PIPELINES CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER REGULATED UNDER PART III OF CHAPTER 62-610, F.A.C.; AND AT LEAST SIX FEET FROM ALL JOINTS IN GRAVITY- OR PRESSURE-TYPE SANITARY SEWERS, WASTEWATER FORCE MAINS, OR PIPELINES CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER NOT REGULATED UNDER PART III OF CHAPTER 62-610, F.A.C.
- SEPARATION BETWEEN WATER MAINS AND SANITARY OR STORM SEWER MANHOLES.**
 - NO WATER MAIN SHALL PASS THROUGH, OR COME INTO CONTACT WITH, ANY PART OF A SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE.
 - EFFECTIVE AUGUST 28, 2003, WATER MAINS SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUCTED OR ALTERED TO PASS THROUGH, OR COME INTO CONTACT WITH, ANY PART OF A STORM SEWER MANHOLE OR INLET STRUCTURE.
- SEPARATION BETWEEN FIRE HYDRANT DRAINS AND SANITARY OR STORM SEWERS, WASTEWATER OR STORMWATER FORCE MAINS, RECLAIMED WATER PIPELINES, AND ON-SITE SEWAGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL SYSTEMS.** NEW OR RELOCATED FIRE HYDRANTS WITH UNDERGROUND DRAINS SHALL BE LOCATED SO THAT THE DRAINS ARE AT LEAST THREE FEET FROM ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED STORM SEWER, STORMWATER FORCE MAIN, OR PIPELINE CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER REGULATED UNDER PART III OF CHAPTER 62-610, F.A.C.; AT LEAST THREE FEET, AND PREFERABLY TEN FEET, FROM ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED VACUUM-TYPE SANITARY SEWER; AT LEAST SIX FEET, AND PREFERABLY TEN FEET, FROM ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED GRAVITY- OR PRESSURE-TYPE SANITARY SEWER, WASTEWATER FORCE MAIN, OR PIPELINE CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER NOT REGULATED UNDER PART III OF CHAPTER 62-610, F.A.C.; AND AT LEAST TEN FEET FROM ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED "ON-SITE SEWAGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL SYSTEM" AS DEFINED IN SECTION 381.0065(2), F.S., AND RULE 64E-6.002, F.A.C.

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SCALE	N.T.S.	PROJECT	SSS-005	SHEET	C4.0
DRAWN	T.MOORE	DESIGNED	J.PALM	CHECKED	M. STACY
DRAWING TITLE			DATE		
UTILITY NOTES			5/15/2023		
FINAL SITE PLAN			LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012 IMPROVEMENTS DEBARY, FLORIDA		
CIVIL ENGINEERING & LAND PLANNING			DESCRIPTION		
APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC.			REV. DATE		
APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.8688			REV. DATE		
2221 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida 32789			REV. DATE		
STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 1217			REV. DATE		

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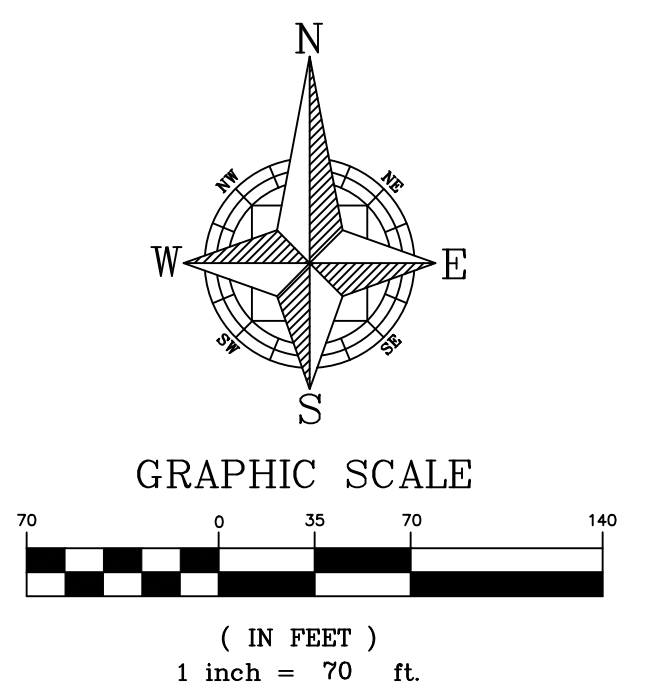
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C4.2

UTILITY NOTES

1. THE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES, SUCH AS WATER MAINS, SEWERS, ETC., AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS HAVE BEEN DETERMINED FROM THE BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION AND ARE GIVEN FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF THE CONTRACTOR(S). THE ENGINEER AND/OR THE OWNER DO NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE ACCURACY OF THE LOCATIONS SHOWN. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR(S) RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY THE LOCATION OF ANY AND ALL EXISTING UTILITIES AND CONTACT SUNSHINE STATE ON CALL FORTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION TO HAVE ANY MUNICIPAL FACILITIES LOCATED IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO ANY WORK.
2. ALL APPLICABLE SANITARY SEWER MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT CITY OF DEBARY, ORANGE CITY AND FDEP STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
3. ALL APPLICABLE WATER MAIN MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT CITY OF DEBARY, ORANGE CITY AND FDEP WATER RESOURCE & UTILITY STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
4. ANY DAMAGE TO UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES TO REMAIN SHALL BE REPAIRED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
5. THERE SHALL BE A TEN FOOT (10') MINIMUM HORIZONTAL AND EIGHTEEN INCH (18") MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION BETWEEN APPLICABLE SANITARY SEWER AND WATER LINES (10'/18") BETWEEN POTABLE WATER AND STORM OR REUSE WATER EXCEPT THAT A FIVE FOOT (5') MINIMUM HORIZONTAL CLEARANCE WILL BE ACCEPTED WITH UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC ACCESS REUSE WATER LINES. ALTERNATES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH "RECOMMENDED STANDARDS FOR WATER WORKS."
6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LAY ALL APPLICABLE UTILITIES A MINIMUM OF THIRTY-SIX INCHES (36") BELOW FINISHED GRADE TO THE TOP OF PIPE.
7. ALL ON SITE UTILITY CONSTRUCTION TO POINT OF SERVICE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE PERFORMED BY AN UNDERGROUND UTILITY CONTRACTOR LICENSED BY THE STATE OF FLORIDA.
8. ALL ON SITE UTILITY SERVICES FROM THE POINT OF SERVICE CONNECTION & INCLUDING ALL BUILDING PLUMBING SHALL BE PERFORMED BY A PLUMBER LICENSED BY THE STATE OF FLORIDA.
9. THE LICENSED UNDERGROUND UTILITY CONTRACTOR AND PLUMBING CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE FULLY WITH THE CITY OF DEBARY AND ORANGE CITY FOR THE REQUIREMENT OF THEIR WORK, INCLUDING NECESSARY PERMITS, INSPECTIONS AND APPROVALS.
10. ALL WATER MAIN PIPE, FITTINGS, VALVE, FIRE HYDRANTS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS THAT WILL COME INTO CONTACT WITH DRINKING WATER SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE/NSF INTERNATIONAL STANDARD 61.
11. ROCK AND UNSUITABLY SIZED STONES (AS DESCRIBED IN APPLICABLE AWWA STANDARDS AND/OR THE PIPE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION PROCEDURES) FOUND IN TRENCHES FOR NEW AND RELOCATED WATER MAIN PIPE SHALL BE REMOVED TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST SIX INCHES BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE PIPE, AND CONTINUOUS AND UNIFORM BEDDING SHALL BE PROVIDED IN TRENCHES FOR NEW AND RELOCATED WATER MAIN PIPE. BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL BE TAMPED IN LAYERS AROUND NEW AND RELOCATED WATER MAIN PIPE TO A SUFFICIENT HEIGHT ABOVE IT TO ADEQUATELY SUPPORT AND PROTECT THE PIPE.
12. BACKFLOW-PREVENTION ASSEMBLIES/DEVICES SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE 62-555.360, F.A.C., AND THE AWWA MANUAL M14, RECOMMENDED PRACTICE FOR BACKFLOW PREVENTION AND CROSS-CONNECTION CONTROL.
13. ALL NEW AND RELOCATED WATER SERVICES SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE STATE PLUMBING CODE, AND ALL PIPE AND PIPE FITTINGS FOR NEW AND RELOCATED WATER SERVICES SHALL CONTAIN NO MORE THAN EIGHT PERCENT LEAD, AND ALL SOLDERED AND FLUX FOR NEW AND RELOCATED WATER SERVICES SHALL CONTAIN NO MORE THAN 0.2 PERCENT LEAD.
14. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AT A MINIMUM OF ONE (1) VERTICAL TO ONE (1) HORIZONTAL DIG AT ALL TIMES. WHERE DIG IS STEEPER THAN ONE (1) VERTICAL TO ONE (1) HORIZONTAL, A TRENCH BOX SHALL BE USED.
15. FIRE FLOW REQUIREMENTS FOR BUILDINGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA I, SECTION 18.4.
16. DOCUMENTATION FOR FIRE FLOW TESTING SHALL INCLUDE A FIRE FLOW REPORT AND A HYDRAULIC GRAPH.
17. ALL POTABLE WATER MAINS SHALL BE C-900, CLASS 150, DR-18 PVC PIPE.
18. ALL FIRE MAINS SHALL BE DR-14 FIRE LINE.
19. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEFLECTING WATER MAIN WHEN 12 INCHES (MIN.) OF SEPARATION IS NOT ACHIEVABLE TO THE FDEP UTILITY SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS AND STANDARD UTILITY CROSSING. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DEFLECT THE PIPE UNLESS WITH FITTINGS. REFER TO UTILITY NOTES SHEET FOR SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS
20. CONTRACTOR TO PERMANENTLY MARK CURBS WHERE WATER AND SEWER SERVICE LINES AND VALVES EXIST.
21. CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE FIRE DEPARTMENT ACCESS AND WATER PRIOR TO ANY COMBUSTIBLES BEING BROUGHT ON SITE.
22. REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR BUILDING UTILITY CONTINUATIONS. THE CIVIL ENGINEER SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE ARCHITECT ON THE LOCATIONS OF THE POTABLE WATER, SEWER, AND FIRE CONNECTIONS TO ENSURE CONSISTENCY.
23. CONTRACTOR TO INSTALL CLEANOUTS AT ALL PLACES ALONG SANITARY LATERALS WHERE THERE ARE BENDS.
24. MINIMUM SLOPE FOR SANITARY SERVICE LINES TO BE 1.0% AWAY FROM THE BUILDING.
25. PRIOR TO FIRE LINE INSTALLATION, THE FLORIDA LICENSED CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT LAYOUT DESIGN DRAWINGS TO THE OFFICE OF THE FIRE MARSHAL. IF REQUIRED BY FLORIDA STATUTE 553.79, DRAWINGS MUST BE SIGNED AND SEALED BY A FLORIDA LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. THE DRAWINGS MUST SHOW ALL UNDERGROUND FIRE LINES AND COMPONENTS STARTING FROM THE "POINT OF SERVICE" AS DEFINED UNDER FLORIDA STATUTE 633.102. THE DESIGN SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE TO THE CURRENT FLORIDA FIRE PREVENTION CODE AND ALL ADOPTED NFPA CODES AND STANDARDS.
26. ALL FIRE LINES ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF A DCVA OR FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION (FDC) TO THE BUILDING SHALL BE DR-14 PIPE.
27. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH OWNER + PROPERTY MANAGER FOR ANY TEMPORARY INTERRUPTION IN POTABLE WATER OR SANITARY SEWER SERVICE TO ANY EXISTING BUILDINGS. ANY TEMPORARY UTILITY CLOSURES SHALL BE SCHEDULED 30 DAYS IN ADVANCE AND SHALL NOT EXCEED MORE THAN 2+ HOURS OF INTERRUPTED SERVICES. IN THE EVENT TEMPORARY CLOSURES EXCEED 2+ HOURS, CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE ALL NECESSARY MEASURES AT THE CONTRACTORS EXPENSE TO RESTORE SERVICES IN A TEMPORARY MEANS + METHODS TO BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.



LEGEND

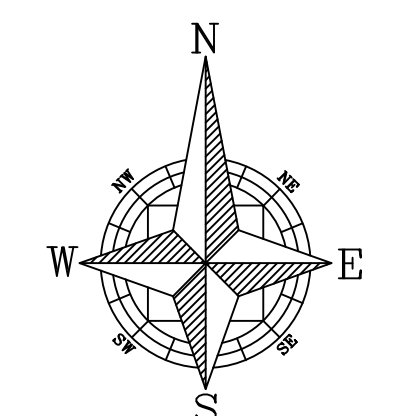
- PROPOSED WATER MAIN
- PROPOSED FIRE LINE
- T— TEE
- B— BEND
- PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER CLEANOUT
- PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER LATERAL

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

1. UNDERGROUND MAIN CONTRACTOR MUST OBTAIN A FIRE PERMIT FOR THE INSTALLATION OF ANY UNDERGROUND FIRE MAINS AND HYDRANTS PRIOR TO ANY INSTALLATION. IF THE WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM AND FIRE HYDRANTS ARE LOCATED IN A RIGHT OF WAY OR RECORDED EASEMENT AND OWNED/INSTALLED/MAINTAINED BY THE WATER PURVEYOR, THE CITY WILL ONLY REQUIRE INSTALLATION TO THE WATER PURVEYOR'S STANDARDS FOR UNDERGROUND COMPONENTS AND CONNECTIONS. HOWEVER, THE HYDRANTS MUST BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH HYDRANT SPACING, LOCATION, DISTRIBUTION, COLOR CODING, AND NEEDED FIRE FLOW MINIMUMS AS SPECIFIED IN CITY FIRE CODE. ISSUANCE OF THE 'ENG' PERMIT WILL OCCUR WHEN A 'FIR' PERMIT IS ISSUED FOR THE INSTALLATION OF FIRE HYDRANTS AND UNDERGROUND MAINS.
2. THE PRIVATE DEDICATED UNDERGROUND FIRE MAINS AND FIRE HYDRANTS MUST BE INSTALLED BY A LICENSED FIRE CONTRACTOR CLASS I, II, OR V. COMBINATION FIRE MAINS (SHARED DOMESTIC AND FIRE PROTECTION SERVICE) AND FIRE HYDRANTS UP TO THE DEDICATED FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEM "POINT OF SERVICE" CAN BE INSTALLED BY A LICENSED UNDERGROUND UTILITY/EXCAVATOR CONTRACTOR, GENERAL CONTRACTOR, OR PLUMBING CONTRACTOR. [FLORIDA STATUTES 633.021, 633.539, 489.105]
3. ALL UNDERGROUND FIRE MAINS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 24, 2022 EDITION, "STANDARD FOR THE INSTALLATION OF PRIVATE FIRE SERVICE MAINS AND THEIR APPURTENANCES" [F.A.C. 69A-60.005(2)].
4. THE MINIMUM DEPTH OF COVER TO PREVENT MECHANICAL DAMAGE SHALL BE 30 INCHES MEASURED FROM THE FINAL GRADE TO THE TOP OF THE PIPE. PIPE UNDER DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE BURIED AT A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 3 FEET. [NFPA 24:10.4]
5. HYDRANTS SHALL BE POSITIONED NO MORE THAN 5 FEET FROM THE CURB OR BERM OF THE ROADWAY SERVING AS FIRE DEPARTMENT ACCESS. HYDRANTS AND FDC'S SHALL BE MAINTAINED CLEAR 7'6" TO THE SIDES AND FRONT WITH A 4' CLEARANCE TO THE REAR.
6. WHERE UNDERGROUND MAINS AND HYDRANTS ARE TO BE PROVIDED, THEY SHALL BE INSTALLED, COMPLETED, AND IN SERVICE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION WORK. [NFPA 1: 16.4] FIRE DEPARTMENT ACCESS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE START OF THE PROJECT AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION [NFPA 1: 18.2]
7. CONTRACTOR WHO INSTALLS THE UNDERGROUND PIPE FROM THE POINT OF SERVICE IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLETING THE INSTALLATION TO THE ABOVEGROUND CONNECTION FLANGE, WHICH BY DEFINITION IN THIS CHAPTER IS NO MORE THAN 1 FOOT ABOVE THE FINISHED FLOOR PER F.S. 633.334(3).

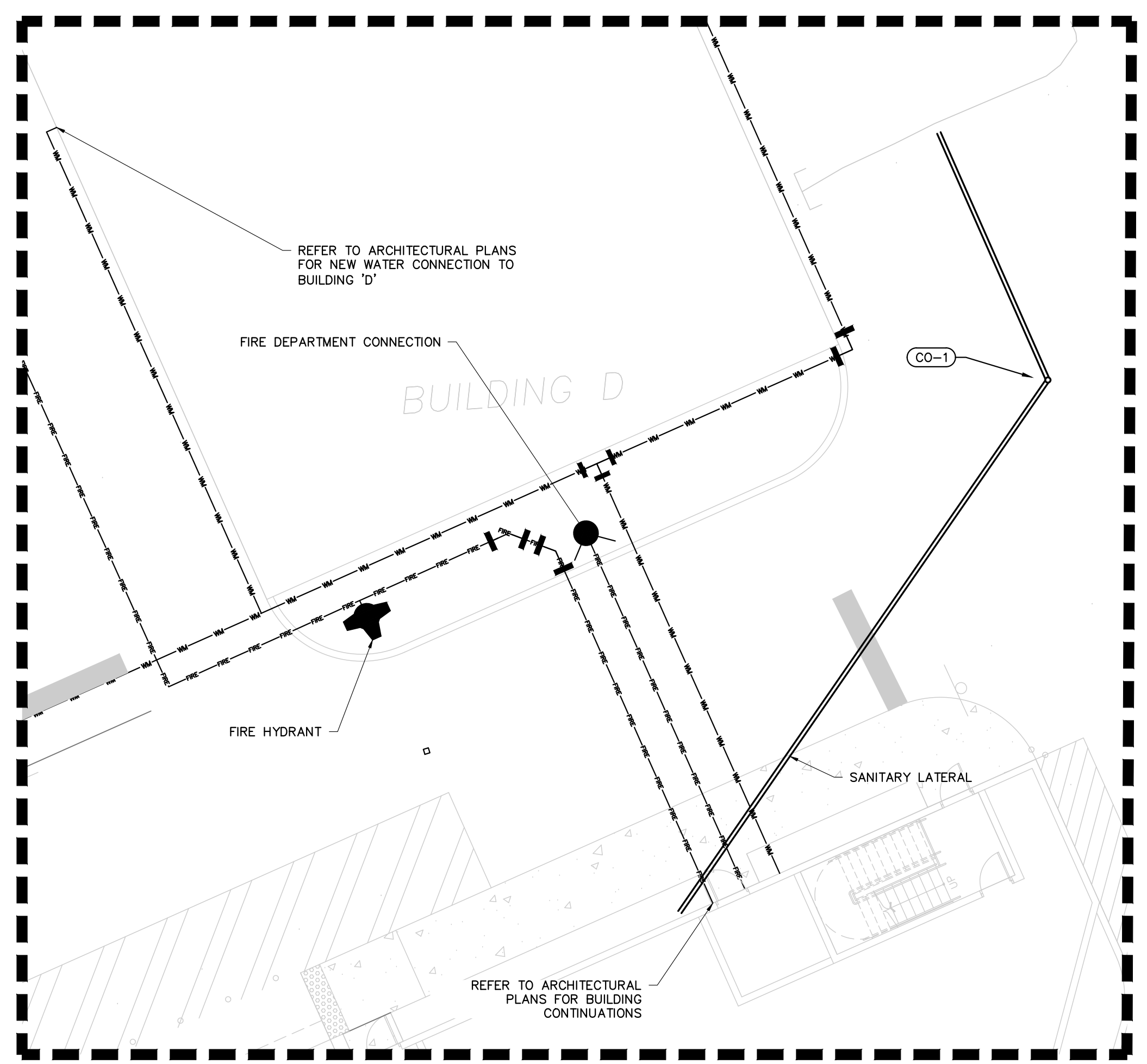
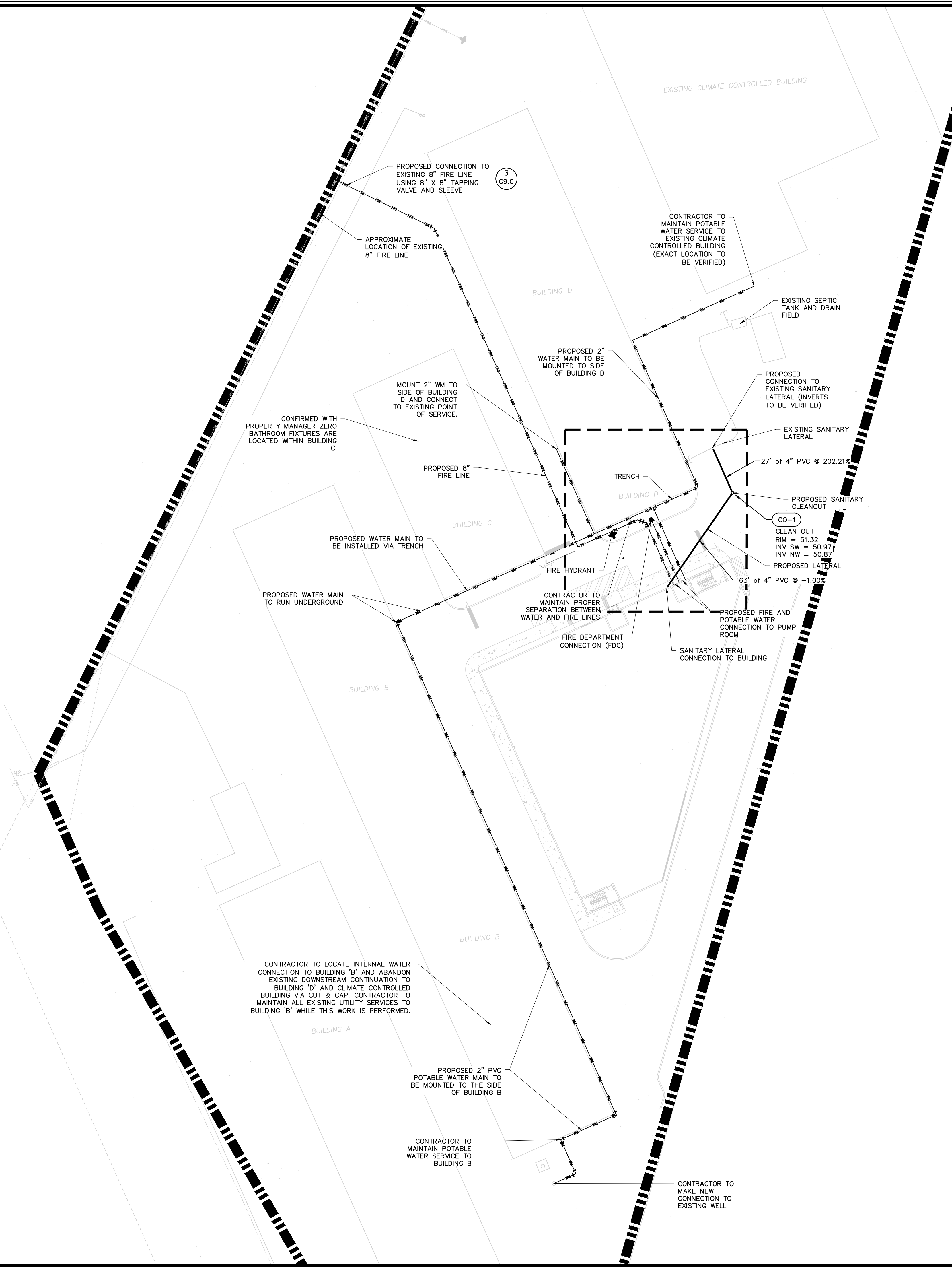
<p>CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING</p> <p>APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC.</p> <p>APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868</p> <p>2231 Lee Road, Suite 27, Warner Park, Florida, 32789</p>							
<p>OVERALL UTILITY PLAN</p> <p>FINAL SITE PLAN</p>				<p>LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012</p> <p>IMPROVEMENTS</p> <p>DEBARY, FLORIDA</p>			
SCALE	DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED	DATE	SHEET	PROJECT	BY
1" = 70'	T.MOORE	J.PALM	M. STACY	5/15/2023	C 4.1	SSS-005	TIMORE
<p>Sunshine 811</p> <p>Call 811 or visit sunshine811.com two full business days before digging to have buried facilities located and marked.</p> <p>Check positive response codes before you dig!</p>							

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GRAPHIC SCALE
(IN FEET)
1 inch = 30 ft.

- LEGEND**
- PROPOSED WATER MAIN
 - PROPOSED FIRE LINE
 - TEE
 - BEND
 - PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER CLEANOUT
 - PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER LATERAL



UTILITY CONNECTIONS DETAIL

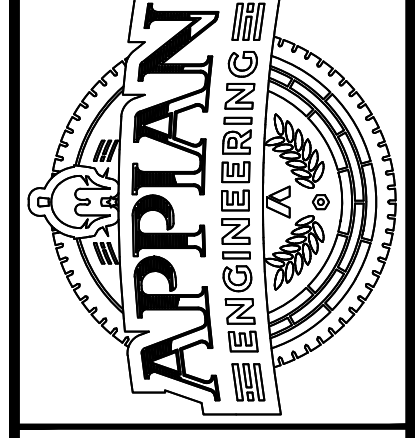
SCALE: 1" = 10'

REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

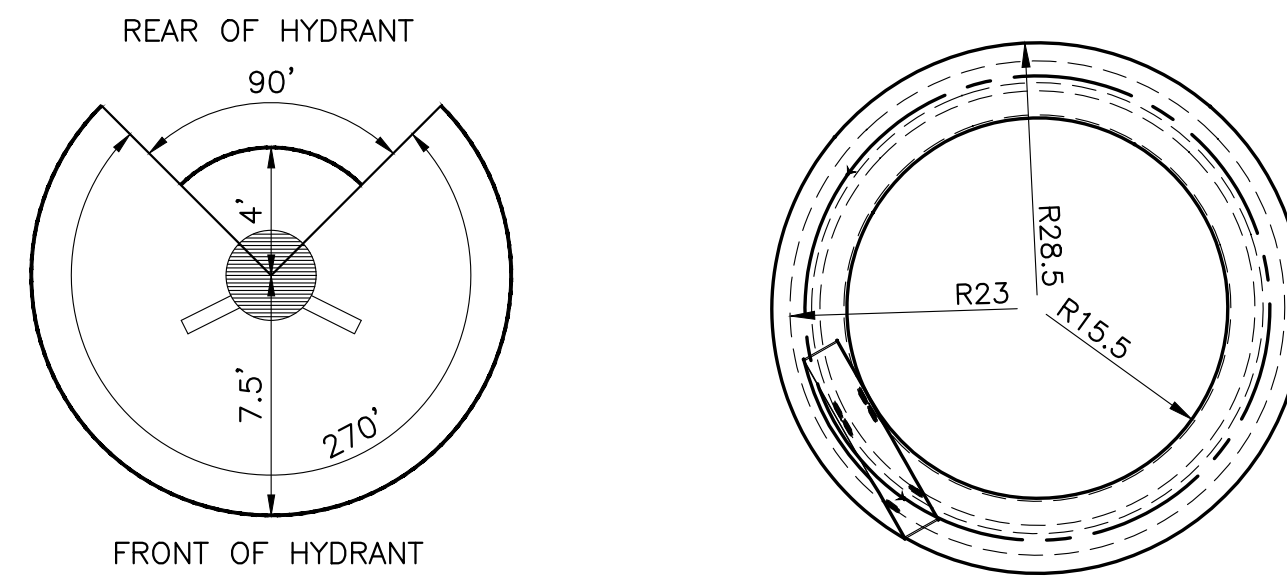
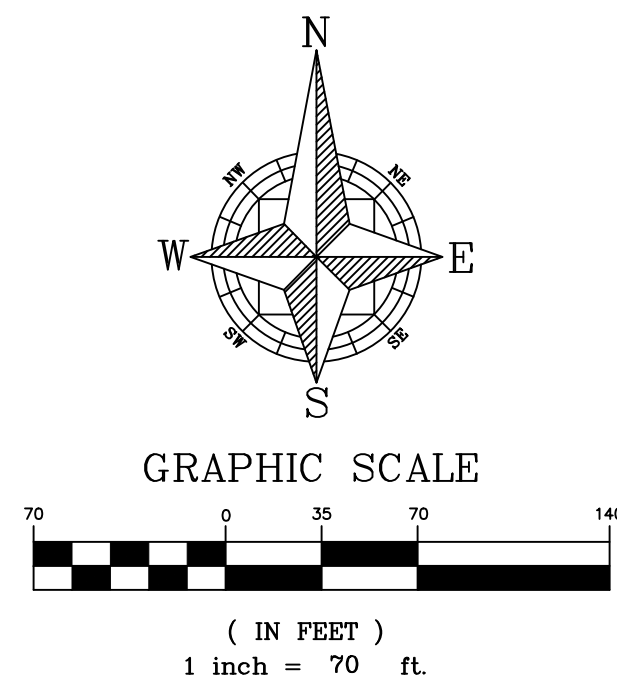
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STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 15174

UTILITY PLAN
FINAL SITE PLAN
LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012
IMPROVEMENTS
DEBARY, FLORIDA

SCALE	1" = 30'
DRAWN	T. MOORE
DESIGNED	J. PALM
CHECKED	M. STACY
DATE	5/15/2023
PROJECT	SSS-005
SHEET	C.4.2



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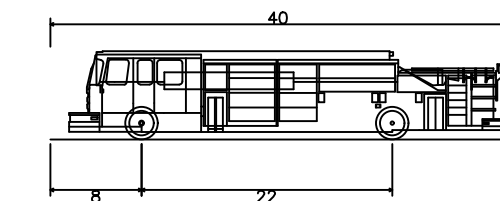
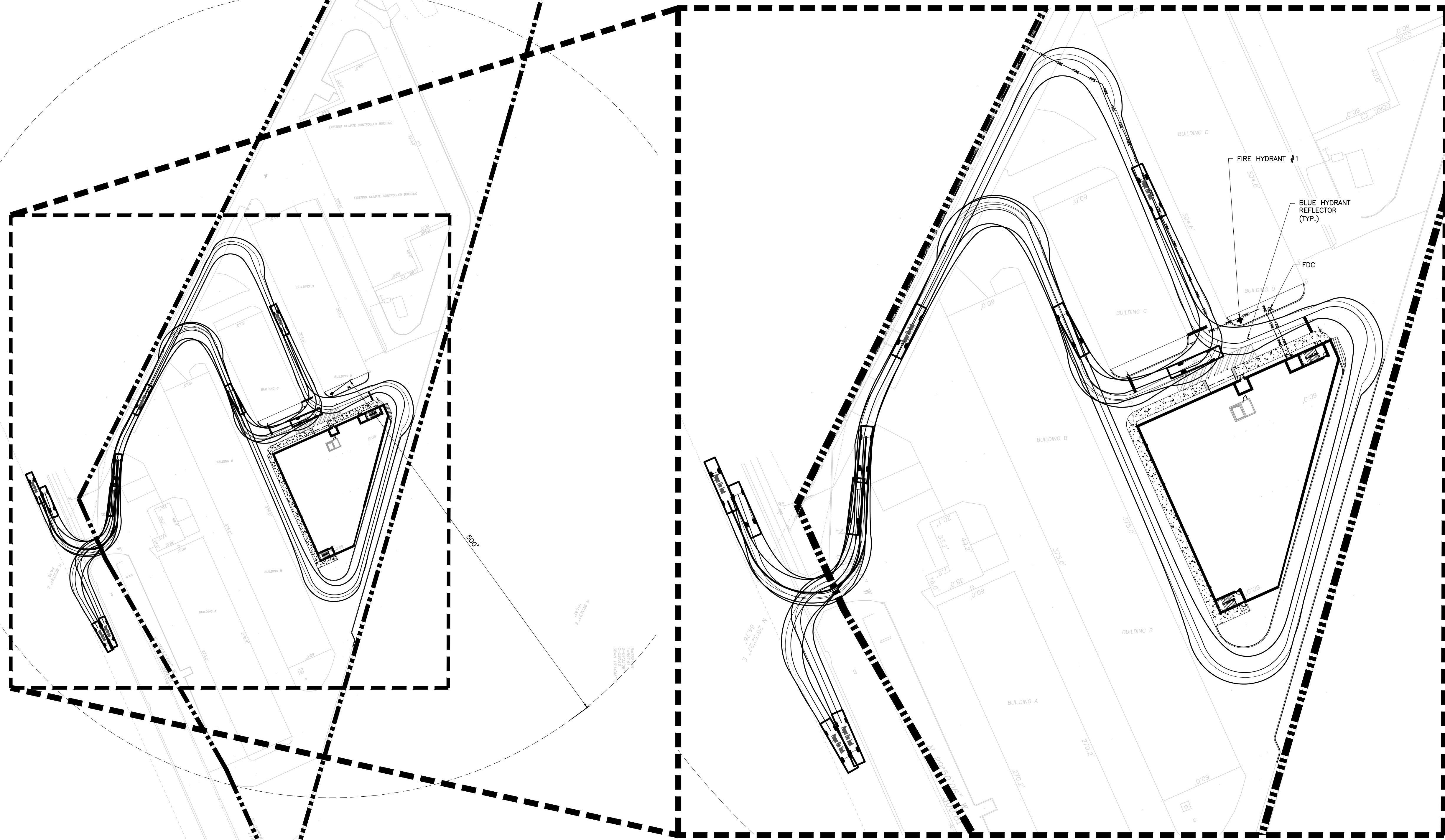
FIRE HYDRANT CLEARANCE DETAIL **TURNING RADIUS SKETCH**

FIRE ACCESS NOTES:

1. FIRE DEPARTMENT ACCESS ROADS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND MAINTAINED TO SUPPORT THE IMPOSED LOADS OF FIRE APPARATUS AND SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH AN ALL WEATHER DRIVING SURFACE (NFPA 1,18.2.3,4,2).
2. THE LOCATION OF THE FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY A BLUE REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKER (NFPA 1,18.5.10.1).

FIRE HYDRANT NOTES:

1. FIRE HYDRANT LOCATION AND DISTRIBUTION SHALL FOLLOW NFPA 1.
2. A 36 INCH CLEAR SPACE SHALL BE MAINTAINED AROUND THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF FIRE HYDRANTS EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE REQUIRED OR APPROVED. (NFPA 1, 18.5.7.1).
3. A CLEAR SPACE OF NOT LESS THAN 60 INCHES SHALL BE PROVIDED IN FRONT OF EACH HYDRANT CONNECTION HAVING A DIAMETER GREATER THAN 2.5 INCHES. (NFPA 1, 18.5.7.2)
4. AFTER THE INSTALLATION OF THE NE HYDRANTS, A FIRE FLOW TESTING SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 291, RECOMMENDED PRACTICE. A FIRE FLOW TEST RESULTS FROM THE NEAREST EXISTING HYDRANT THAT HAS BEEN WITNESSED BY A UTILITIES INSPECTOR WILL NEED TO BE PROVIDED. DOCUMENTATION FRO FIRE FLOW TESTING SHALL INCLUDE A FIRE FLOW A FIRE FLOW TEST REPORT AND A HYDRAULIC GRAPH. (SCPSTM, FIRE FLOW TESTING PROCEDURE)
6. THE LOCATION OF THE FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY A BLUE REFLECTIVE PAVEMENT MARKER. (NFPA 1, 18.5.10.1)



Pumper Fire Truck
 Overall Length 40
 Overall Width 8
 Min Body Ground Clearance 22
 Track Width
 Lock-to-lock time
 Max Wheel Angle

40.000ft
 8.167ft
 7.745ft
 0.558ft
 16.7ft
 5.00s
 45.0°

FIRE TRUCK ROUTE PLAN

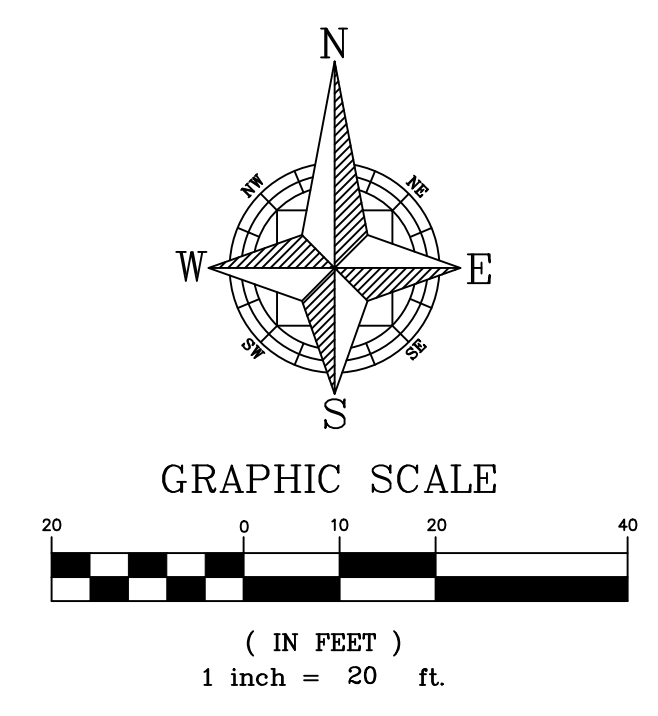
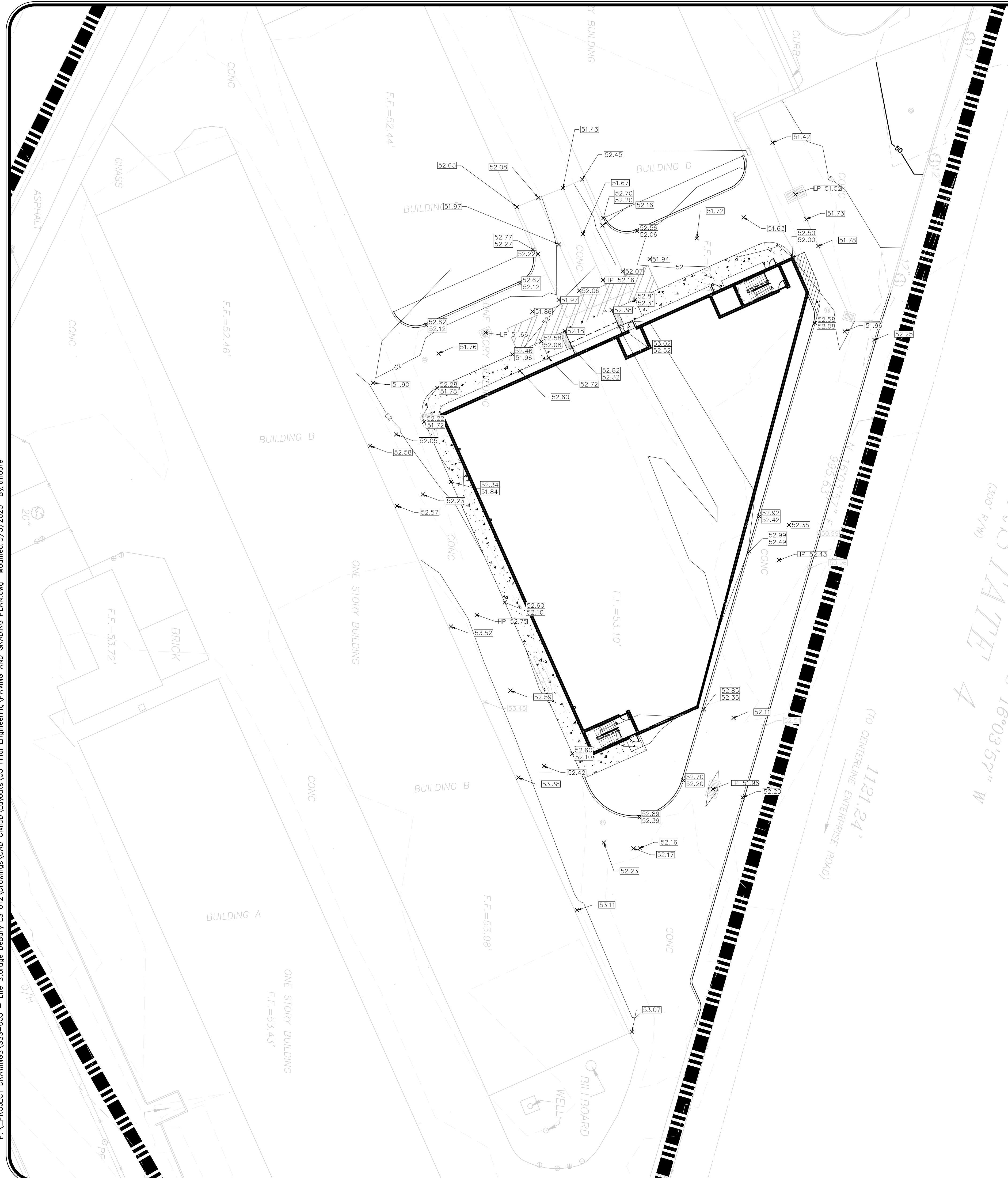
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CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC. APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868 2221 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida, 32789 <small>STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION: 1514</small>		REV. DATE DESCRIPTION
FIRE TRUCK ROUTE PLAN FINAL SITE PLAN		
LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012 IMPROVEMENTS DEBARY, FLORIDA		
SCALE: 1" = 70' PROJECT: SSS-005 SHEET: C4.3	DRAWN: T. MOORE DESIGNED: J. PALM CHECKED: M. STACY DATE: 5/15/2023	

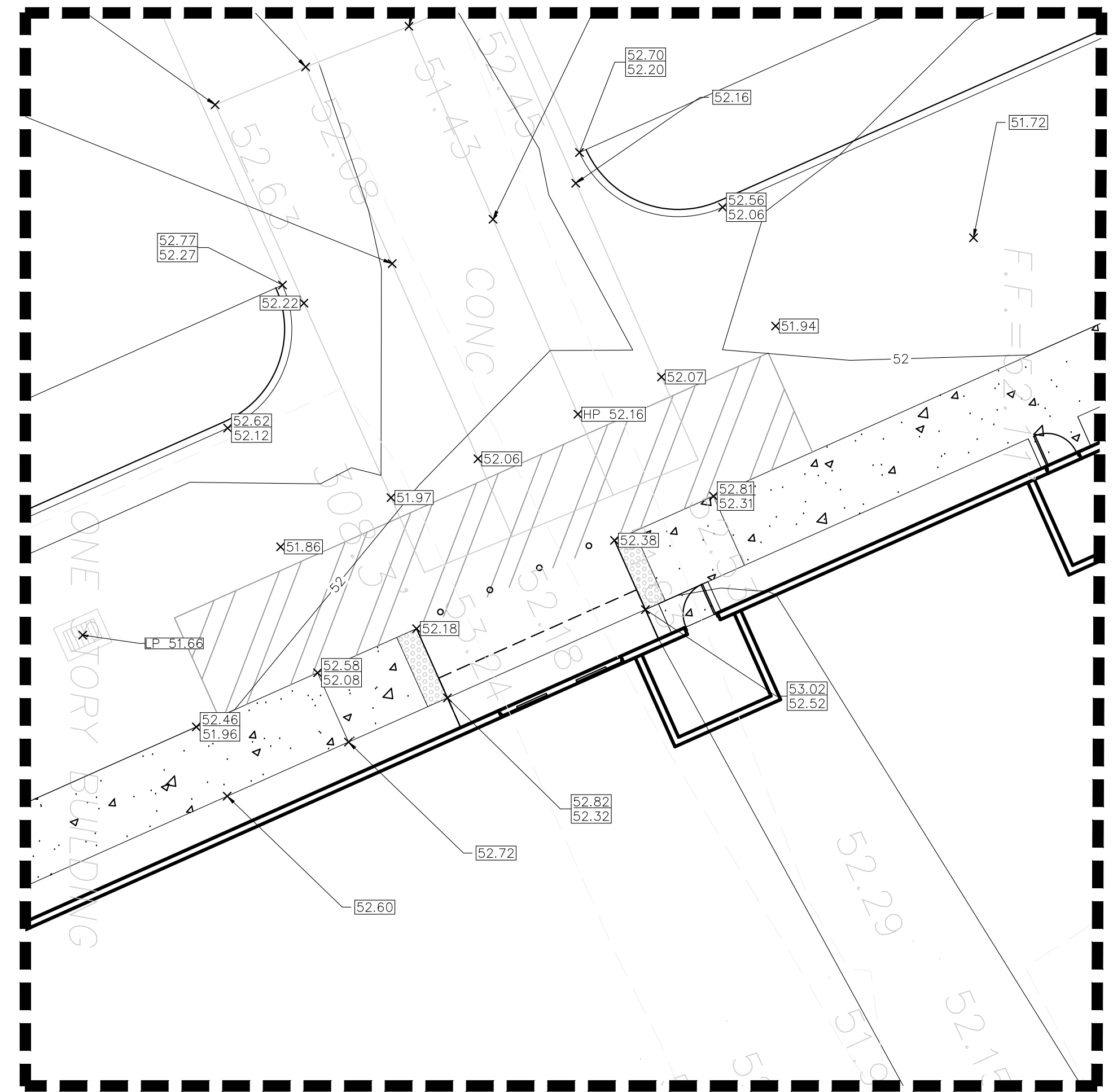
Sunshine 811
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GRADING NOTES:
 1. FINISHED FLOOR TO BE SET 18" ABOVE THE ELEVATION OF 100 YEAR FLOOD FOR THOSE SITES LOCATED IN SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA, AND/OR 1' ABOVE THE DESIGN HIGH WATER ELEVATION OR ADJACENT STORMWATER RETENTION/DETENTION PONDS.

- GRADING PLAN LEGEND:**
- PROPOSED GRADE
 - EXISTING GRADE
 - HIGH POINT
 - LOW POINT
 - PROPOSED CONTOUR
 - EXISTING CONTOUR
 - SURFACE DRAINAGE FLOW ARROW



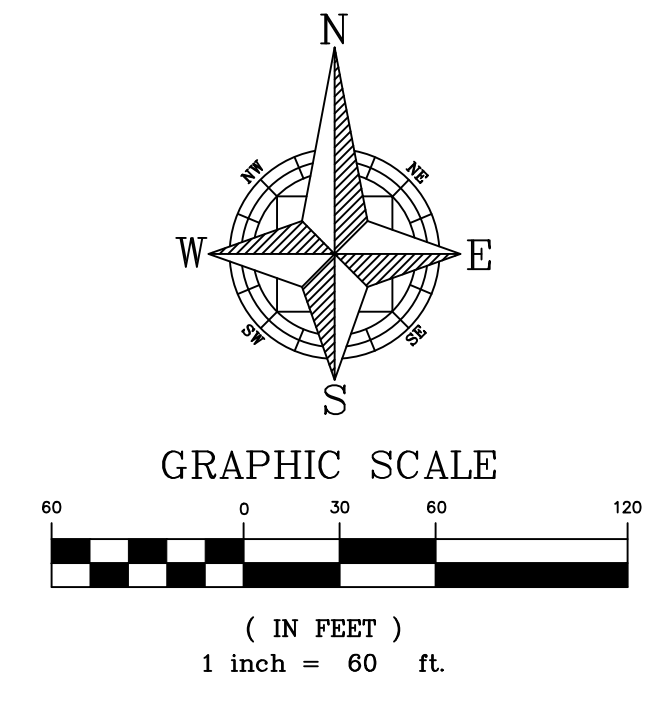
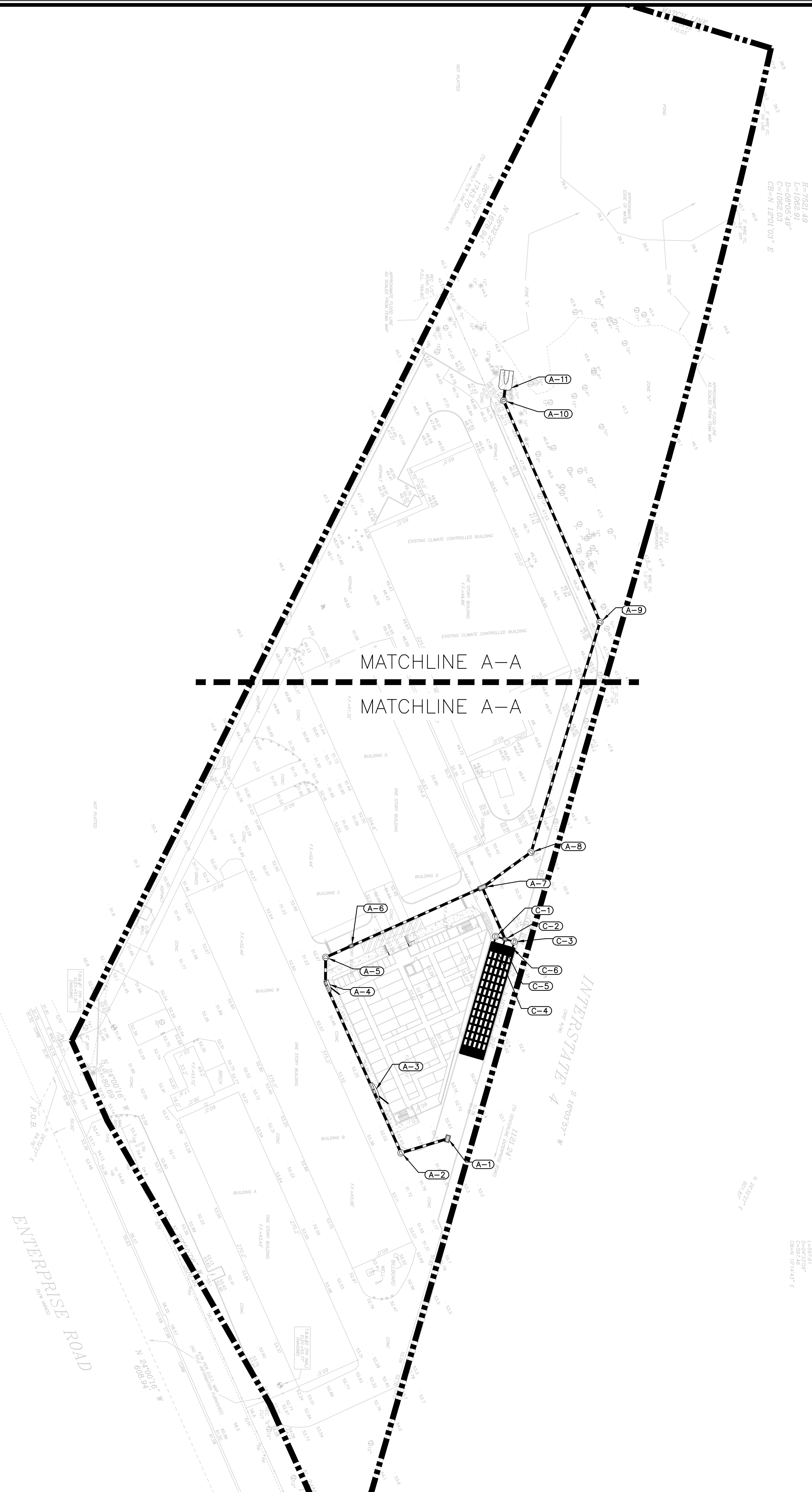
LOADING/UNLOADING DETAIL

SCALE: 1" = 10'

CIVIL ENGINEERING & LAND PLANNING APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC. APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868 2231 Lee Road, Suite 27, Warner Park, Florida, 32789 <small>STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 1814</small>		PAVING AND GRADING PLAN FINAL SITE PLAN LIFE STORAGE DEBARRY STORE LS 012 IMPROVEMENTS DEBARRY, FLORIDA	DRAWN: T.MOORE DESIGNED: J.PALM CHECKED: M. STACY DATE: 5/15/2023	SCALE: 1" = 20' PROJECT: SSS-005 SHEET: C5.0	5/15/23
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION			

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SOUTH LINE, SECTION 25-18-30
S 89°28'27" E
267.86'



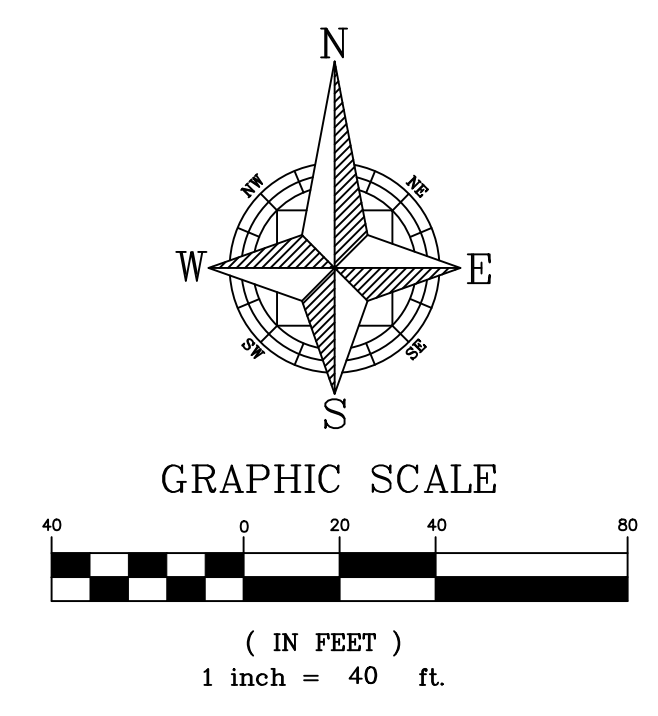
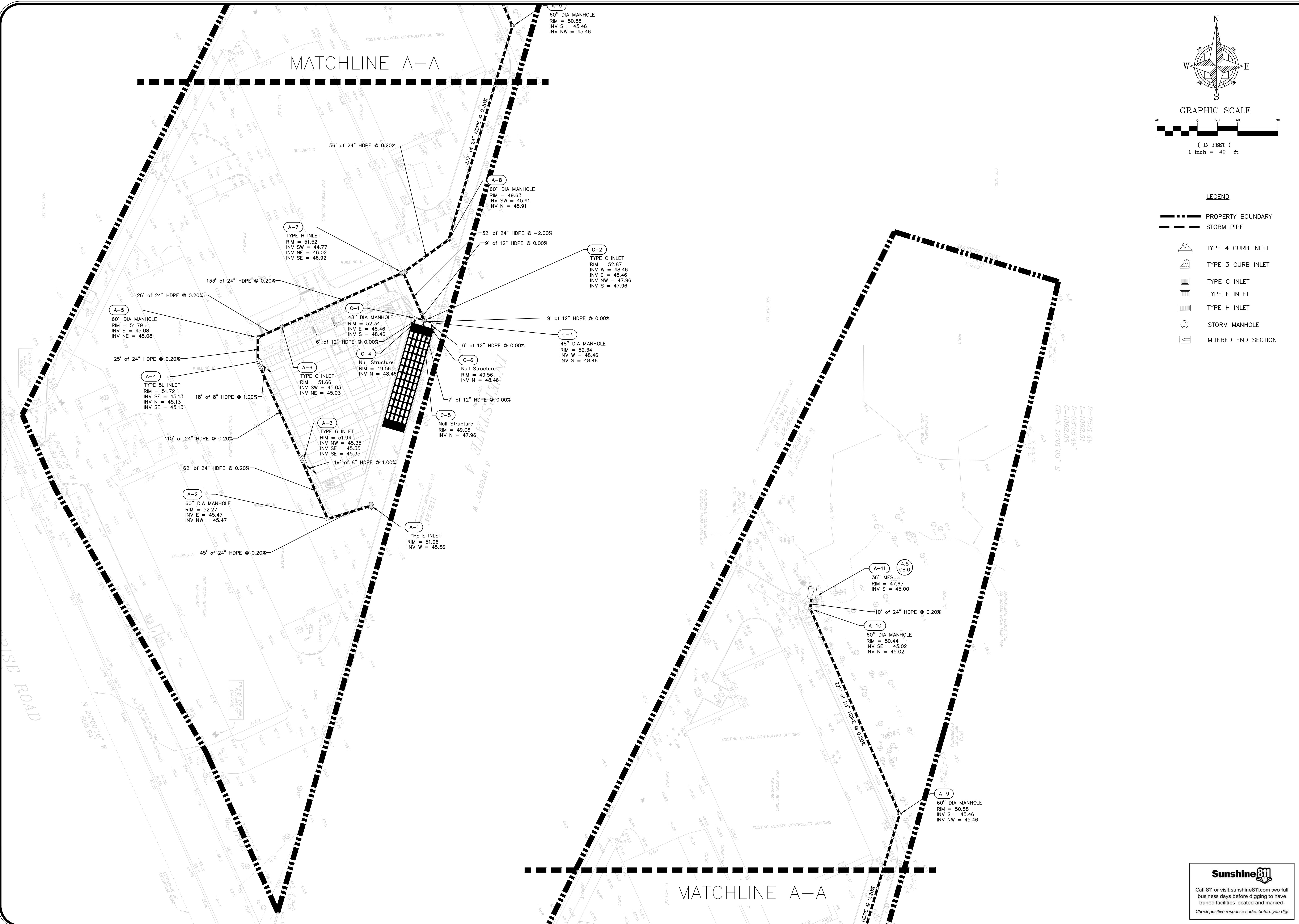
- LEGEND**
- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
 - STORM PIPE
 - TYPE 4 CURB INLET
 - TYPE 3 CURB INLET
 - TYPE C INLET
 - TYPE E INLET
 - TYPE H INLET
 - TYPE 5 INLET
 - STORM MANHOLE
 - MITERED END SECTION

DRAINAGE NOTES:

1. ALL STORM PIPE SHALL BE ADS-HP UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. POLYPROPYLENE PIPE SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF FDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION (LATEST EDITION), SECTION 948-7.2 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR CLASS II (100-YEAR DESIGN SERVICE LIFE) PP PIPE. THE JOINT SHALL BE WATERTIGHT ACCORDING TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM D3212. THE PIPE SHALL HAVE TWO GASKETS AND THE GASKETS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F477.
2. ALL REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE (RCP) SHALL BE CLASS III UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
3. ALL REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE (RCP) JOINTS SHALL BE WRAPPED PER FDOT 2021-2022 STANDARD INDEX 280.
4. ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURE INVERTS ARE TO BE POURED PER FDOT 2021-2022 STANDARD INDEX 201.
5. ALL DRAINAGE STRUCTURES LOCATED WITHIN PARKING AREAS, ROADWAYS, ALLEYS, DRIVE ISLES, OR STORAGE AREAS ARE TO BE INSTALLED WITH CAST IRON LOAD BEARING GRATES PER FDOT INDEX 232.
6. ALL INLET GRATES ARE REQUIRED TO BE CHAINED.
7. ALL ROOF AND FOUNDATION DRAINS ASSUMED TO BE RAN AT 1.0% MINIMUM UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
8. POND SIDE SLOPES AND MAINTENANCE BERM TO BE SODDED (MUCK FREE SOD) TO PROVIDE SLOPE STABILIZATION.
9. GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER IS REQUIRED TO BE PRESENT TO INSPECT ALL EARTHWORK PROCEDURES IN ORDER TO PROVIDE PROPER DOCUMENTATION OF THE EARTHWORK ACTIVITIES.
10. MITERED END SECTIONS ARE TO BE INSTALLED AND CONSTRUCTED PER ALL APPLICABLE DETAILS LOCATED WITHIN THESE SITE CONSTRUCTION PLANS.
11. MITERED END SECTIONS TO BE INSTALLED NO DEEPER THAN POND BOTTOM.

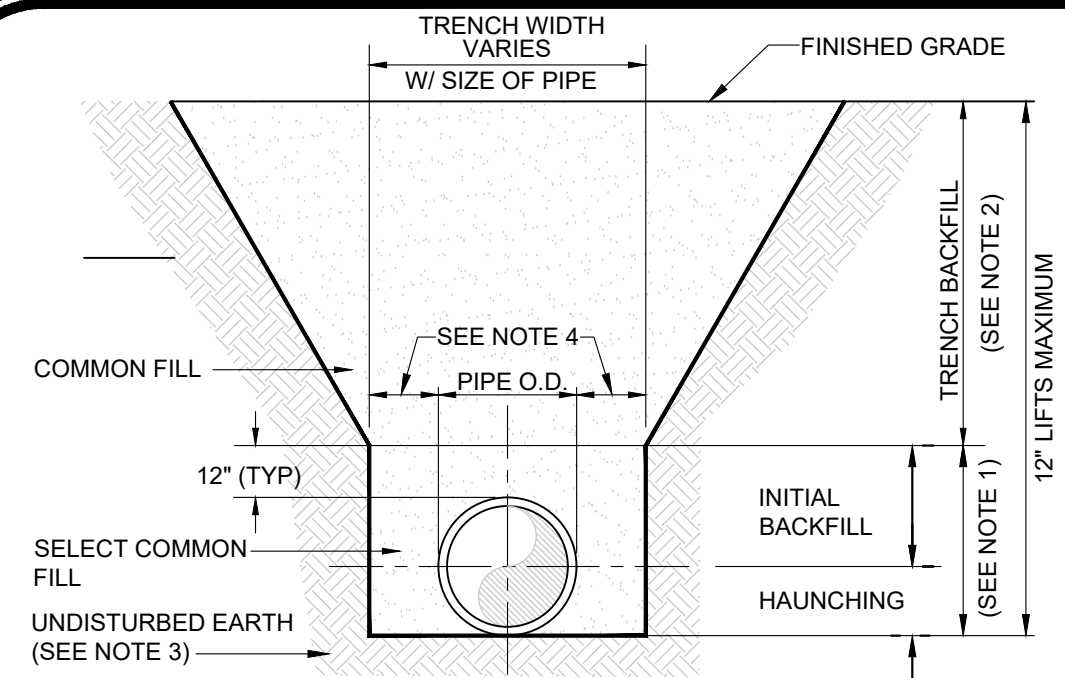
		CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC. APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868 2221 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida, 32789 <small>STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 1514</small>
OVERALL DRAINAGE PLAN FINAL SITE PLAN		LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012 IMPROVEMENTS DEBARY, FLORIDA
SCALE	DRAWN:	DESIGNED:
1" = 60'	T. MOORE	J. PALM
PROJECT	PROJECT	CHECKED:
SSS-005	SSS-005	M. STACY
SHEET	SHEET	DATE:
C6.0	C6.0	5/15/2023
		5/15/23
Call 811 or visit sunshine811.com two full business days before digging to have buried facilities located and marked. Check positive response codes before you dig!		DESCRIPTION REV. DATE

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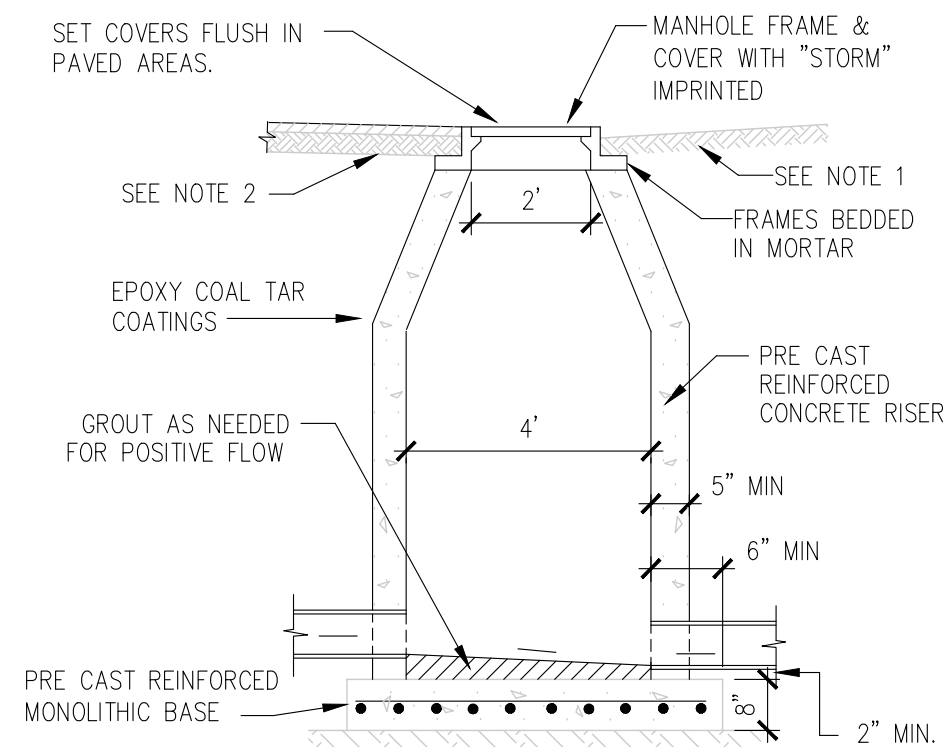
- LEGEND**
- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
 - STORM PIPE
 - TYPE 4 CURB INLET
 - TYPE 3 CURB INLET
 - TYPE C INLET
 - TYPE E INLET
 - TYPE H INLET
 - STORM MANHOLE
 - MITERED END SECTION

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DRAINAGE PLAN FINAL SITE PLAN		LIFE STORAGE DEBARRY STORE LS 012 IMPROVEMENTS DEBARRY, FLORIDA	
SCALE	DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED
1" = 40'	T.MOORE	J.PALM	M. STACY
PROJECT	SHEET	DATE	DATE
SSS-005	C6.1	5/15/2023	5/15/2023
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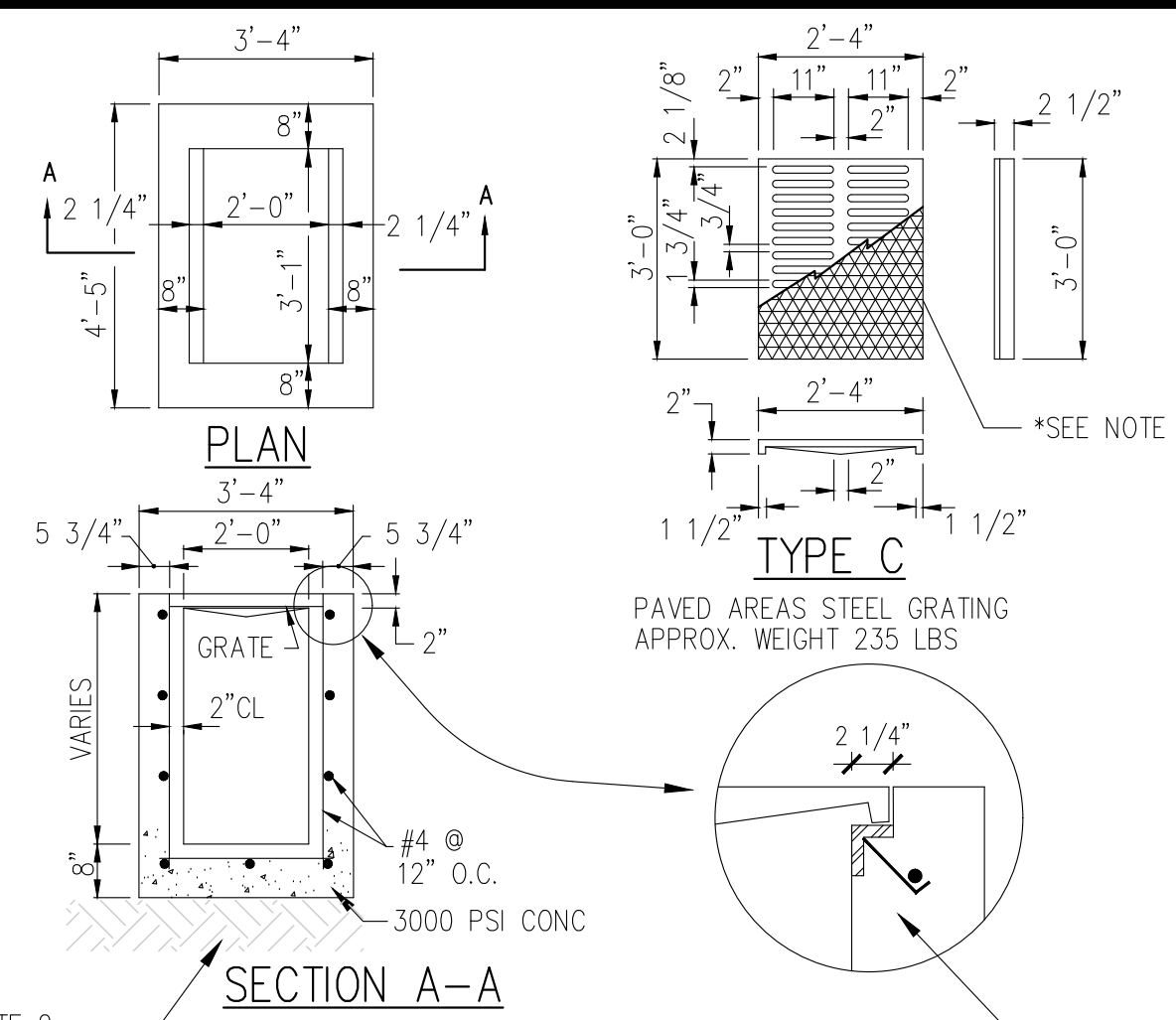
- NOTES:
- INITIAL BACKFILL AND HAUNCHING: SELECT COMMON FILL COMPACTED TO 95% (98% UNDER PAVEMENT) OF THE MAXIMUM DENSITY AS PER AASHTO T-180.
 - TRENCH BACKFILL: COMMON FILL COMPACTED TO 95% (98% UNDER PAVEMENT) OF THE MAXIMUM DENSITY AS PER AASHTO T-180.
 - PIPE BEDDING SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% (MIN) OF THE MODIFIED PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY. BEDDING ROCK CAN BE USED FOR BEDDING IF SUBGRADE SOILS ARE TOO WET TO COMPACT, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 - 15" MAX. (12" MIN) FOR PIPE DIAMETER LESS THAN 24" AND 24" MAX (12" MIN) FOR PIPE DIAMETER 24" AND LARGER.
 - WATER SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED IN THE TRENCH DURING CONSTRUCTION.
 - ALL PIPE TO BE INSTALLED WITH BELL FACING UPSTREAM TO THE DIRECTION OF THE FLOW.
 - FINAL RESTORATION IN IMPROVED AREAS SHALL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE REGULATIONS OF GOVERNING AGENCIES.

1 TRENCH DETAIL N.T.S.



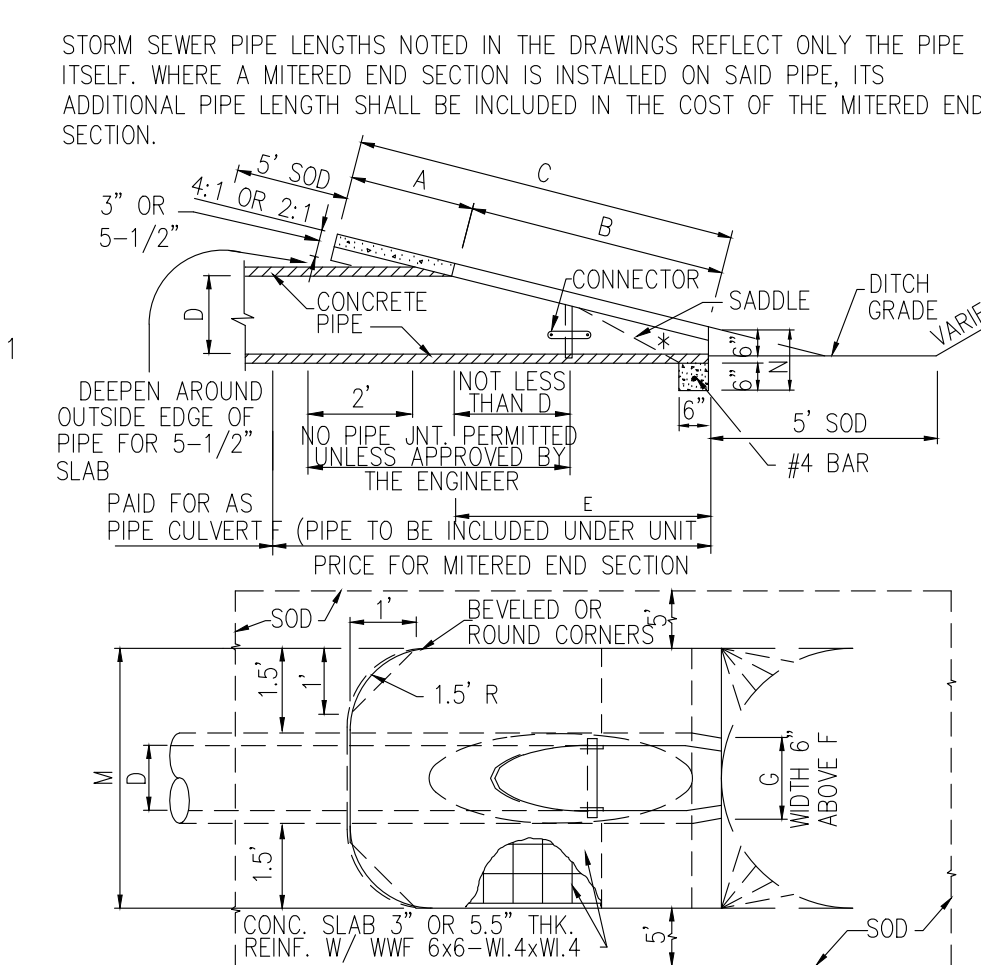
- NOTES:
- IN UNPAVED AREAS TOP OF FRAME SHALL BE 2" ABOVE FINISHED GRADE
 - ALL INPAVEDMENT STRUCTURES MUST CONFORM TO H20 LOADING STANDARDS
 - 12 INCHES OF STONE BEDDING (FOOT #57 STONE, NON-CALCAREOUS) CAN BE USED FOR BEDDING IF SUBGRADE SOILS ARE TOO WET TO COMPACT.

2 MANHOLE N.T.S.



- *SEE NOTE 2
- ALL STRUCTURES IN PAVEMENT AREAS SHALL CONFORM TO H20 LOADING STANDARDS. FOR REBAR LAYOUT, REFER TO FDOT INDEX 232.
- *NOTES:
- FOR ALL USES, USE STEEL GRATE.
 - SUBGRADE SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% (98% UNDER PAVEMENT) OF THE MODIFIED PROCTOR MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY.

3 TYPE "C" INLET N.T.S.



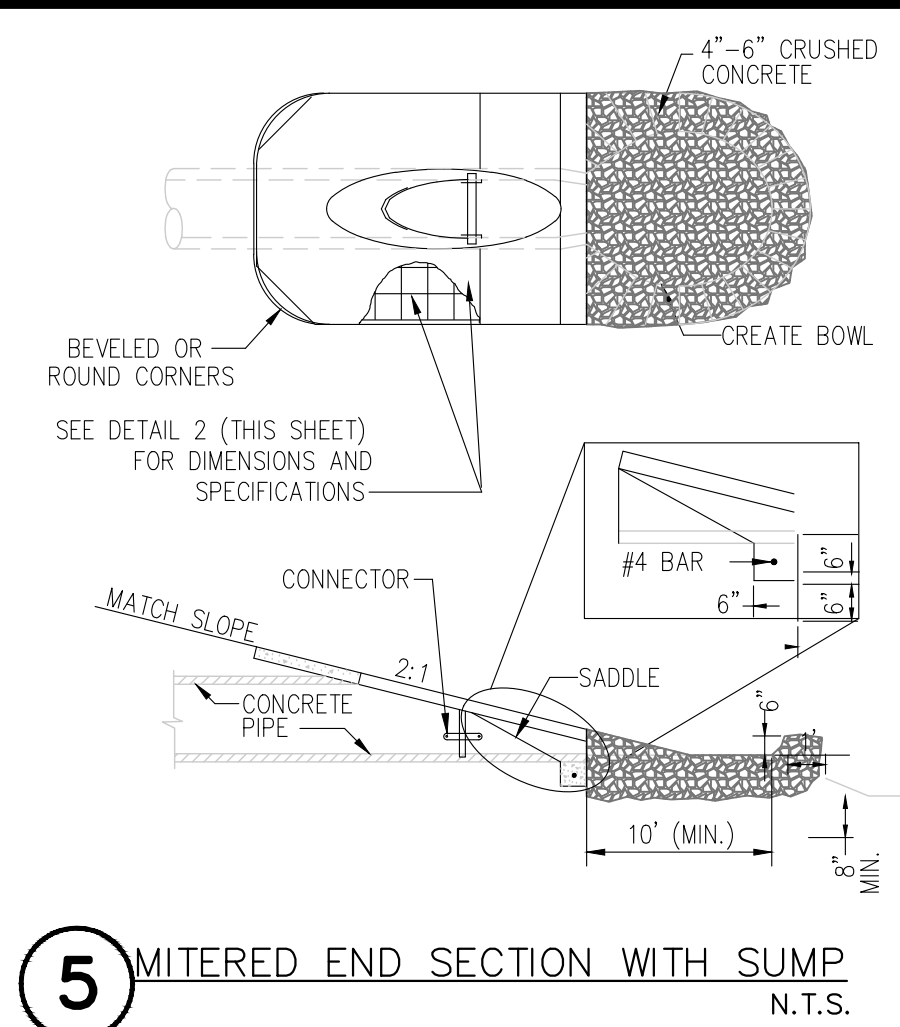
STORM SEWER PIPE LENGTHS NOTED IN THE DRAWINGS REFLECT ONLY THE PIPE ITSELF. WHERE A MITERED END SECTION IS INSTALLED ON SAID PIPE, ITS ADDITIONAL PIPE LENGTH SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE COST OF THE MITERED END SECTION.

PAID FOR AS PIPE CULVERT (PIPE TO BE INCLUDED UNDER UNIT PRICE FOR MITERED END SECTION)

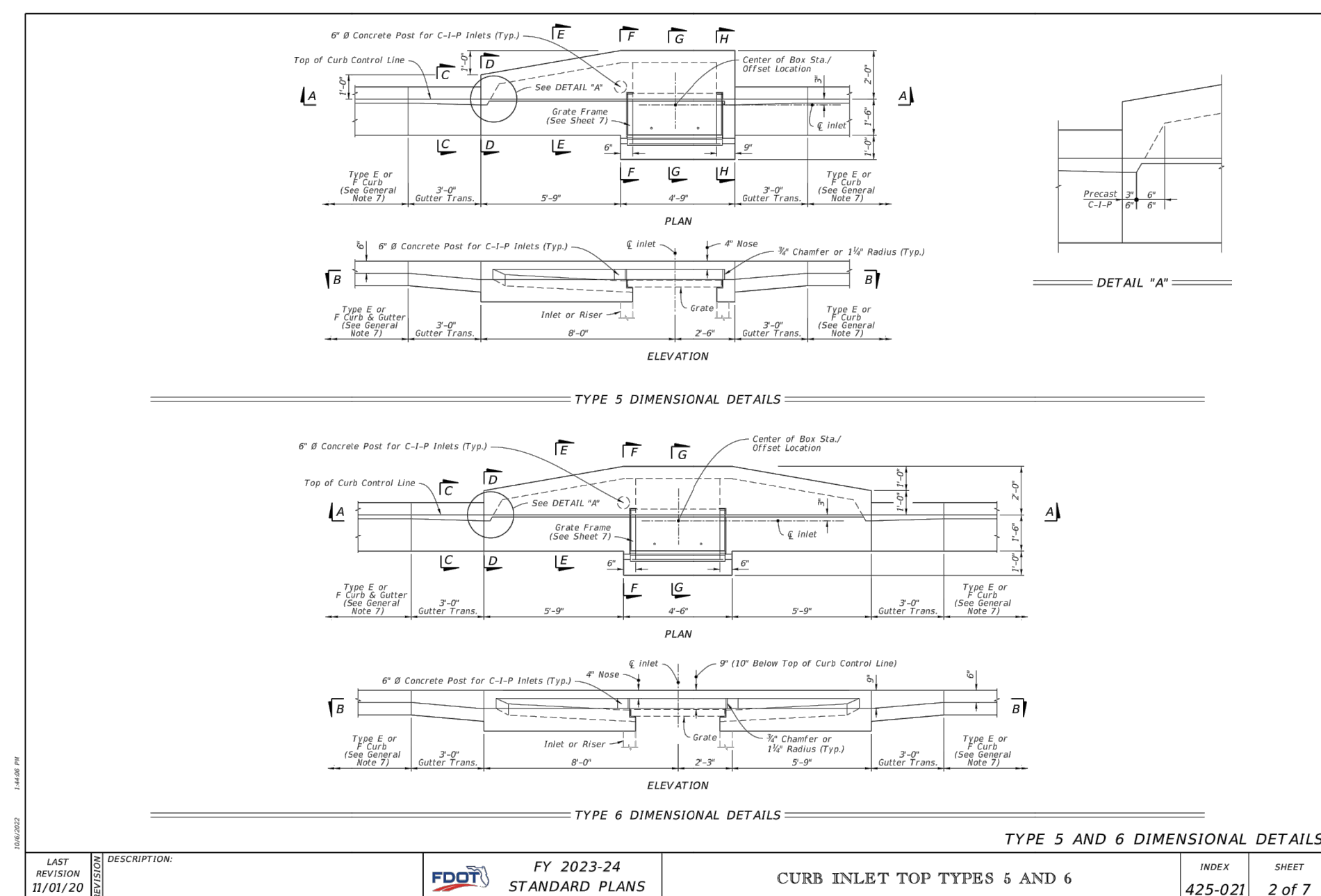
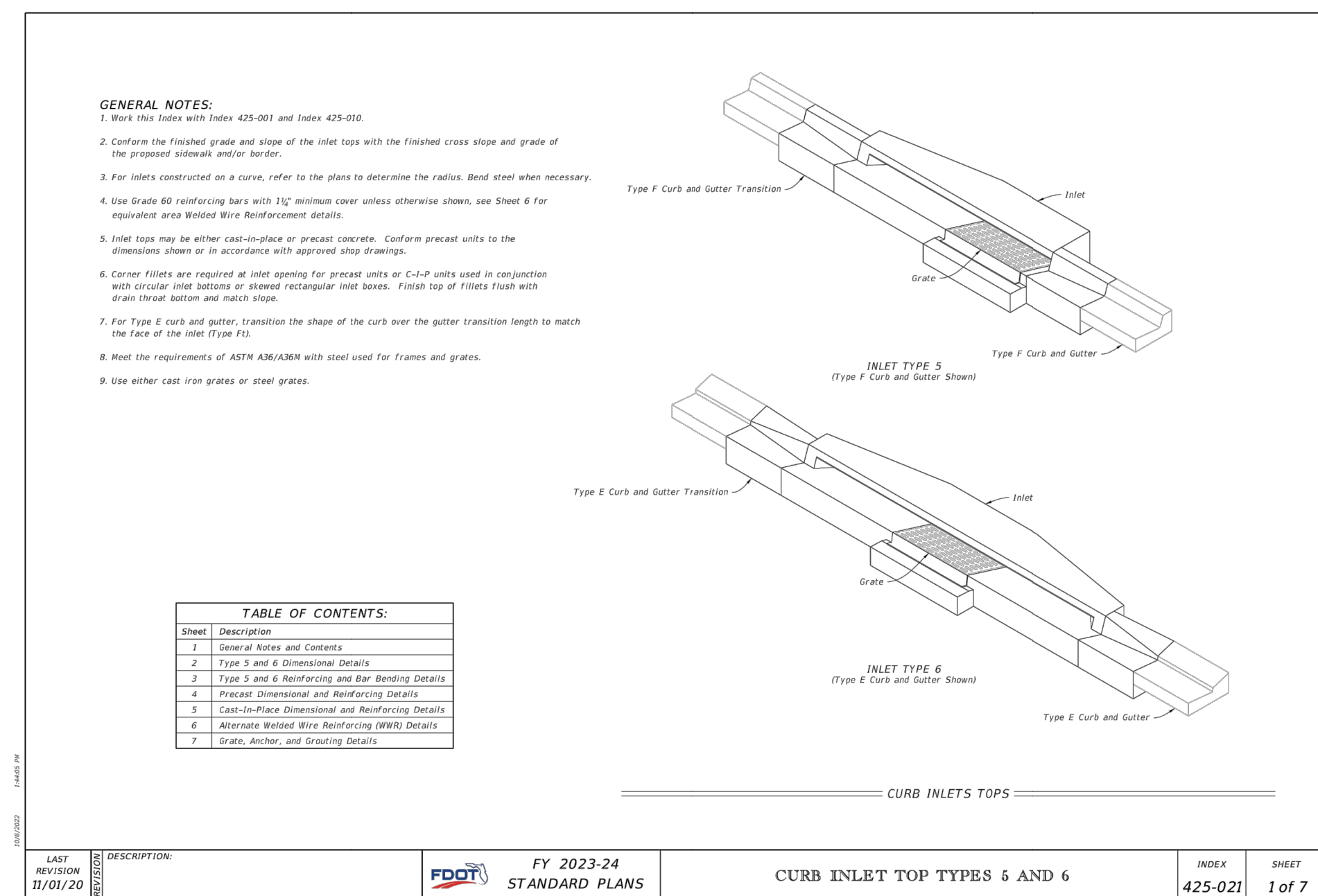
*SLOPE- 4:1 MITER - TO C PIPE FOR PIPES 18" AND SMALLER
2:1 FOR PIPES 24" AND LARGER
2:1 MITER - TO C PIPE FOR PIPES 18" AND SMALLER
1:1 FOR PIPES 24" AND LARGER

D	DIMENSIONS AND QUANTITIES										
	A	B	C	E	F	G	M				
							SINGLE PIPE	DOUBLE PIPE	TRIPLE PIPE	QUAD PIPE	
2:1 SLOPE	15'	1.92'	2.18'	4.10'	2.06'	5'	1.22'	4.63'	7.21'	9.79'	12.37'
	18'	1.97'	2.74'	4.71'	2.56'	6'	1.41'	4.92'	7.75'	10.58'	13.42'
	24'	2.06'	3.85'	5.91'	3.56'	7'	1.73'	5.50'	8.92'	12.33'	15.75'
	30'	2.15'	4.95'	7.10'	4.56'	8'	2.00'	6.08'	10.33'	14.58'	18.83'
	36'	2.25'	6.08'	8.33'	5.56'	9'	2.24'	6.67'	11.75'	16.83'	21.92'
	42'	2.34'	7.21'	9.55'	6.56'	10'	2.45'	7.25'	13.25'	19.25'	25.25'
	48'	2.43'	8.33'	10.76'	7.56'	11'	2.65'	7.83'	14.58'	21.33'	28.08'
	54'	2.52'	9.44'	11.96'	8.56'	12'	2.83'	8.42'	16.08'	23.75'	31.42'
4:1 SLOPE	60'	2.62'	10.56'	13.18'	9.56'	14'	3.00'	9.00'	17.50'	26.00'	34.50'
	66'	2.71'	11.68'	14.39'	10.56'	15'	3.18'	9.58'	18.75'	27.92'	37.08'
	72'	2.80'	12.80'	15.60'	11.56'	16'	3.30'	10.16'	20.16'	30.16'	40.16'
	15'	2.27'	4.09'	6.36'	4.03'	8'	1.22'	4.63'	7.21'	9.79'	12.37'
	18'	2.36'	5.12'	7.48'	5.03'	9'	1.41'	4.92'	7.75'	10.58'	13.42'
	24'	2.53'	7.18'	9.71'	7.03'	11'	1.73'	5.50'	8.92'	12.33'	15.75'
	30'	2.70'	9.25'	11.95'	9.03'	13'	2.00'	6.08'	10.33'	14.58'	18.83'
	36'	2.87'	11.31'	14.18'	11.03'	15'	2.24'	6.67'	11.75'	16.83'	21.92'
42'	3.05'	13.37'	16.42'	13.03'	17'	2.45'	7.25'	13.25'	19.25'	25.25'	
48'	3.22'	15.43'	18.65'	15.03'	19'	2.65'	7.83'	14.58'	21.33'	28.08'	
54'	3.39'	17.49'	20.88'	17.03'	21'	2.83'	8.42'	16.08'	23.75'	31.42'	
60'	3.56'	19.55'	23.11'	19.03'	23'	3.00'	9.00'	17.50'	26.00'	34.50'	
66'	3.73'	21.62'	25.35'	21.03'	25'	3.18'	9.58'	18.75'	27.92'	37.08'	
72'	3.91'	23.68'	28.59'	23.03'	27'	3.30'	10.16'	20.16'	30.16'	40.16'	

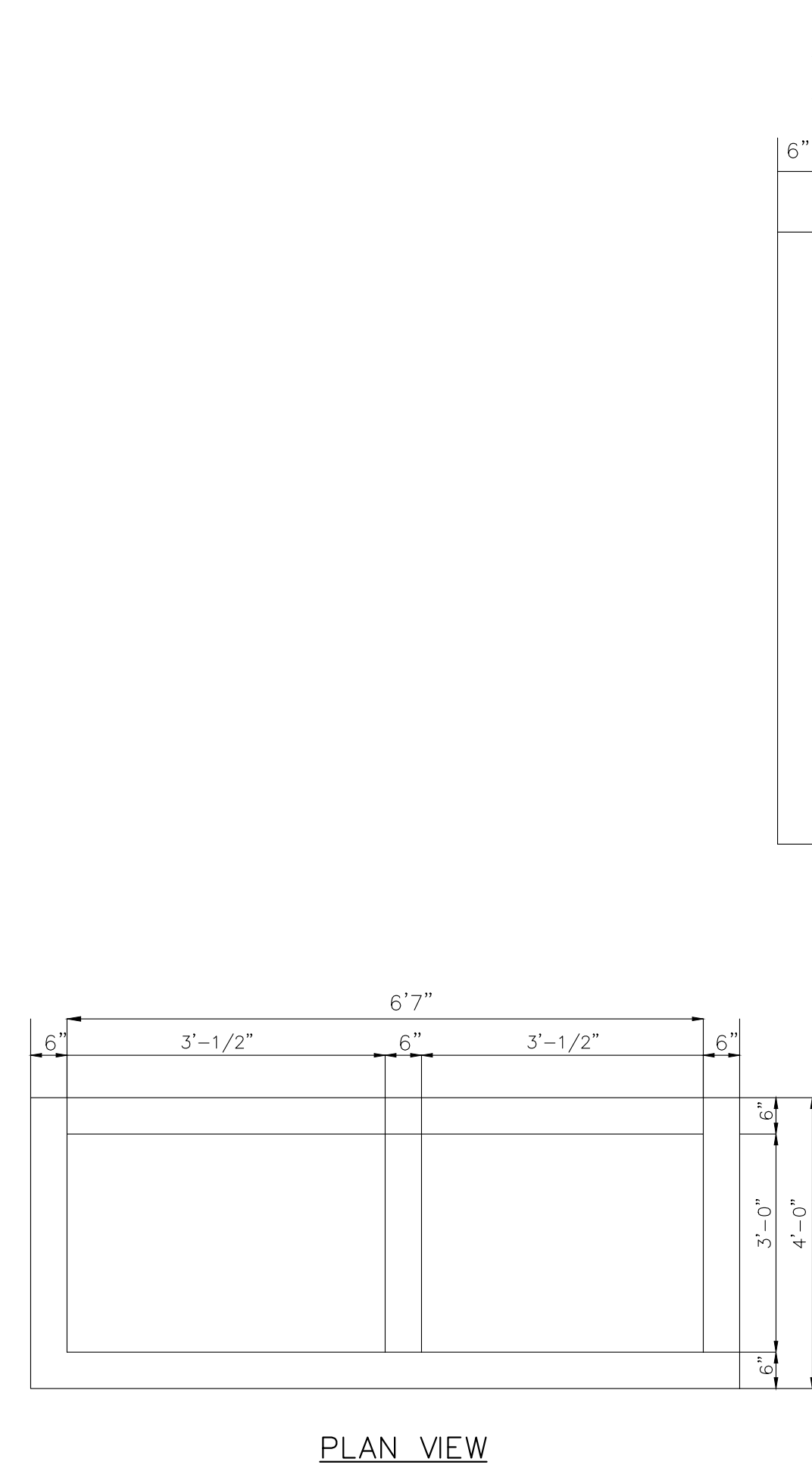
4 MITERED END SECTION (RCP) FDOT STD. INDEX 430-021 N.T.S.



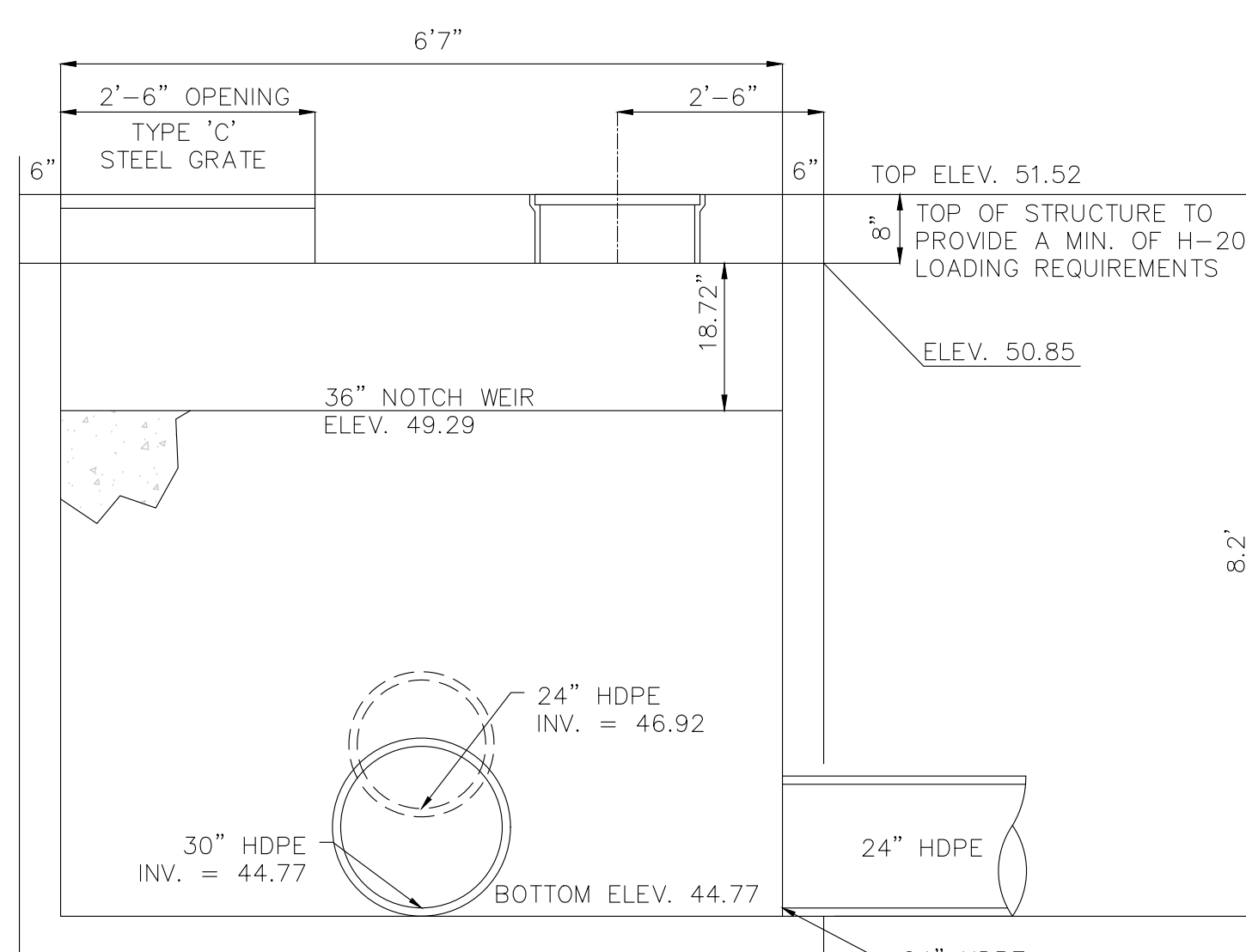
5 MITERED END SECTION WITH SUMP N.T.S.



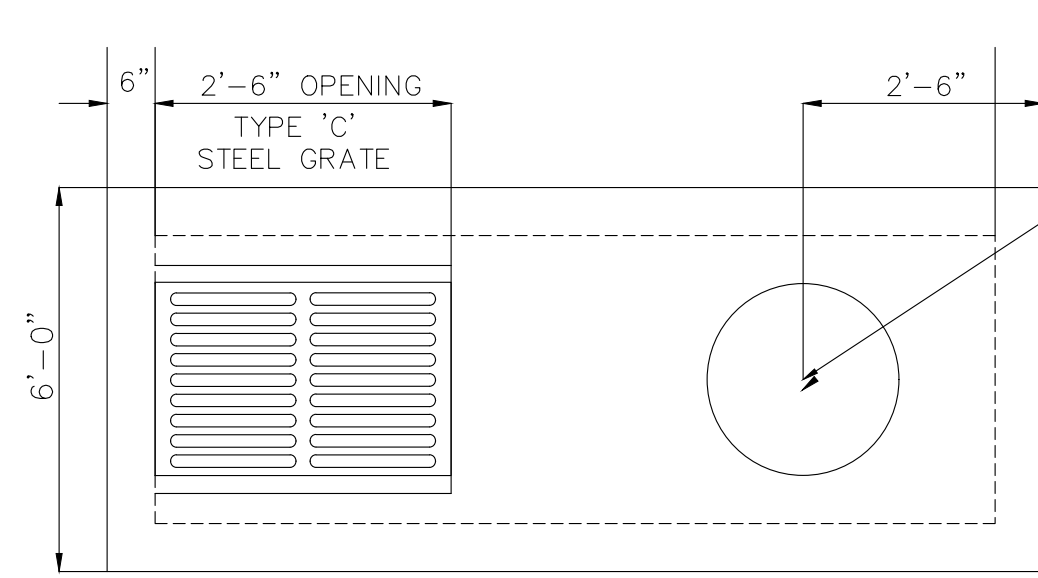
8 TYPE 5 AND 6 INLETS N.T.S.



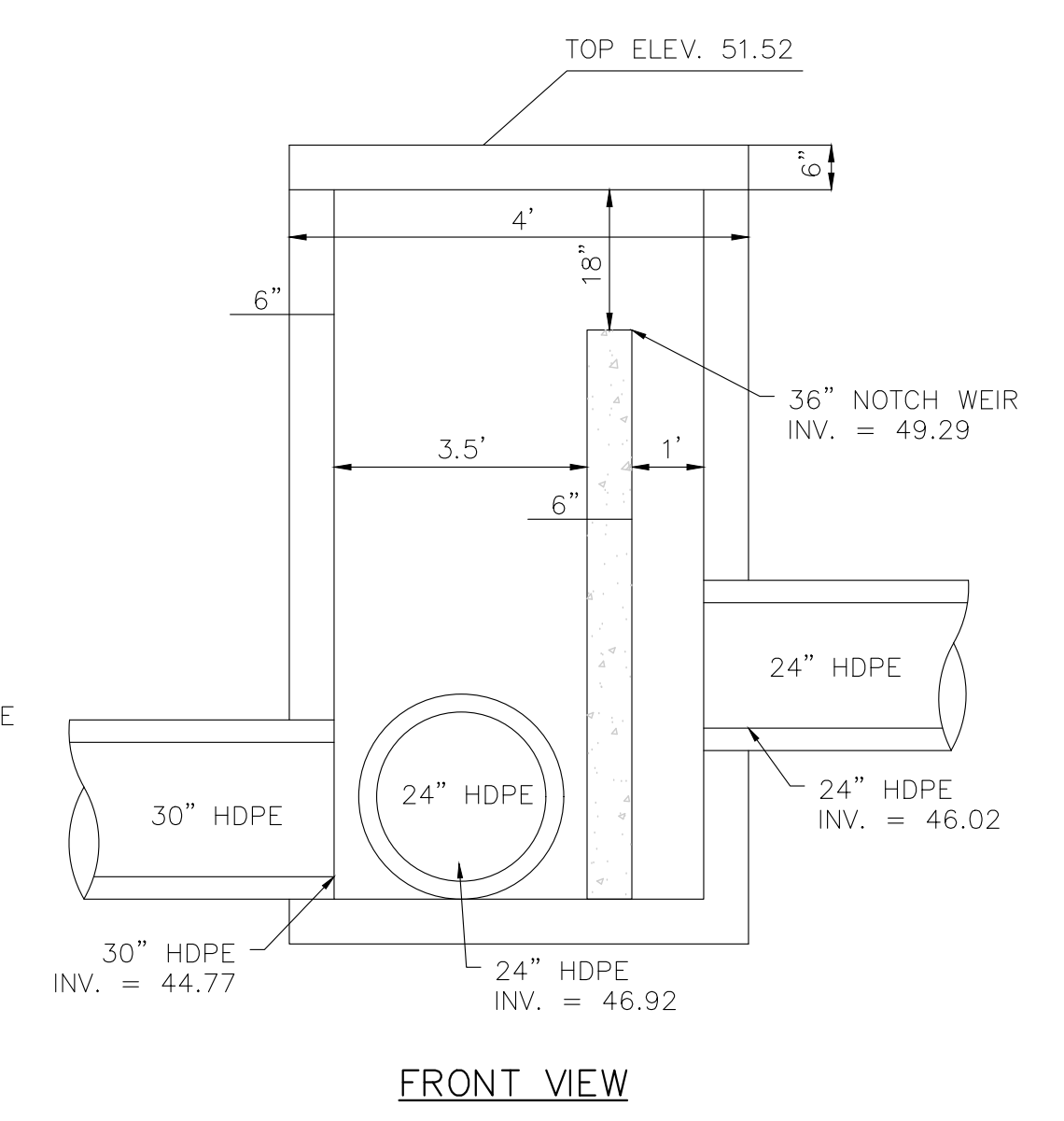
PLAN VIEW



SECTION VIEW



PLAN VIEW (TOP SLAB)



FRONT VIEW

10 A-7 SMART BOX (TYPE H INLET) CUSTOM TOP N.T.S. BOTTOM WITH 10\"/>

P:\PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012 Drawings\CAD\Civil3D\LAYOUTS\03 Final Engineering DRAINAGE DETAILS.dwg Modified: 5/15/2023 By: tmoore

CIVIL ENGINEERING | LAND PLANNING

APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC.

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2221 Lee Road, Suite 27, Warner Dale, Florida, 32789

STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION: 14181

DRAINAGE DETAILS
FINAL SITE PLAN

LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012
IMPROVEMENTS
DEBARY, FLORIDA

DRAWN: T.MOORE
DESIGNED: J.PALM
CHECKED: M. STACY
DATE: 5/15/2023

SCALE: N.T.S.
PROJECT: SSS-005
SHEET: C8.0

APPIAN ENGINEERING

5/15/23

P:\PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012 Drawings\CAD\Civil3D\LAYOUTS\03 Final Engineering\DRAWING DETAILS.dwg Modified: 5/15/2023 By: tmoore

CULTEC RECHARGER 280HD SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL: CULTEC RECHARGER 280HD CHAMBERS ARE DESIGNED FOR UNDERGROUND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT. THE CHAMBERS MAY BE USED FOR RETENTION, RECHARGING, DETENTION OR CONTROLLING THE FLOW OF ON-SITE STORMWATER RUNOFF.

CHAMBER PARAMETERS

- 1. THE CHAMBERS WILL BE MANUFACTURED BY CULTEC, INC. OF BROOKFIELD, CT. (203-775-4416 OR 1-800-428-5832)
2. THE CHAMBER SHALL BE VACUUM THERMOFORMED OF HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HMWHDPE) WITH A BLACK INTERIOR AND BLUE EXTERIOR.
3. THE CHAMBER WILL BE ARCHED IN SHAPE.
4. THE CHAMBER WILL BE OPEN-BOTTOMED.
5. THE CHAMBER WILL BE JOINED USING AN INTERLOCKING OVERLAPPING RIB METHOD. CONNECTIONS MUST BE FULLY SHOULDERED OVERLAPPING RIBS, HAVING NO SEPARATE COUPLINGS OR SEPARATE END WALLS.
6. THE NOMINAL CHAMBER DIMENSIONS OF THE CULTEC RECHARGER 280HD SHALL BE 26.5 INCHES (673 mm) TALL, 47 INCHES (1194 mm) WIDE AND 8 FEET (2.44 m) LONG. THE INSTALLED LENGTH OF A JOINED RECHARGER 280HD SHALL BE 7 FEET (2.13 m).
7. MAXIMUM INLET OPENING ON THE CHAMBER ENDWALL IS 18 INCHES (450 mm) HOPE.
8. THE CHAMBER WILL HAVE TWO SIDE PORTALS TO ACCEPT CULTEC HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTORS TO CREATE AN INTERNAL MANIFOLD. NOMINAL INSIDE DIMENSIONS OF THE SIDE PORTAL SHALL HAVE A WIDTH OF 11.25 INCHES (286 mm) AND HEIGHT OF 11.57 INCHES (294 mm). THE SIDE PORTAL CAN ACCEPT A MAXIMUM OUTER DIAMETER (O.D.) PIPE SIZE OF 12.25 INCHES (311 mm).
9. THE NOMINAL CHAMBER DIMENSIONS OF THE CULTEC HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTOR SHALL BE 12 INCHES (305 mm) TALL, 18 INCHES (450 mm) WIDE AND 24.2 INCHES (614 mm) LONG.
10. THE NOMINAL STORAGE VOLUME OF THE RECHARGER 280HD CHAMBER WILL BE 6.079 FT3 / FT (0.565 m3 / m) - WITHOUT STONE. THE NOMINAL STORAGE VOLUME OF A JOINED RECHARGER 280HD SHALL BE 42.553 FT3 / UNIT (1.205 m3 / UNIT) - WITHOUT STONE.
11. THE NOMINAL STORAGE VOLUME OF THE HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTOR WILL BE 0.913 FT3 (0.085 m3) - WITHOUT STONE.
12. THE RECHARGER 280HD CHAMBER WILL SEVENTY-TWO DISCHARGE HOLES BORED INTO THE SIDEWALLS OF THE UNITS' CORE TO PROMOTE LATERAL CONVEYANCE OF WATER.
13. THE RECHARGER 280HD CHAMBER SHALL HAVE 15 CORRUGATIONS.
14. THE ENDWALL OF THE CHAMBER WHEN PRESENT, WILL BE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE CONTINUOUSLY FORMED UNIT. SEPARATE END PLATES CANNOT BE USED WITH THIS UNIT.
15. THE RECHARGER 280RHD STAND ALONE UNIT MUST BE FORMED AS A WHOLE CHAMBER HAVING TWO FULLY FORMED INTEGRAL ENDWALLS AND HAVING NO SEPARATE END PLATES OR SEPARATE END WALLS.
16. THE RECHARGER 280SHD STARTER UNIT MUST BE FORMED AS A WHOLE CHAMBER HAVING ONE FULLY FORMED INTEGRAL ENDWALL AND ONE PARTIALLY FORMED INTEGRAL ENDWALL WITH A LOWER TRANSFER OPENING OF 9 INCHES (229 mm) HIGH X 35 INCHES (889 mm) WIDE.
17. THE RECHARGER 280HD INTERMEDIATE UNIT MUST BE FORMED AS A WHOLE CHAMBER HAVING ONE FULLY OPEN ENDWALL AND ONE PARTIALLY FORMED INTEGRAL ENDWALL WITH A LOWER TRANSFER OPENING OF 9 INCHES (229 mm) HIGH X 35 INCHES (889 mm) WIDE.
18. THE RECHARGER 280EHD END UNIT MUST BE FORMED AS A WHOLE CHAMBER HAVING ONE FULLY FORMED INTEGRAL ENDWALL AND ONE FULLY OPEN END WALL AND HAVING NO SEPARATE END PLATES OR END WALLS.
19. THE HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTOR MUST BE FORMED AS A WHOLE CHAMBER HAVING TWO OPEN END WALLS AND HAVING NO SEPARATE END PLATES OR SEPARATE END WALLS. THE UNIT WILL FIT INTO THE SIDE PORTALS OF THE RECHARGER 280HD AND ACT AS CROSS FEED CONNECTIONS.
20. CHAMBERS MUST HAVE HORIZONTAL STIFFENING FLEX REDUCTION STEPS BETWEEN THE RIBS.
21. THE CHAMBER WILL HAVE A RAISED INTEGRAL CAP AT THE TOP OF THE ARCH IN THE CENTER OF EACH UNIT TO BE USED AS AN OPTIONAL INSPECTION PORT OR CLEAN-OUT.
22. THE UNITS MAY BE TRIMMED TO CUSTOM LENGTHS BY CUTTING BACK TO ANY CORRUGATION.
23. THE CHAMBER SHALL BE MANUFACTURED IN AN IN AN ISO 9001:2015 CERTIFIED FACILITY.
24. THE CHAMBER WILL BE DESIGNED TO WITHSTAND TRAFFIC LOADS WHEN INSTALLED ACCORDING TO CULTEC'S INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.
25. THE CHAMBER SHALL BE DESIGNED AND MANUFACTURED TO MEET THE MATERIAL AND STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS OF APMD PS 63-2019, INCLUDING RESISTANCE TO ASHTO H-10 AND H-20 HIGHWAY LIVE LOADS, WHEN INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CULTEC'S INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.
26. MAXIMUM ALLOWED COVER OVER TOP OF UNIT SHALL BE 12 FEET (3.65 m).

CULTEC HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTOR PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL: CULTEC HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTORS ARE DESIGNED TO CREATE AN INTERNAL MANIFOLD FOR CULTEC RECHARGER 280HD STORMWATER CHAMBERS.

CHAMBER PARAMETERS

- 1. THE CHAMBERS WILL BE MANUFACTURED BY CULTEC, INC. OF BROOKFIELD, CT. (203-775-4416 OR 1-800-428-5832)
2. THE CHAMBER SHALL BE VACUUM THERMOFORMED OF HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HMWHDPE) WITH A BLACK INTERIOR AND BLUE EXTERIOR.
3. THE CHAMBER WILL BE ARCHED IN SHAPE.
4. THE CHAMBER WILL BE OPEN-BOTTOMED.
5. THE NOMINAL CHAMBER DIMENSIONS OF THE CULTEC HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTOR SHALL BE 12 INCHES (305 mm) TALL, 18 INCHES (450 mm) WIDE AND 24.2 INCHES (614 mm) LONG.
6. THE NOMINAL STORAGE VOLUME OF THE HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTOR WILL BE 0.913 FT3 / FT (0.085 m3 / m) - WITHOUT STONE.
7. THE HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTOR CHAMBER SHALL HAVE 2 CORRUGATIONS.
8. THE HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTOR MUST BE FORMED AS A WHOLE CHAMBER HAVING TWO OPEN END WALLS AND HAVING NO SEPARATE END PLATES OR SEPARATE END WALLS. THE UNIT WILL FIT INTO THE SIDE PORTALS OF THE CULTEC RECHARGER 280HD CHAMBERS AND ACT AS CROSS FEED CONNECTIONS CREATING AN INTERNAL MANIFOLD.
9. THE CHAMBER WILL BE DESIGNED TO WITHSTAND TRAFFIC LOADS WHEN INSTALLED ACCORDING TO CULTEC'S RECOMMENDED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.
10. THE CHAMBER SHALL BE MANUFACTURED IN AN ISO 9001:2015 CERTIFIED FACILITY.

CULTEC NO. 410" NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE

CULTEC NO. 410" NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE MAY BE USED WITH CULTEC CONTACTORS AND RECHARGERS STORMWATER INSTALLATIONS TO PROVIDE A BARRIER THAT PREVENTS SOIL INTRUSION INTO THE STONE.

GEOTEXTILE PARAMETERS

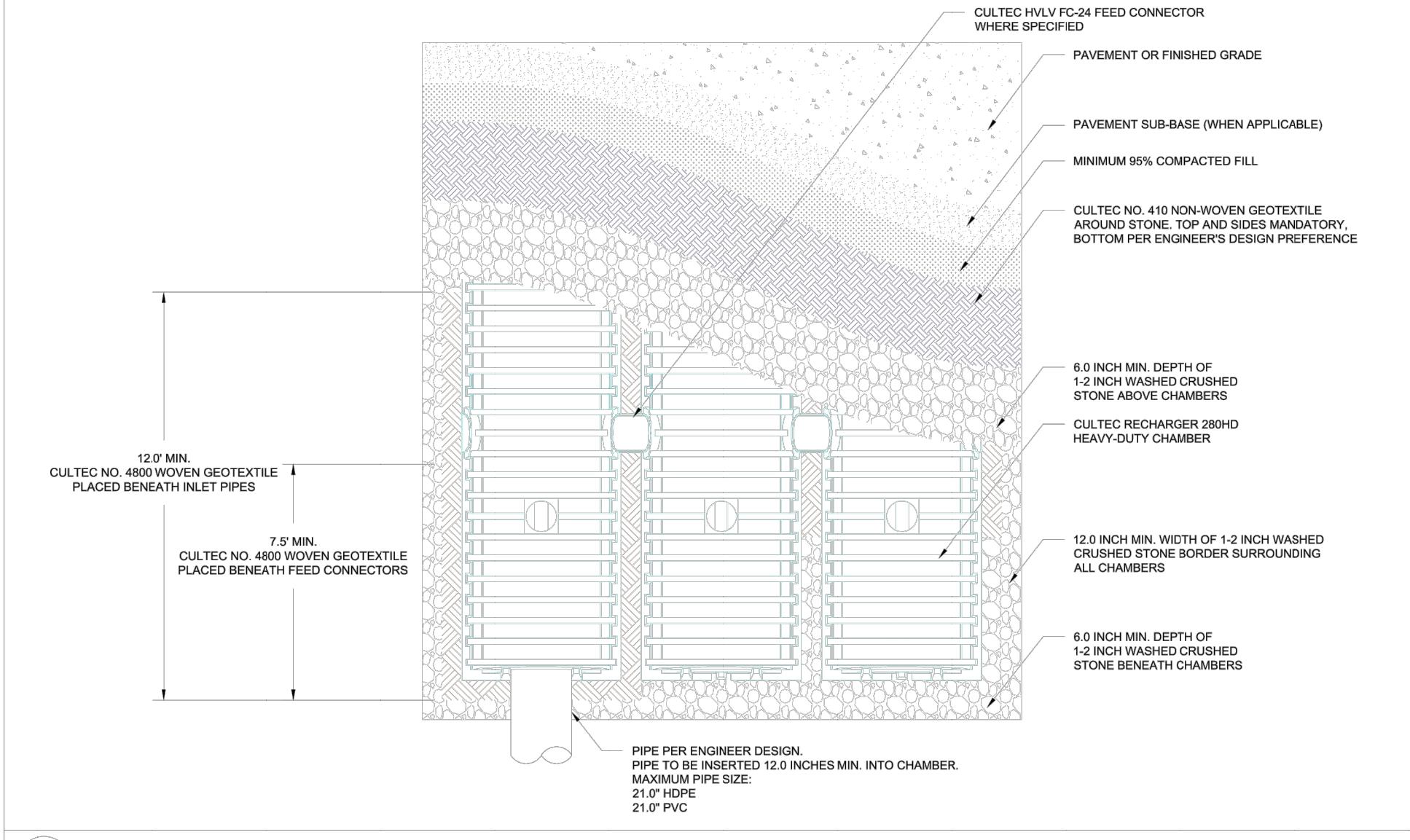
- 1. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE PROVIDED BY CULTEC, INC. OF BROOKFIELD, CT. (203-775-4416 OR 1-800-428-5832)
2. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE BLACK IN APPEARANCE.
3. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A TYPICAL WEIGHT OF 4.5 OZ/SY (142 G/M).
4. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A TENSILE STRENGTH VALUE OF 120 LBS (533 N) PER ASTM D4632 TESTING METHOD.
5. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE AN ELONGATION @ BREAK VALUE OF 50% PER ASTM D4632 TESTING METHOD.
6. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A MULLEN BURST VALUE OF 225 PSI (1551 KPA) PER ASTM D3786 TESTING METHOD.
7. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A PUNCTURE STRENGTH VALUE OF 65 LBS (289 N) PER ASTM D4833 TESTING METHOD.
8. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A CBR PUNCTURE VALUE OF 340 LBS (1513 N) PER ASTM D6241 TESTING METHOD.
9. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A TRAPEZOID TEAR VALUE OF 50 LBS (222 N) PER ASTM D4533 TESTING METHOD.
10. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A AOS VALUE OF 70 U.S. SIEVE (0.212 MM) PER ASTM D4751 TESTING METHOD.
11. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A PERMITTIVITY VALUE OF 1.7 SEC-1 PER ASTM D4491 TESTING METHOD.
12. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A WATER FLOW RATE VALUE OF 135 GAL/MIN/SF (5500 L/MIN/SQ) PER ASTM D4491 TESTING METHOD.
13. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A UV STABILITY @ 500 HOURS VALUE OF 70% PER ASTM D4355 TESTING METHOD.

CULTEC NO. 4800" WOVEN GEOTEXTILE

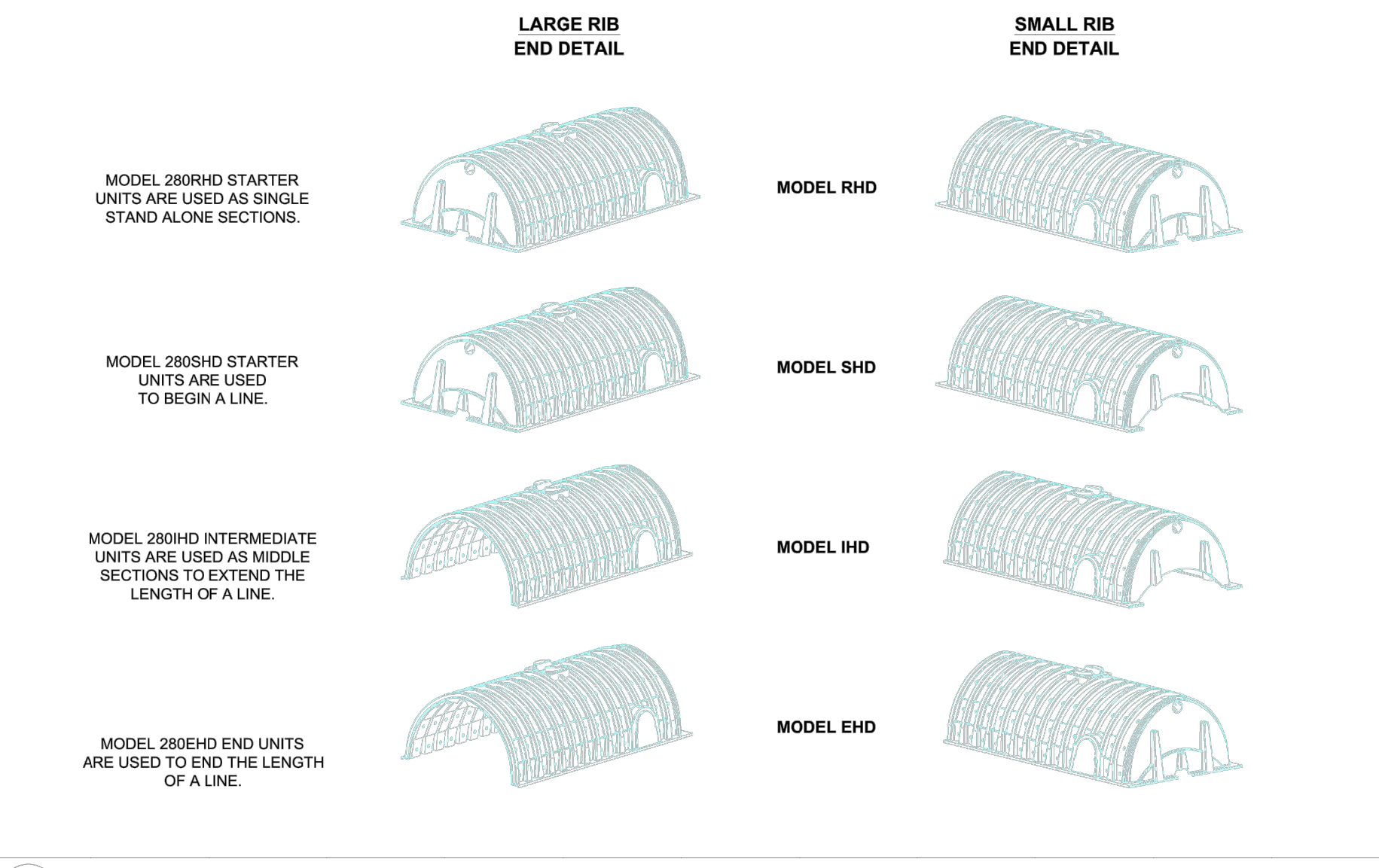
CULTEC NO. 4800 WOVEN GEOTEXTILE IS DESIGNED AS A UNDERLAYMENT TO PREVENT SCOURING CAUSED BY WATER MOVEMENT WITHIN THE CULTEC CHAMBERS AND FEED CONNECTORS UTILIZING THE CULTEC MANIFOLD FEATURE. IT MAY ALSO BE USED AS A COMPONENT OF THE CULTEC SEPARATOR ROW TO ACT AS A BARRIER TO PREVENT SOIL/CONTAMINANT INTRUSION INTO THE STONE WHILE ALLOWING FOR MAINTENANCE.

GEOTEXTILE PARAMETERS

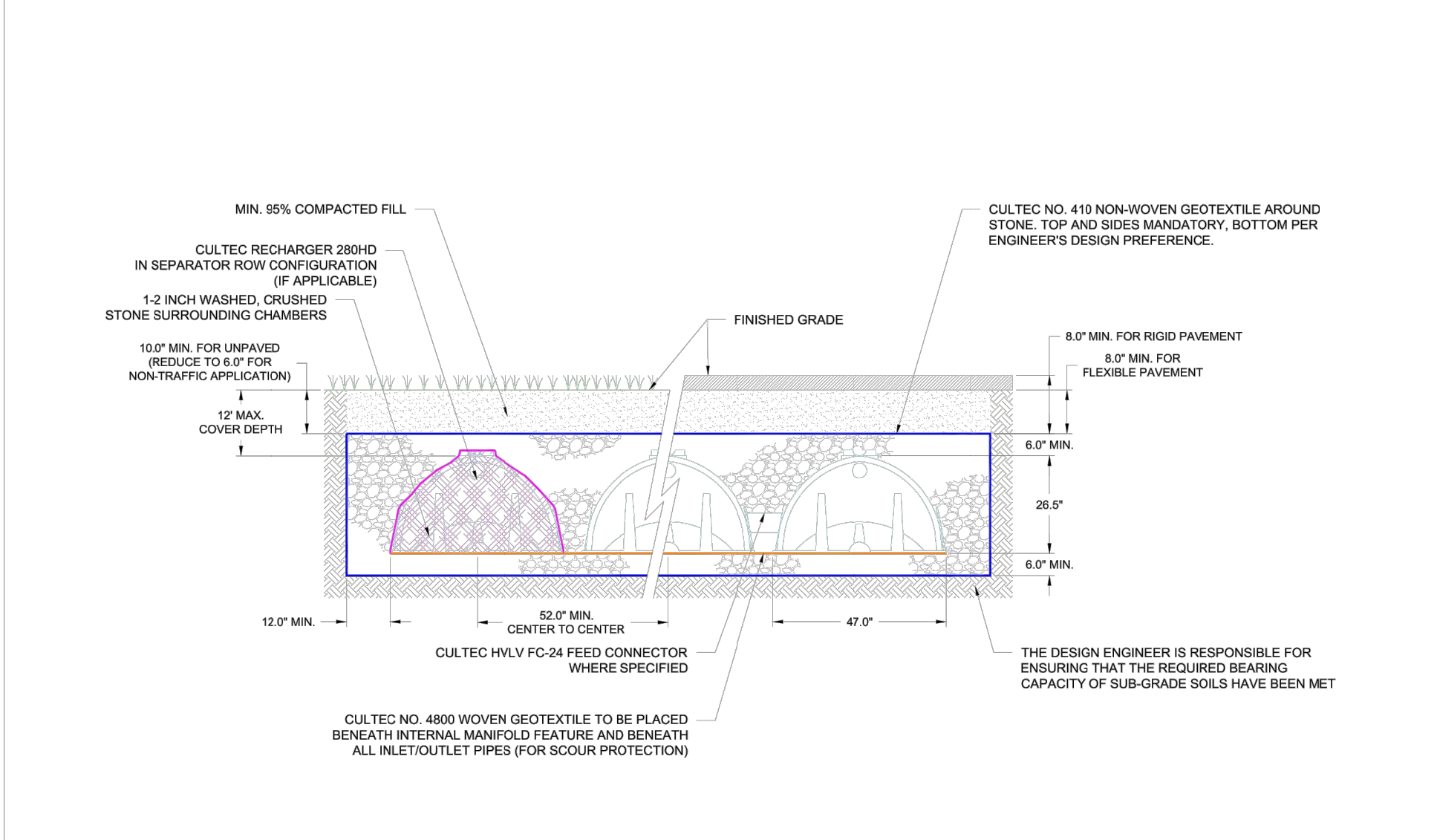
- 1. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE PROVIDED BY CULTEC, INC. OF BROOKFIELD, CT. (203-775-4416 OR 1-800-428-5832)
2. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE BLACK IN APPEARANCE.
3. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A TENSILE STRENGTH OF 550 X 550 LBS (2,448 X 2,448 N) PER ASTM D4632 TESTING METHOD.
4. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A TENSILE STRENGTH OF 20 X 20% PER ASTM D4632 TESTING METHOD.
5. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A WIDE WIDTH TENSILE RESISTANCE OF 5,070 X 5,070 LBS/FT (74 X 74 KN/M) PER ASTM D4595 TESTING METHOD.
6. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A WIDE WIDTH TENSILE RESISTANCE @ 2% STRAIN OF 960 X 1,096 LBS/FT (14 X 16 KN/M) PER ASTM D4595 TESTING METHOD.
7. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A WIDE WIDTH TENSILE RESISTANCE @ 5% STRAIN OF 2,740 X 2,740 LBS/FT (40 X 40 KN/M) PER ASTM D4595 TESTING METHOD.
8. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A WIDE WIDTH TENSILE RESISTANCE @ 10% STRAIN OF 4,800 X 4,800 LBS/FT (70 X 70 KN/M) PER ASTM D4595 TESTING METHOD.
9. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A CBR PUNCTURE RESISTANCE OF 1,700 LBS (7,560 N) PER ASTM D4491 TESTING METHOD.
10. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A TRAPEZOIDAL TEAR RESISTANCE OF 180 X 180 LBS (801 X 801 N) PER ASTM D4533 TESTING METHOD.
11. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE AN APPARENT OPENING SIZE OF 40 U.S. STD. SIEVE (0.425 MM) PER ASTM D4751 TESTING METHOD.
12. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A PERMITTIVITY RATING OF 0.15 SEC-1 PER ASTM D4491 TESTING METHOD.
13. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A WATER FLOW RATING OF 11.5 GPM/FT2 (470 LPM/M2) PER ASTM D4491 TESTING METHOD.
14. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL HAVE A UV RESISTANCE OF 80% @ 500 HRS. PER ASTM D4355 TESTING METHOD.



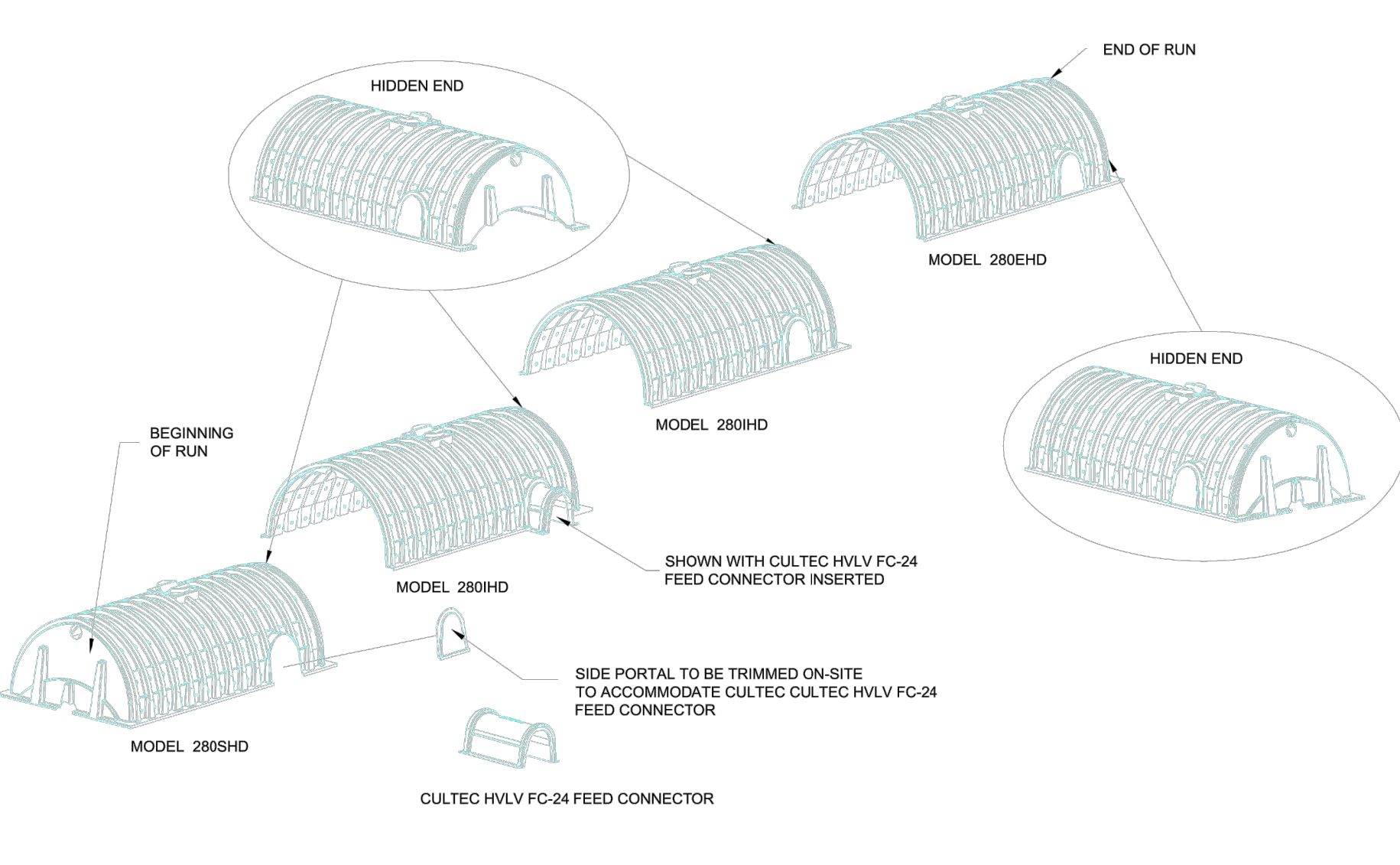
CULTEC RECHARGER 280HD HEAVY DUTY PLAN VIEW



CULTEC RECHARGER 280HD HEAVY DUTY END DETAIL INFORMATION

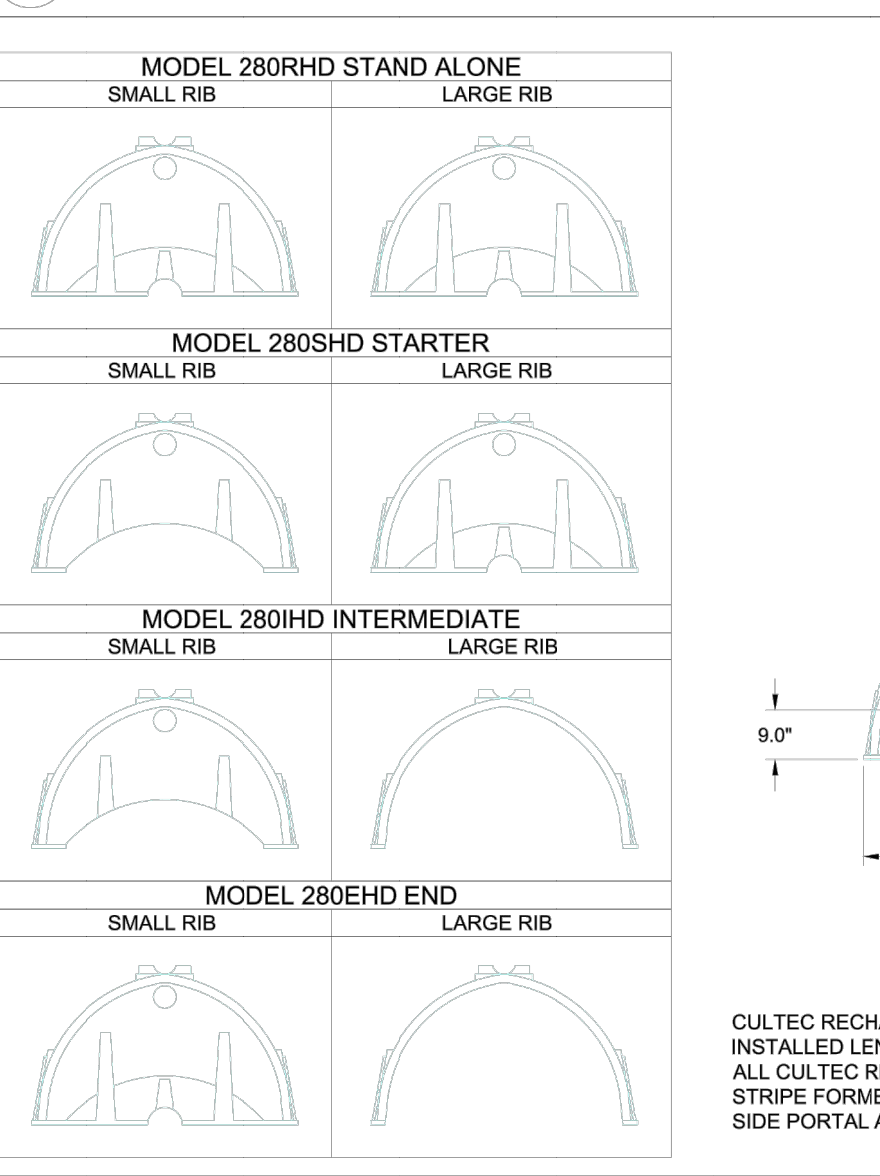


CULTEC RECHARGER 280HD HEAVY DUTY CROSS SECTION

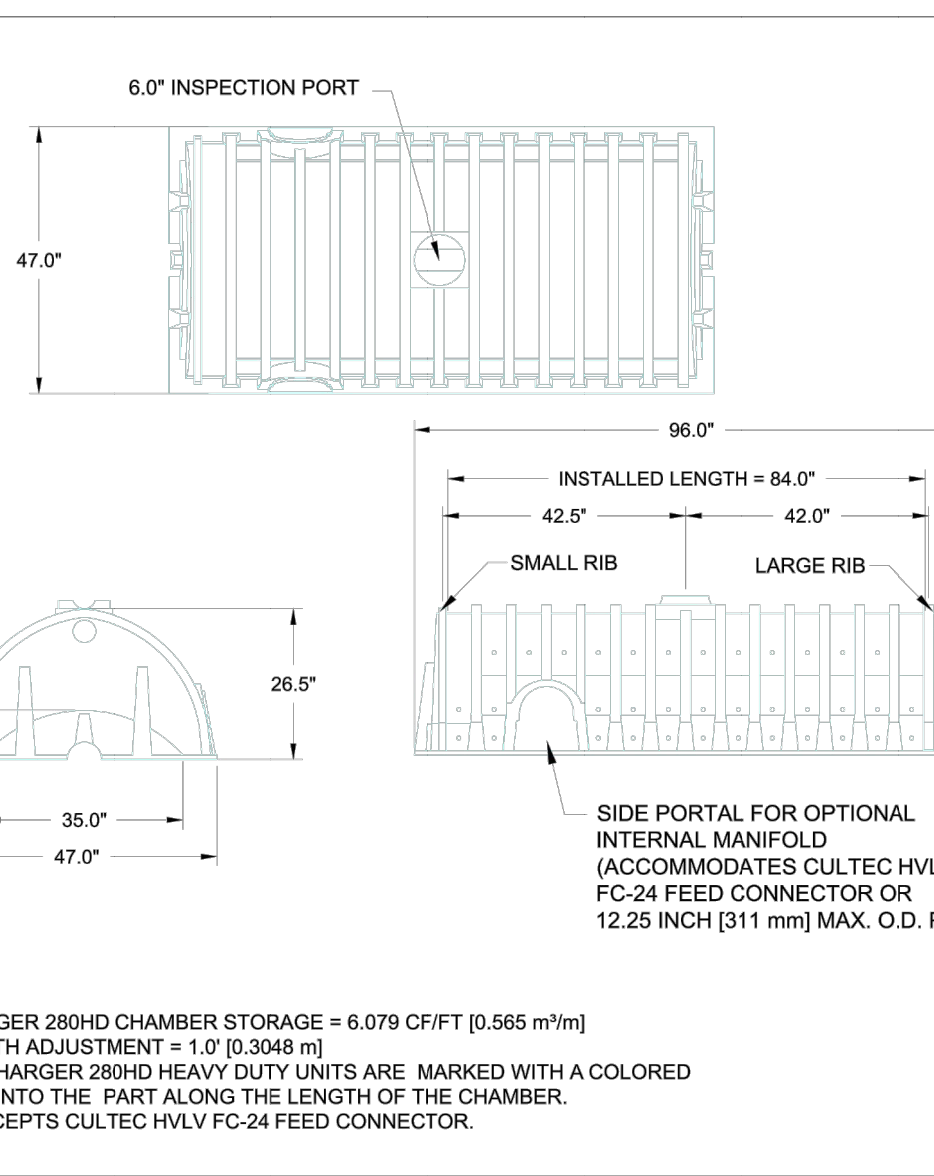


CULTEC RECHARGER 280HD HEAVY DUTY TYPICAL INTERLOCK

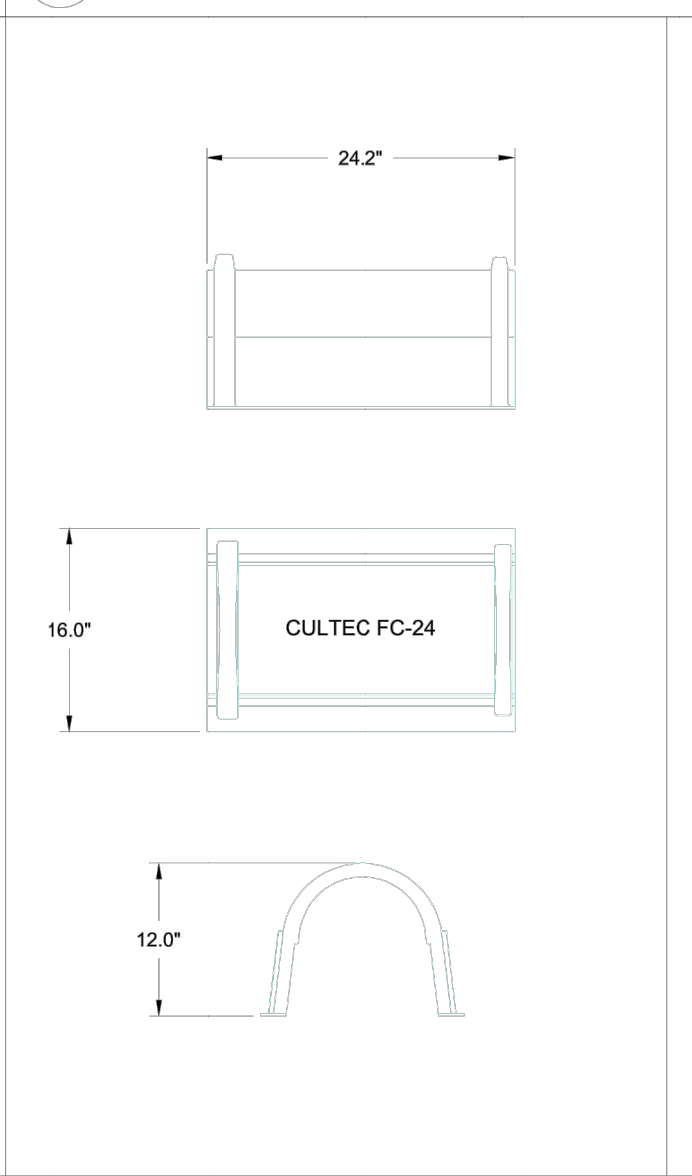
GENERAL NOTES



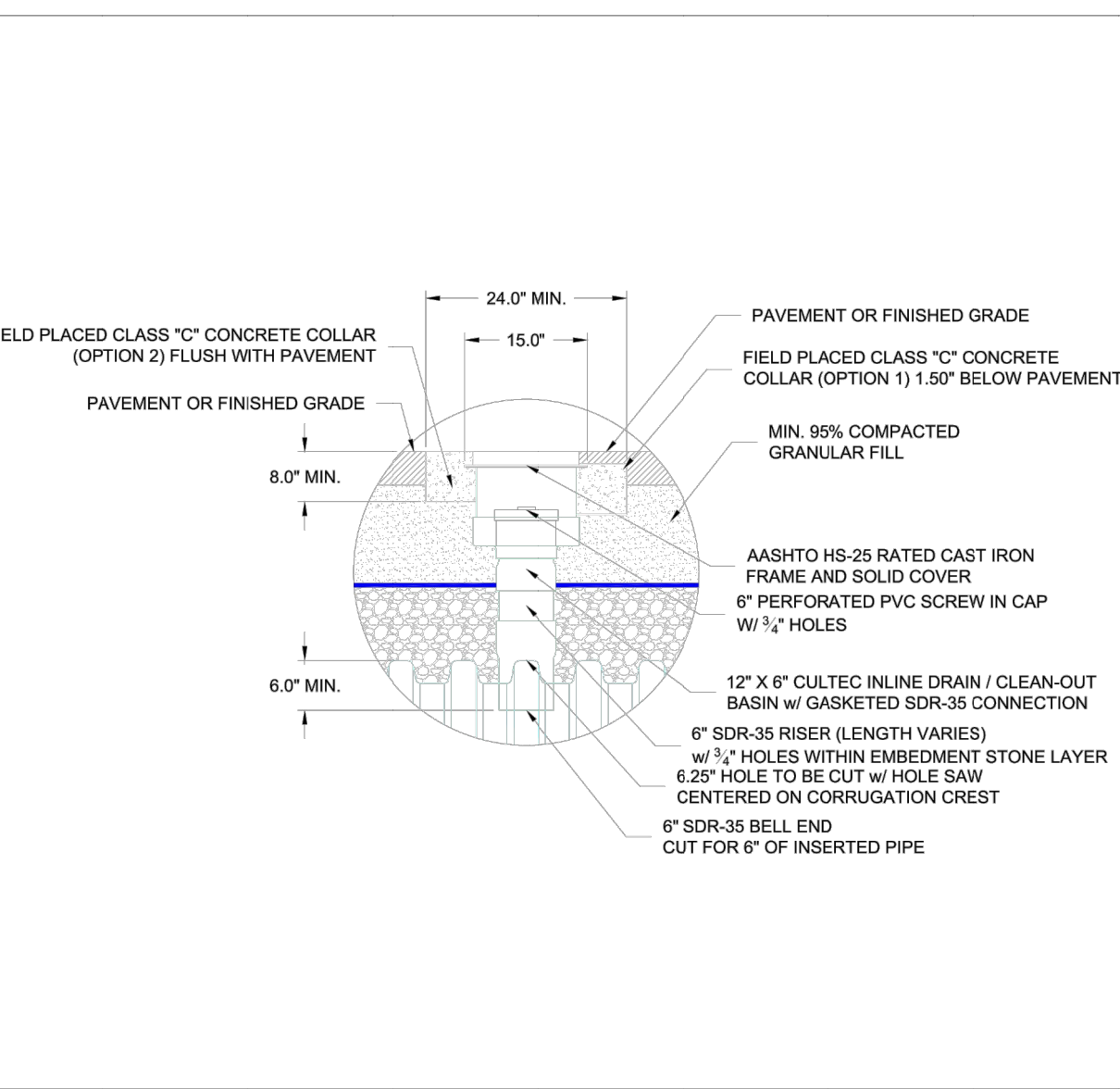
CULTEC HVLV FC-24 FEED CONNECTOR THREE VIEW



CULTEC INSPECTION PORT - ZOOM DETAIL



CULTEC SEPARATOR ROW - CULTEC INSPECTION PORT DETAIL (IF APPLICABLE)



CULTEC RECHARGER 280HD HEAVY DUTY THREE VIEW

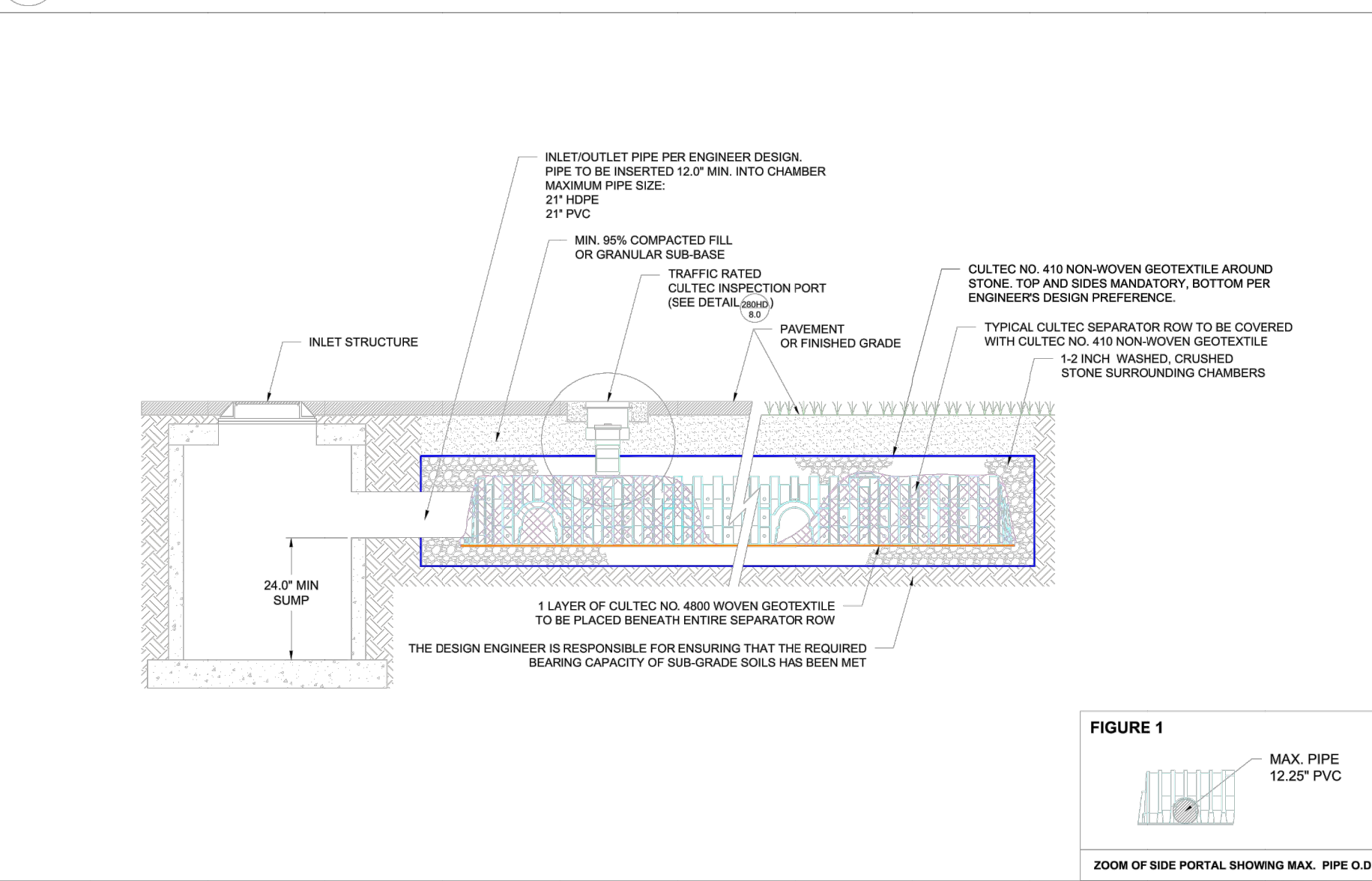


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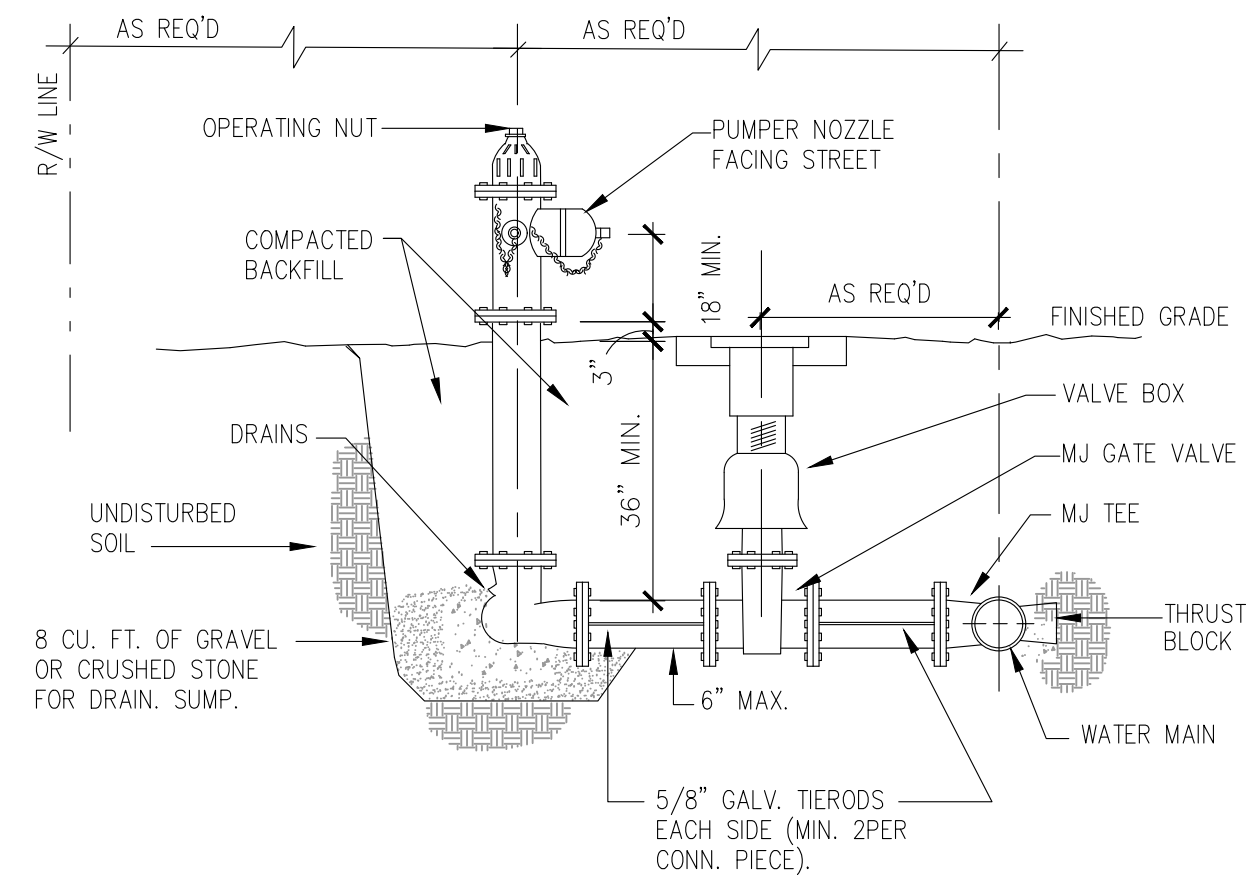
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LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE
DEBARY, FL
DRAINAGE DETAILS
FINAL SITE PLAN
LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012
IMPROVEMENTS
DEBARY, FLORIDA

Table with project details: SCALE: N.T.S., PROJECT: J-PALM, SHEET: SSS-005, DATE: 5/15/2023

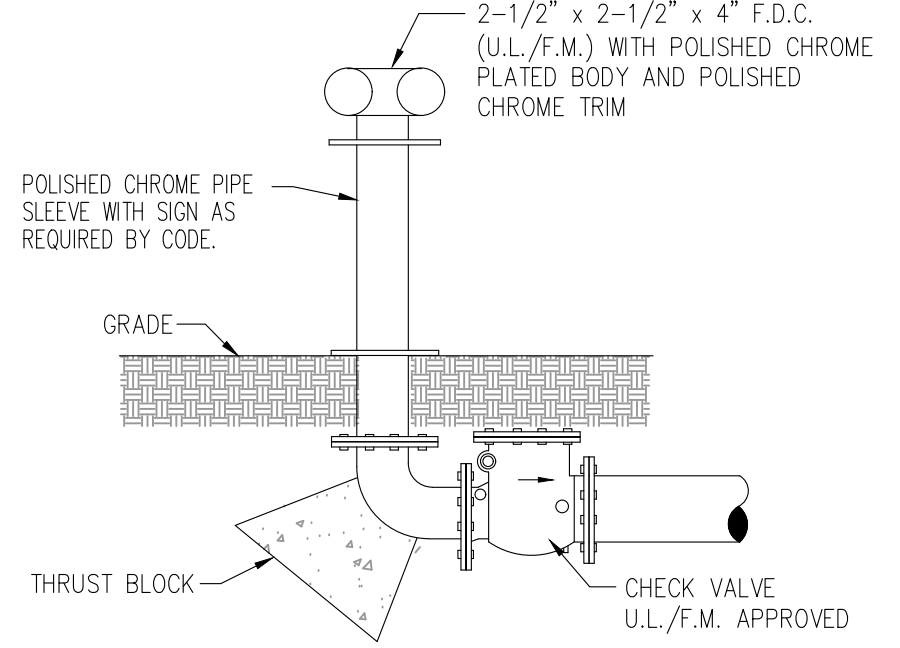
CULTEC, Inc. Subsurface Stormwater Management Systems
P.O. Box 280
PH: (203) 775-4416
878 Federal Road
Brookfield, CT 06804
www.cultec.com
tech@cultec.com

APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC logo and title block information including project name, sheet number, and date.

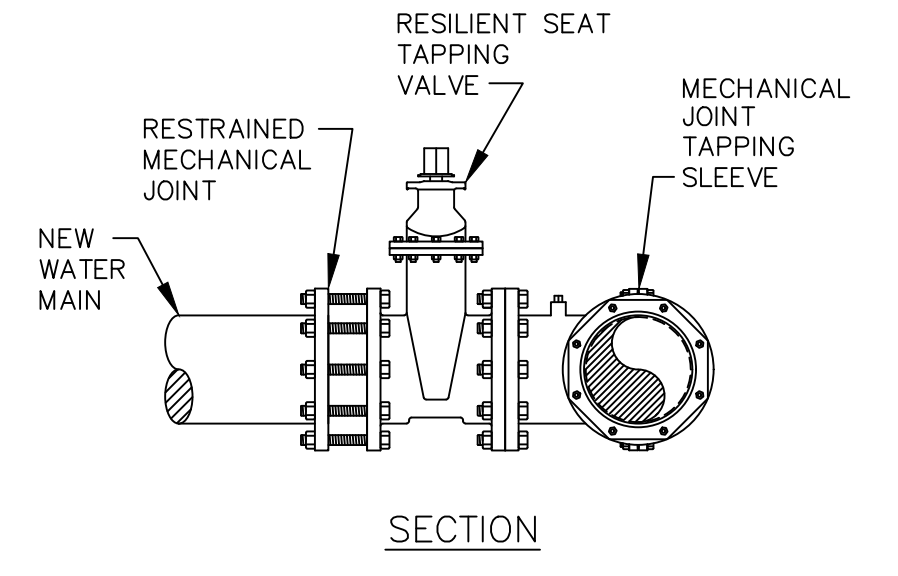
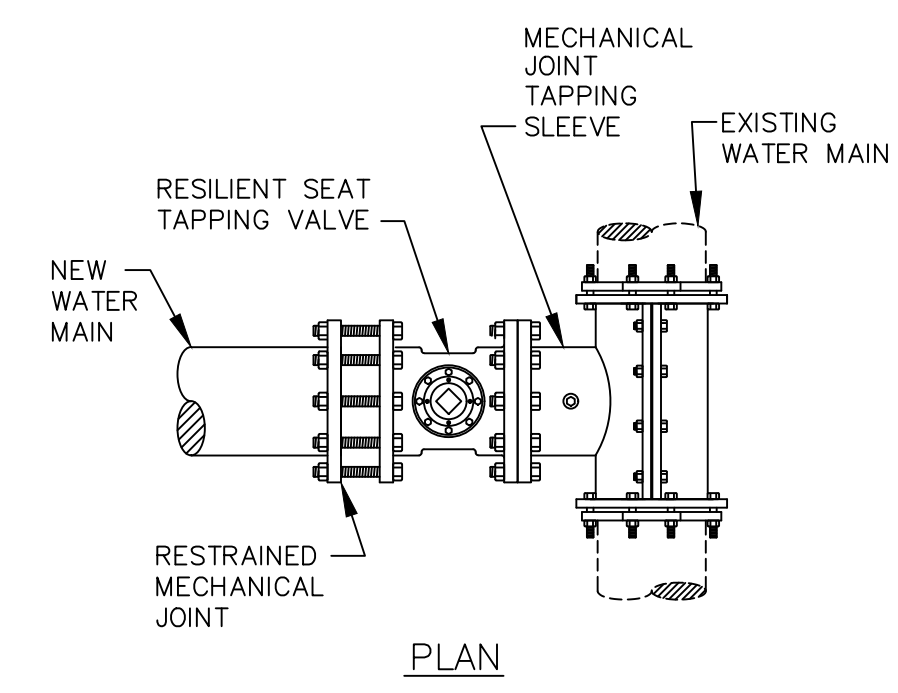


1 FIRE HYDRANT DETAIL

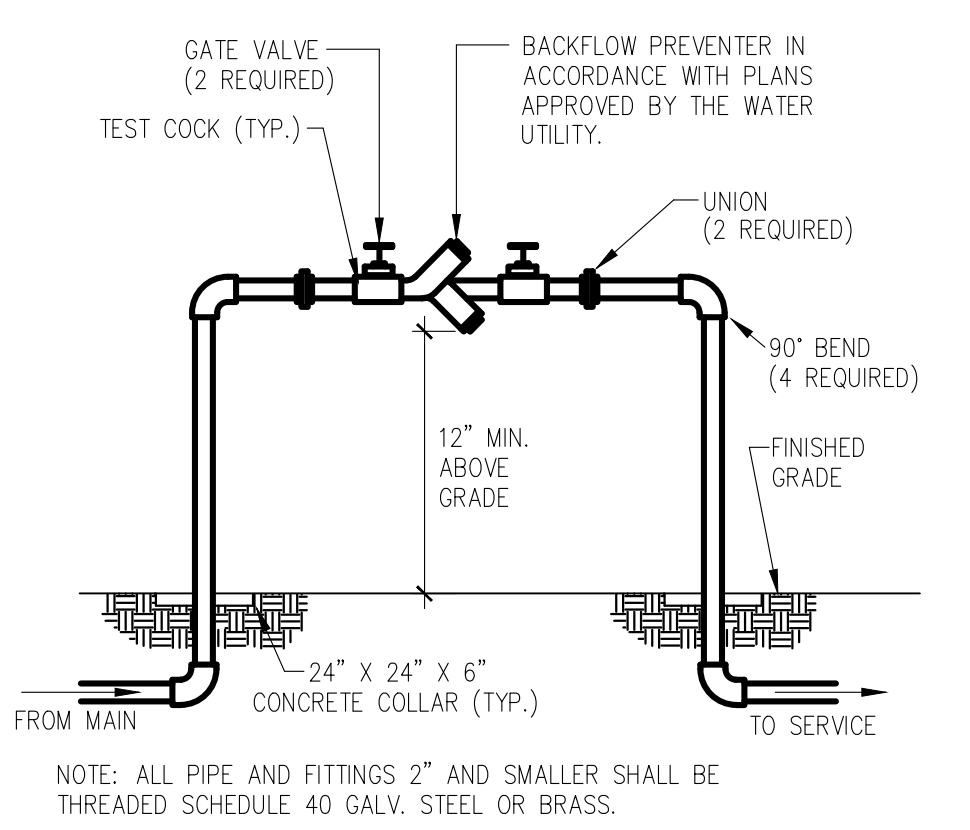
- NOTES:
1. VALVE BOX SHALL BE SCREW TYPE ADJUSTABLE AND COVER SHALL BE MARKED "WATER".
 2. FIRE HYDRANTS CANNOT BE LOCATED WITHIN THE RADIUS OF STREET CORNERS.
 3. HYDRANT SHALL BE LOCATED 4' TO 8' FROM EDGE OF PAVEMENT, IN BETWEEN CURB AND SIDEWALK.
 4. HYDRANT SHALL BE PAINTED W/ DUPONT 7744A OR EQUAL.



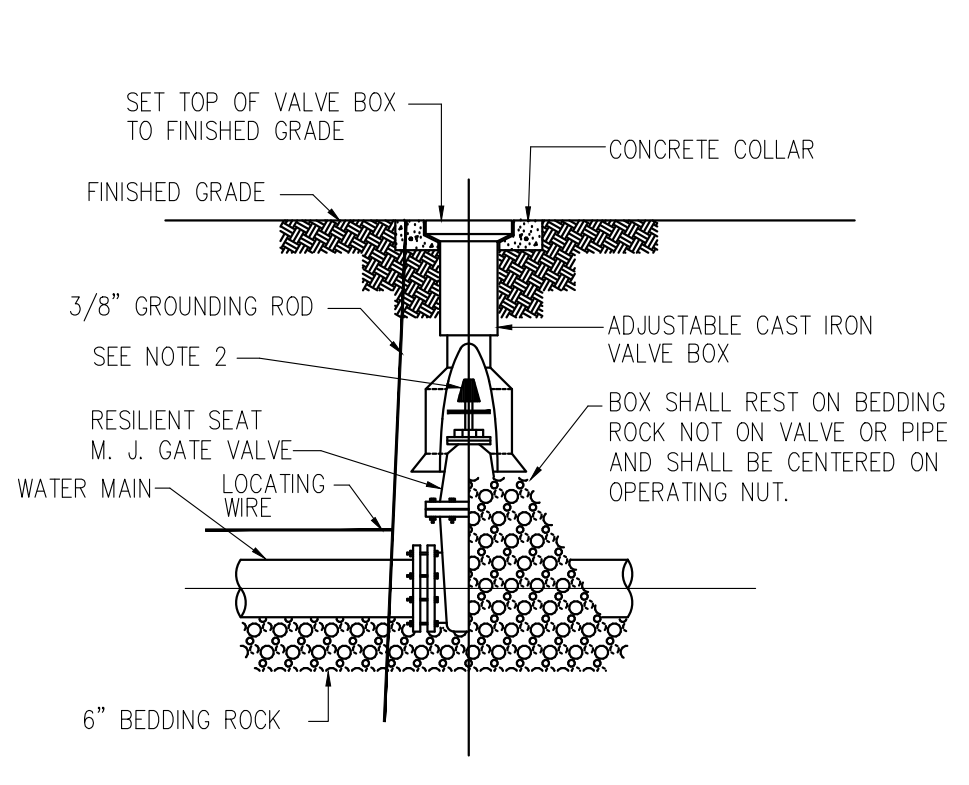
2 FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION



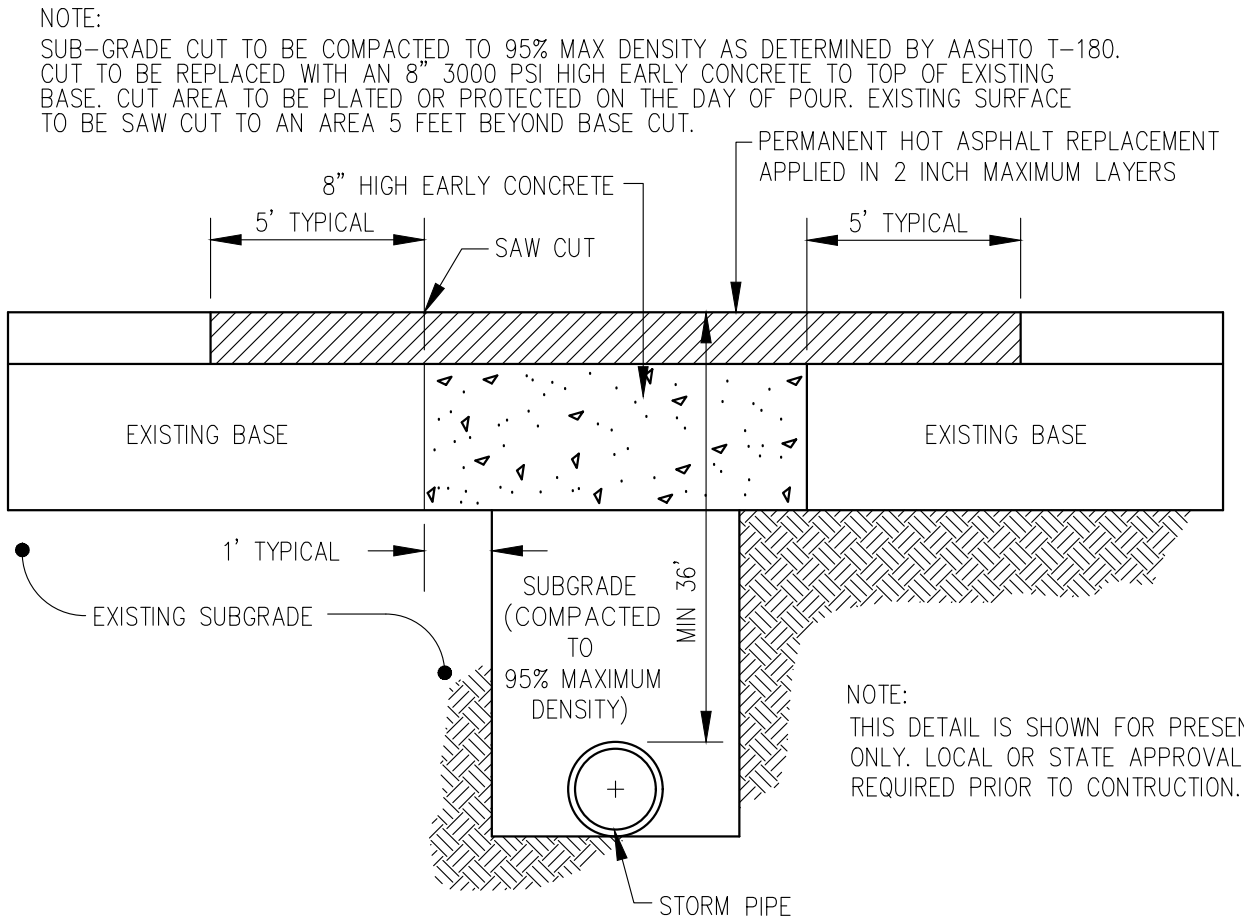
3 STANDARD WATER MAIN WET TAP



4 BACKFLOW PREVENTER



5 GATE VALVE & BOX



6 OPEN CUT & REPAIR DETAIL

- GENERAL NOTES:
1. BASE REPLACEMENT SHALL BE 3000 PSI, HIGH EARLY STRENGTH CONCRETE.
 2. ASPHALTIC CONCRETE SURFACE MATERIAL SHALL BE REPLACED WITH THE SAME TYPE OF MATERIAL THAT EXISTED AT THE TIME OF REMOVAL, OR AS APPROVED BY FDOT ENGINEER.
 3. MINIMUM ASPHALTIC CONCRETE SURFACE OVERLAY THICKNESS SHALL BE ONE (1) INCH, OR AS APPROVED BY FDOT ENGINEER.
 4. ALL JOINT CUTS SHALL BE MECHANICALLY SAW CUT.

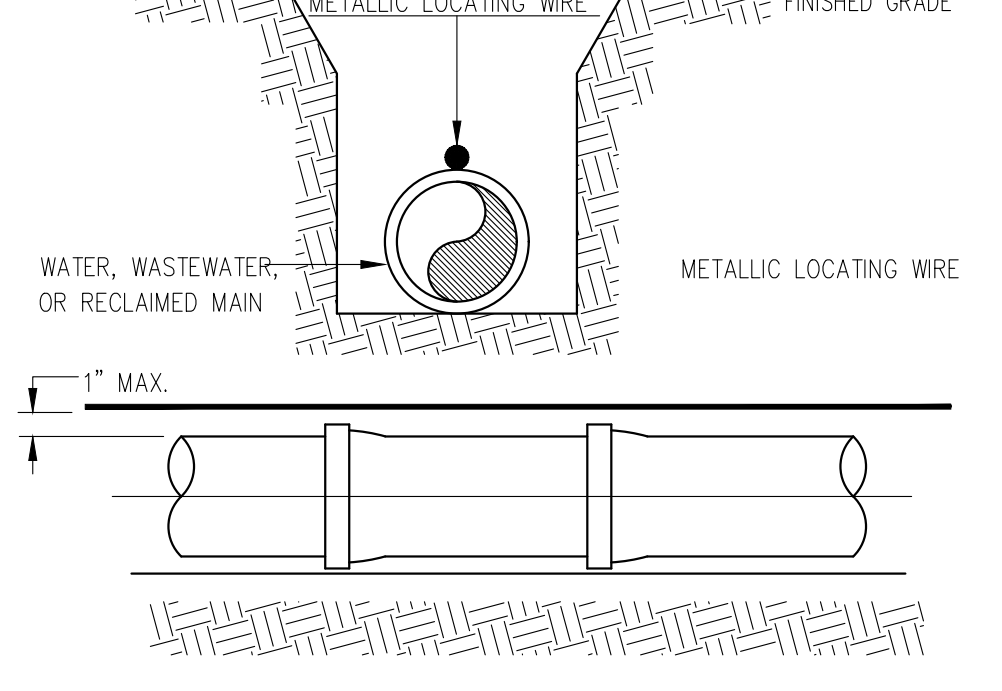
- PAVEMENT RESTORATION
1. LONGITUDINAL CUTS MAY REQUIRE OVERLAY/RESURFACING OF THE COMPLETE WIDTH OF THE TRAVELLED WAY.
 2. CUTS AT INTERSECTIONS OF STREETS GENERALLY MAY REQUIRE A COMPLETE OVERLAY/RESURFACING TO THE END OF ALL RETURN RADI, AND ALSO TO A POINT TEN (10) FEET BEYOND THE CUT, WHICHEVER IS GREATER.
 3. ACTUAL REQUIREMENTS WILL BE AS STATED ON THE APPROVED PERMIT.

TYPE	PVC AND DUCTILE IRON PIPE SIZE (IN)													
	4	6	8	12	16	20	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	64
90° BEND	21	29	37	52	65	78	104	122	143	154	167	180	188	195
45° BEND	9	12	16	22	27	33	43	51	60	64	70	75	76	81
22-1/2° BEND	5	6	8	11	13	16	21	25	29	31	34	36	38	39
11-1/4° BEND	2	3	4	6	7	8	11	12	15	16	17	18	19	20
5/8\"/>														

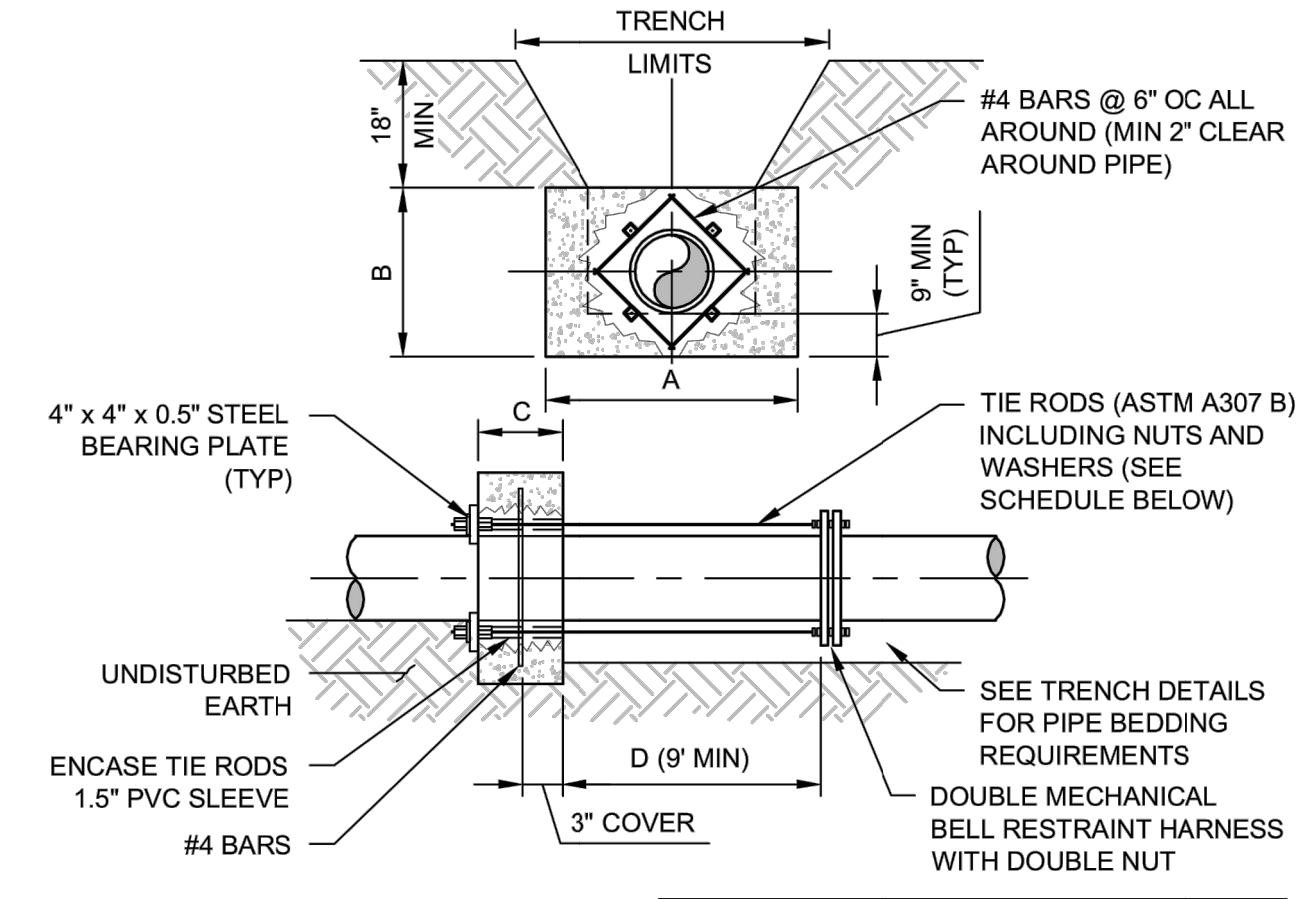
- NOTES:
1. FITTINGS SHALL HAVE RESTRAINED JOINTS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
 2. INSTALL FULL LENGTH JOINTS WITH TOTAL LENGTH EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN LENGTH SHOWN IN THE TABLE.
 3. WHERE TWO OR MORE FITTINGS ARE IN SERIES, SELECT FITTING RESTRAINT LENGTH THAT YIELDS THE LONGEST RESTRAINT DISTANCE.
 4. ALL INLINE VALVES SHALL BE RESTRAINED.
 5. WHERE INTERNAL RESTRAINED JOINTS ARE USED, THE ENTIRE BELL SHALL BE PAINTED RED.
 6. LENGTHS SHOWN IN THE TABLE WERE CALCULATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN "THRUST RESTRAINT DESIGN FOR DUCTILE IRON PIPE" GUIDELINES PUBLISHED BY DIPRA, USING THE ASSUMPTIONS SHOWN BELOW:
WORKING PRESSURE: 150 PSI
SOIL DESIGNATION: SM (SAND SILT)
LAYING CONDITIONS: 3
DEPTH OF COVER: 3 FT
SAFETY FACTOR: 1.5
THE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL INCREASE THE VALUES IN THE TABLE AS WARRANTED BY SITE-SPECIFIC PARAMETERS, SUCH AS SOIL DESIGNATIONS AND LAYING CONDITIONS.
 7. 90° BENDS ON VERTICAL PIPE ARE SUBJECT TO REVIEW AND APPROVAL OF UTILITIES.
 8. IF 4-IN THRU 20-IN PIPE IS POLYETHYLENE ENCASED, USE 1.25 MULTIPLIER ON RESTRAINT LENGTH.
 9. RESTRAINING REQUIREMENTS APPLY TO BOTH EXISTING AND PROPOSED MAINS.

7 RESTRAINED PIPE TABLE

- NOTES:
1. ALL PIPE SHALL REQUIRE INSULATED METALLIC LOCATING WIRE (14 GAUGE COPPER) CAPABLE OF DETECTION BY A CABLE LOCATOR AND SHALL BE TAPED TO TOP CENTERLINE OF THE PIPE.
 2. LOCATING WIRE SHALL TERMINATE AT THE TOP OF EACH VALVE BOX AND BE CAPABLE OF EXTENDING 12" ABOVE TOP OF BOX IN SUCH A MANNER SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH VALVE OPERATION. USE DUCT TAPE AS NECESSARY TO HOLD WIRE DIRECTLY ON THE TOP OF THE PIPE.



10 LOCATING WIRE

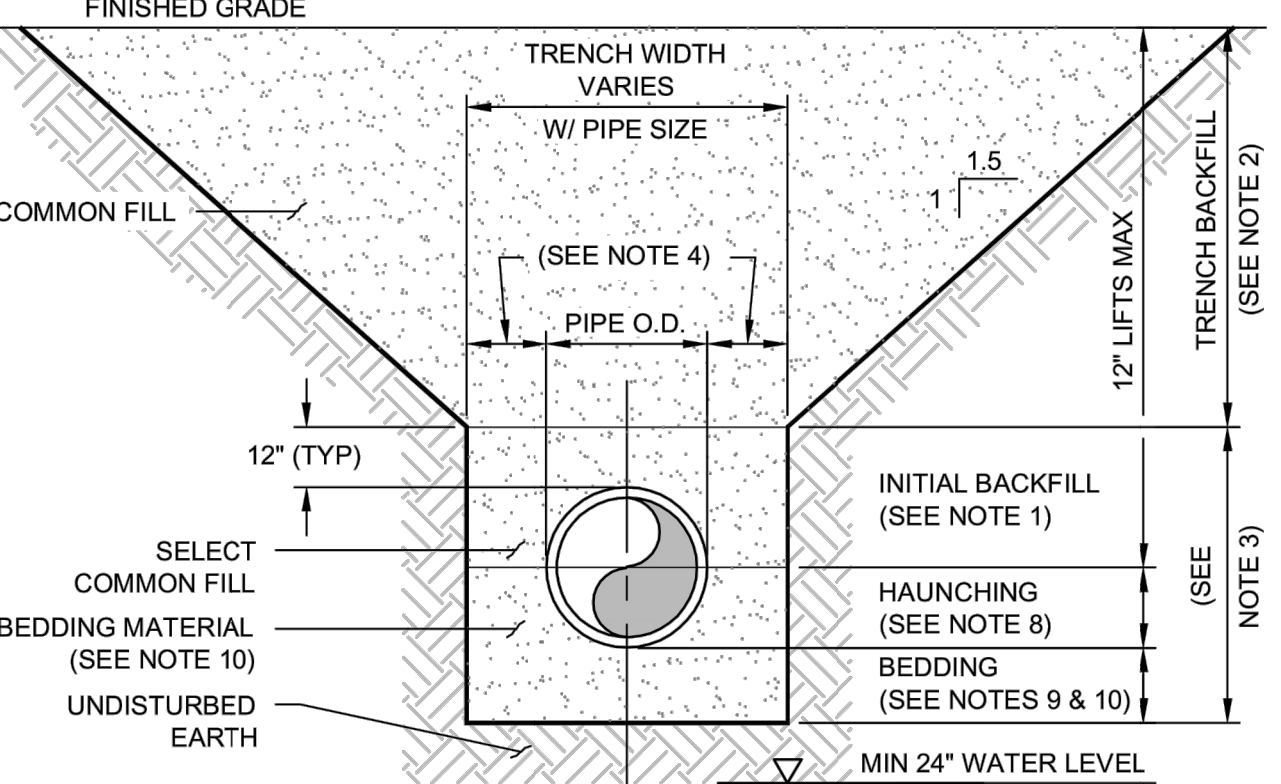


11 THRUST COLLAR

- NOTES:
1. ADDITIONAL REINFORCEMENTS SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.
 2. MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH FOR CONCRETE SHALL BE 3,000 PSI.
 3. BEDDING, BACKFILL AND COMPACTION SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE IN THE STANDARD DRAWINGS.
 4. ALL FORM BOARDS SHALL BE REMOVED PRIOR TO BACKFILL.
 5. NO ALLOWANCE SHALL BE MADE FOR FRICTION BETWEEN THE PIPE WALL AND THE THRUST COLLAR.
 6. DESIGN PRESSURE: 150 PSI.
 7. REQUIRED FOR LINE STOPS IF RESTRAINT TABLE REQUIREMENTS CANNOT BE MET.

PIPE SIZE (IN)	PIPE SIZE					THE RODS REQ'D
	A	B	C	D	DIA.	
6	2.0	2.0	1.0		0.75	2
8	2.5	2.5	1.0		0.75	2
10	3.5	3.0	1.0		0.75	4
12	5.0	3.0	1.0		0.75	4
16	6.0	4.0	1.5		0.75	4
20	8.0	5.0	1.5		0.75	6
24	9.0	6.0	1.5		0.75	10
30	12.0	7.0	1.5		1.0	10
36	15.0	8.0	1.5		1.0	14
42	16.0	9.0	2		1.0	16
48	19.0	10.0	2		1.0	20
54	22.0	10.0	3		1.0	24
60	27.0	10.0	3		1.125	24
64	31.0	10.0	3		1.25	20

NOTE: THRUST COLLAR AREAS TO BE COMPUTED ON BASIS OF 2000 LBS/SF SOIL RESTRAINT BEARING.



9 BEDDING & TRENCHING DETAIL

- NOTES:
1. INITIAL BACKFILL: SELECT COMMON FILL COMPACTED TO MIN 95% (98% UNDER PAVEMENT OR FUTURE PAVEMENT) OF THE MAXIMUM DENSITY AS PER AASHTO T-180.
 2. TRENCH BACKFILL: COMMON FILL COMPACTED TO MIN 95% (98% UNDER PAVEMENT OR FUTURE PAVEMENT) OF THE MAXIMUM DENSITY AS PER AASHTO T-180.
 3. PIPE BEDDING UTILIZING SELECT COMMON FILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH "TYPE B" BEDDING AND TRENCHING DETAIL MAY BE REQUIRED AS DIRECTED BY UTILITIES.
 4. 15-IN MAX. (12-IN MIN.) FOR PIPE DIAMETER LESS THAN 24-IN AND 24-IN MAX (12-IN MIN) FOR PIPE DIAMETER 24-IN AND LARGER.
 5. WATER SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED IN THE TRENCH DURING CONSTRUCTION. DEWATERING AS REQUIRED.
 6. ALL PIPE SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH BELL FACING UPSTREAM TO THE DIRECTION OF THE FLOW.
 7. FINAL RESTORATION IN IMPROVED AREAS SHALL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE REGULATIONS OF GOVERNING AGENCIES. SURFACE RESTORATION WITHIN ORANGE COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL COMPLY WITH REQUIREMENTS OF R/W UTILIZATION REGULATIONS AND ROAD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS.
 8. FOR GRAVITY SEWER, THE FIRST LIFT SHALL BE PLACED TO THE SPRING LINE OF THE PIPE AND COMPACTED BY HAND TAMP.
 9. BEDDING DEPTH SHALL BE 4-IN MINIMUM FOR PIPE DIAMETER UP TO 12-IN AND 6-IN MINIMUM FOR PIPE DIAMETER 16-IN AND LARGER.
 10. DEPTH FOR REMOVAL OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL SHALL GOVERN DEPTH OF REQUIRED BEDDING MATERIAL BELOW THE PIPE. UTILITIES SHALL DETERMINE REMOVAL OF UNSUITABLE MATERIAL TO REACH SUITABLE FOUNDATION IN THE FIELD.

P:\PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012 Drawings\CAD Civil3D\LAYOUTS\03 Final Engineering UTILITY DETAILS.dwg Modified: 5/1/2023 By: tmoore

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2221 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida, 32789

UTILITY DETAILS
FINAL SITE PLAN

LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012
IMPROVEMENTS
DEBARY, FLORIDA

SCALE: N.T.S.
PROJECT: SSS-005
SHEET: C9.0

DRAWN: T.MOORE
DESIGNED: J.PALM
CHECKED: M. STACY
DATE: 5/15/2023

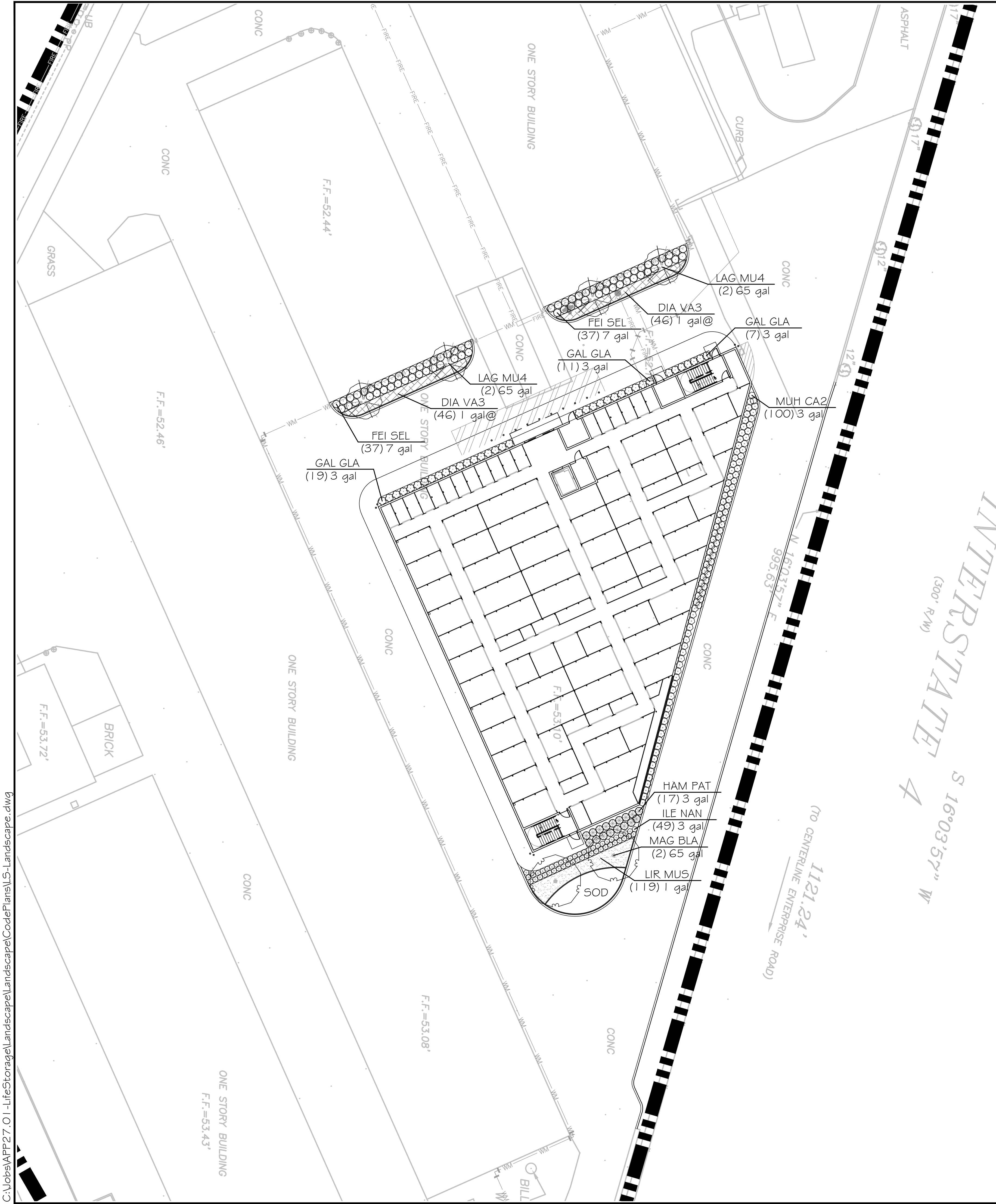
DATE: _____
REV: _____
DESCRIPTION: _____
BY: _____

Sunshine811

Call 811 or visit sunshine811.com two full business days before digging to have buried facilities located and marked.

Check positive response codes before you dig!

5/15/23



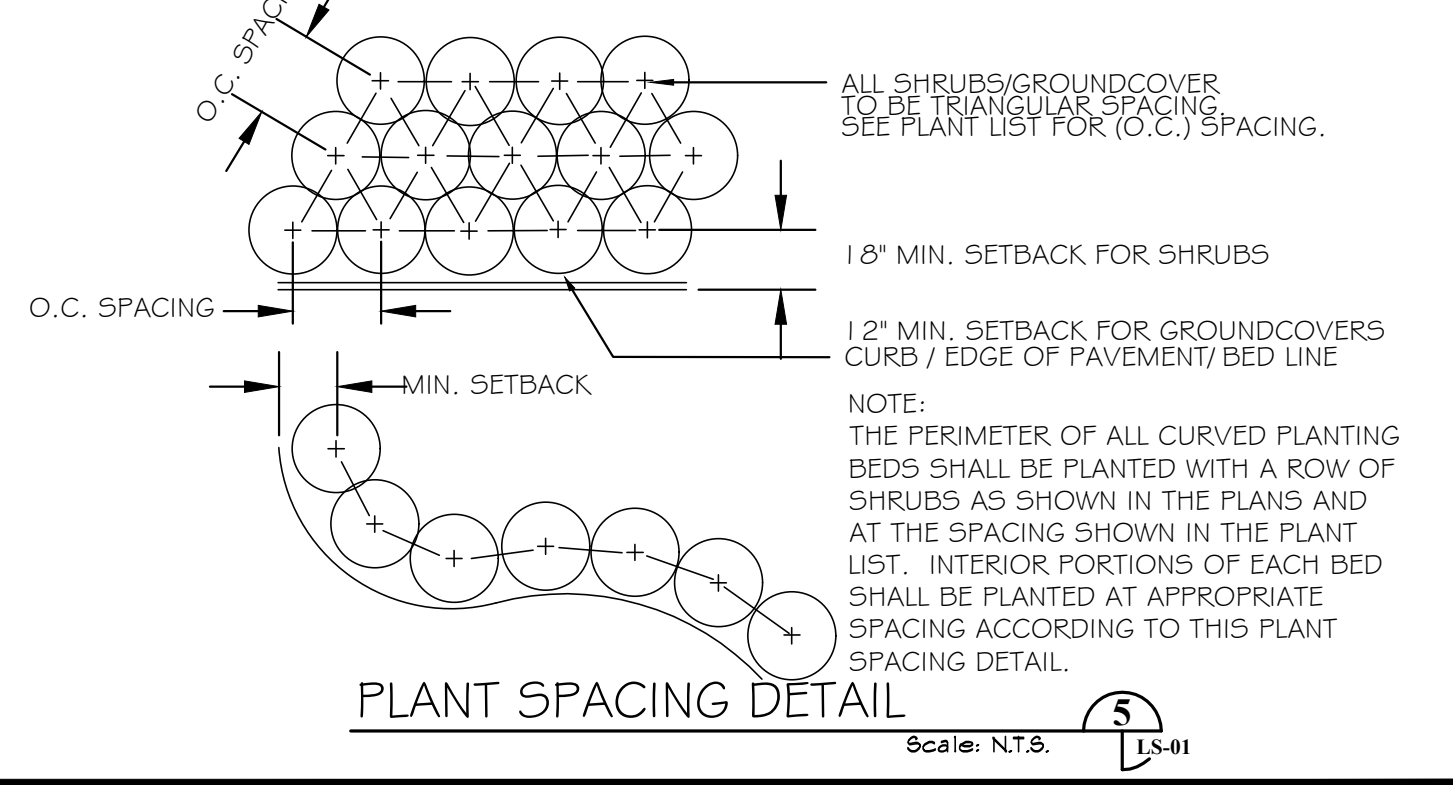
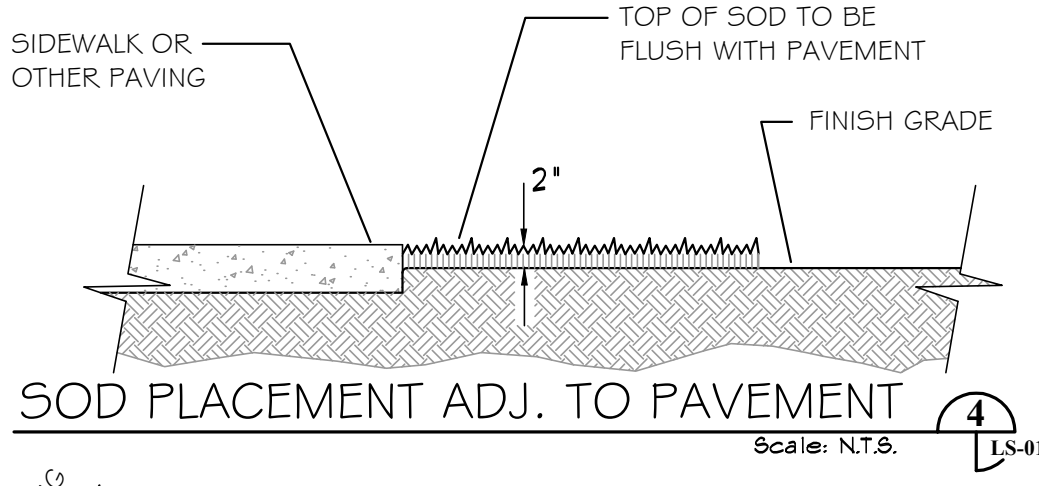
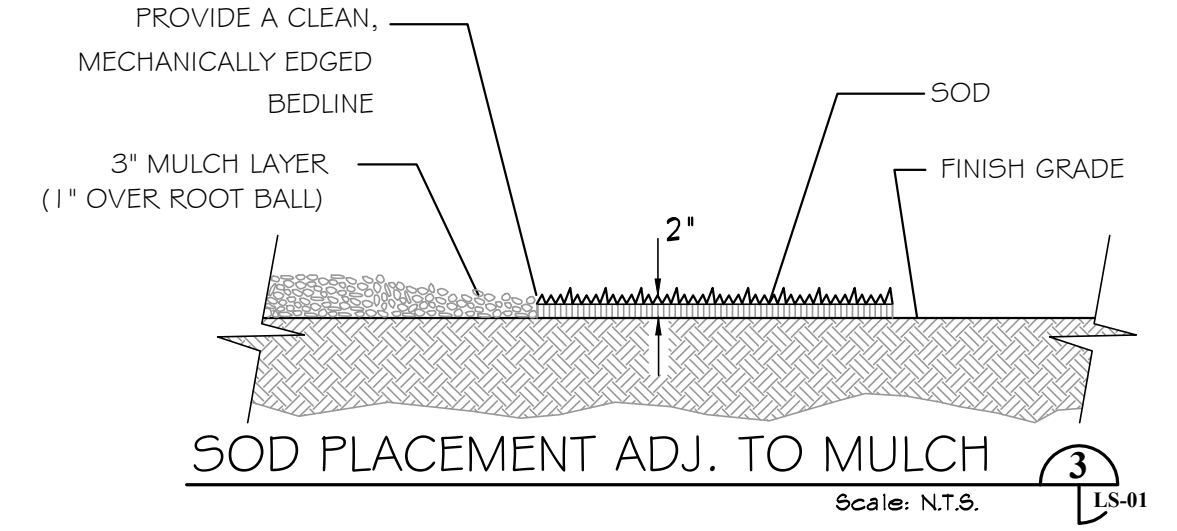
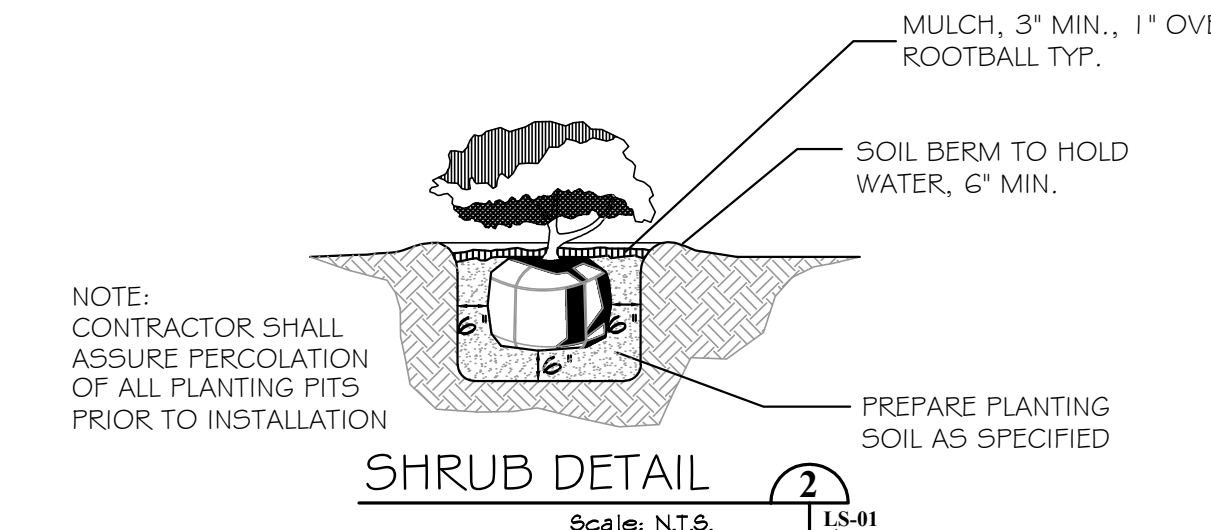
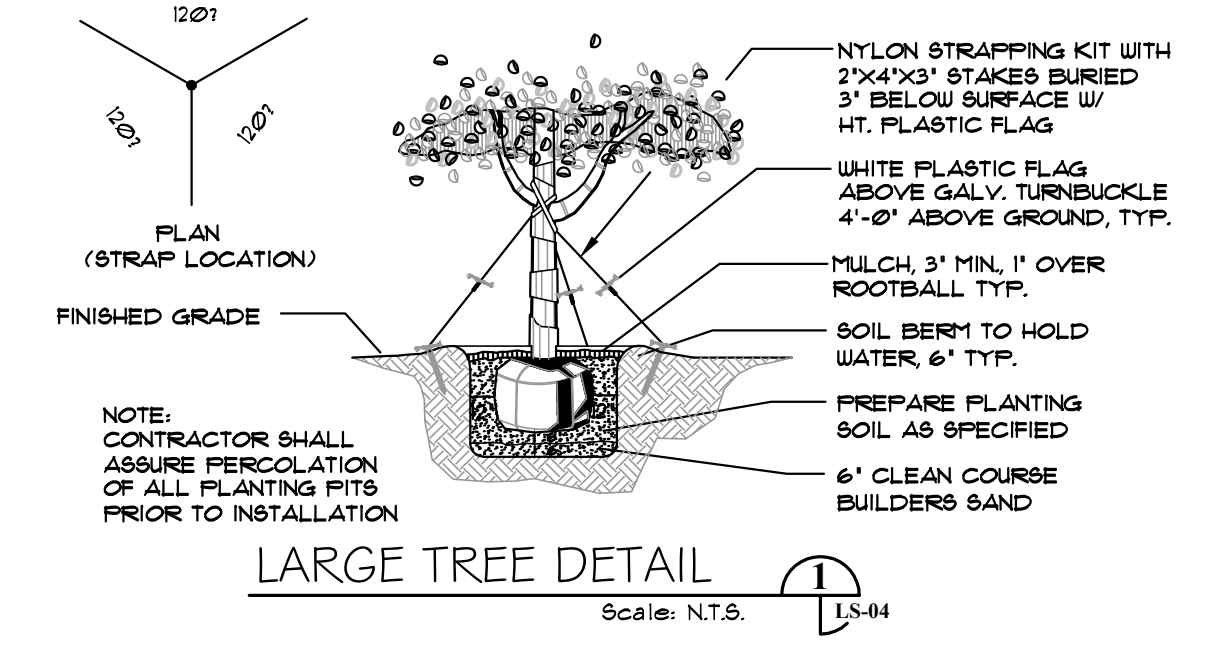
PLANT SCHEDULE

FLOWERING TREES	QTY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	CONT	GAL	SIZE	REMARKS
LAG MU4	4	Lagerstroemia indica 'Muskogee'	Multi-Trunked Muskogee Grape Myrtle	65 gal	3.5'Gal	12' HT.	
MAG BLA	2	Magnolia grandiflora 'D.D. Blanchard' TM	Southern Magnolia	65 gal	3'Gal	10'-12'	4' Min. Spr.
SHRUBS	QTY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	FIELD2	FIELD3	REMARKS
FEI SEL	74	Feyjoa sellowiana	Pineapple Guava	7 gal			36" ht. x 24"-30" spd., 36" O.C.
GAL GLA	37	Galphimia glauca	Trivalis	3 gal			24"-30" ht. x 24"-30" spd., 36" O.C.
HAM PAT	17	Hamelia patens	Firebush	3 gal			30" ht. x 24"-30" spd., 30" O.C.
ILE NAN	49	Ilex vomitoria 'Nana'	Dwarf Yaupon	3 gal			18"-24" ht. x 18"-24" spd., 24" O.C.
GRASSES	QTY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	FIELD2	FIELD3	REMARKS
MUH CA2	100	Muhlenbergia capillaris	Pink Muhly Grass	3 gal			18"-24" ht. x 24"-30" spd., 30" O.C.
GROUND COVERS	QTY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	CONT	FIELD2	FIELD3	REMARKS
DIA VA3	92	Dianella revoluta 'Vanegated'	Vanegated Flax Lily	1 gal			12"-15" ht., 5-6 ppp, 24" O.C.
LIR MUS	119	Liriope muscari 'Emerald Goddess'	Lily Turf	1 gal			12"-15" ht., 5-6 ppp, 18" O.C.

SOD & MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS
 MULCH Mini Pine Bark Nuggets
 SOD Paspalum notatum-Baha Sod

LANDSCAPE NOTES:

- ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE FLORIDA GRADE NO. 1 OR BETTER AS SPECIFIED IN 'GRADES AND STANDARDS FOR NURSERY PLANTS', PARTS 1 AND 2, BY DIVISION OF PLANT INDUSTRY, FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES, AND SHALL CONFORM TO CURRENT AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERMEN STANDARDS FOR NURSERY STOCK, LATEST EDITION.
- IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, NOT THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, FOR THE NURSERY SELECTION OF PLANT MATERIAL AND TO ENSURE THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF ALL PLANTS SELECTED.
- CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE BUILDING CODES, ORDINANCES AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL NECESSARY PERMITS TO PERFORM THE WORK.
- THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR INSPECTION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS AND PROMPTLY REPORTING ALL DISCREPANCIES AND IMPROPER CONDITIONS (WETNESS, MUCK, DEBRIS, ETC) TO LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT PRIOR TO BIDDING. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SOIL ANALYSIS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF PLANTINGS, AND IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL SOIL AMENDMENTS TO CONFORM TO SPECIFICATIONS.
- ALL TREES ON SITE SHOULD BE INSPECTED ANNUALLY AND AFTER ALL STORM EVENTS TO ENSURE THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF ALL TREES.
- THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL ACQUAINT HIMSELF WITH ALL CIVIL DRAWING AS THEY RELATE TO PAVING SITE GRADING, AND ALL UTILITIES, (INCLUDING WATER, SEWER AND ELECTRICAL SUPPLY) TO PRECLUDE ANY MISUNDERSTANDING AND ENSURE TROUBLE FREE INSTALLATION. THE EXACT LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING STRUCTURES, UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, EXISTING UNDERGROUND SPRINKLERS AND PIPE MAY NOT BE INDICATED ON DRAWINGS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT HIS WORK IN A MANNER TO PREVENT INTERRUPTION OR DAMAGE TO EXISTING SYSTEMS WHICH MUST REMAIN OPERATIONAL. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT UTILITY SERVICES WHICH MUST REMAIN OPERATIONAL AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THERE REPLACEMENT IF DAMAGED BY HIM.
- ALL PLANTING BEDS SHALL RECEIVE A 3" LAYER (1" OVER ROOTBALL) OF MINNIE PINE BARK NUGGET MULCH.
- THE OWNER MAY ADJUST THE EXISTING IRRIGATION SYSTEM AS NEEDED TO MEET THE NEEDS OF THE PROPOSED LANDSCAPING.
- IN THE EVENT OF A CONFLICT BETWEEN QUANTITIES ON THE PLANT LIST AND THE PLANS, THE PLAN SHALL TAKE PRECEDENT.



Landscape Designs, LLC
 ■ Landscape Architecture
 ■ Site Planning
 4663 Tiffany Woods Cir
 Oviedo, FL 32765
 PH: (407) 484-3414

PROJECT AND OWNER
LIFE STORAGE
 City of Debarry
 Florida

Appian Engineering
 2221 Lee Road
 Suite 17
 Winter Park, FL 32789
 (407) 960-5868

CONSULTANTS

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT
 CARL J. KELLY JR., RLA

REG.#: 0001764
 PROJECT NO. APP27.01
 DESIGNED BY CJK
 DRAWN BY CJK
 CHECKED BY CJK
 DATE 04/21/23

ISSUED FOR:
 05/25/23

DRAWING SCALE

DRAWING TITLE
 LANDSCAPE SITE PLAN

DRAWING NUMBER
 LS-01
 SHEET 01 OF 01

**FIRE FLOW
ANALYSIS REPORT FOR:
LIFE STORAGE DEBARY IMPROVEMENTS**

Prepared for:

Florida Department of Environmental Protection
3319 Maguire Boulevard, Suite 232
Orlando, Florida 32803

&

City of Debarry
Planning and Zoning Department
16 Columba Rd.
Debarry, FL 32177



Prepared by:

Appian Engineering, LLC
2221 Lee Road Suite 17
Winter Park, FL 32789

James Palm, P.E.
Florida Registration No. 88559
Date: April 24, 2023

FIRE FLOW ANALYSIS REPORT LIFE STORAGE DEBARY IMPROVEMENTS

PROJECT: Life Storage Debary Improvements
City of Debary, Florida

P.N.: SSS-005

PREPARED BY: TJ Moore, E.I.

CHECKED BY: John M. Wohlfarth, P.E.

DATE: April 24, 2023

INTRODUCTION:

The existing Life Storage project site is ± 8.53 acres. The proposed project improvements include demolition of a portion of two existing single-story storage building and construction of a three story climate controlled storage building in its place with associated sidewalk and right-of-way configuration. The water distribution system for the site will be provided via connections to an existing private on site well via a 2" potable water line. The fire protection distribution system for the site will be provided via connection to an existing 8" fire line that is currently existing on the project site. This existing fire line ultimately connects to the City of Debary 8-inch water main that currently runs on the north-east side of Enterprise Road. The 8-inch fire line with double detector check valve and FDC will extend south-east and connect to the proposed storage building.

LOCATION:

The project site is generally located on the west side of Interstate Four, north-east of Enterprise road. The site is just north of the intersection between Interstate Four and Enterprise Road, within Section 36, Township 18 S, Range 30 E in the City of Debary. Refer to **Appendix A** for a location map depicting the limits of the subject project area.

PROPOSED SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS:

Off-Site: There are no proposed improvements to the offsite conditions of the site. Refer to **Appendix B** for an Existing Utilities Map provided by Central Florida Locating, Inc. depicting the limits of the existing utilities located within, and adjacent to the project limits.

On-Site: Improvements will consist primarily of a stub out of an 8-inch fire line from existing on site 8-inch fire line, and a stub out of a 2-inch potable water main from an existing on

POTABLE WATER AND FIRE FLOW ANALYSIS REPORT THE GODDARD SCHOOL OVIEDO

site private well. Both lines will navigate through the site and make connections to the building at the north-western corner of the building, as instructed by the architect. For the 8-inch fire line, there will be an FDC installed prior to the connection at the proposed building. This distribution system will serve the proposed building for both fire flow and potable demands. Since the potable water is being provided via a separate line from the fire line, the ADD, MDD, and PHF calculations have been excluded from this report. Refer to **Appendix C** for the Utility Improvements Plan sheet from the proposed construction plans.

REQUIRED FIRE PROTECTION:

Based on National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 1 – Fire Code 2012 Edition), the minimum required needed fire flow (NFF) to support the proposed development is determined to be 1,000 gpm for 2 hours. A copy of NFPA 1 – Fire Code 2012 Edition - Table 18.4.5.1.2 is provided within **Appendix D** of this report. Ultimately, final approval of the fire flow calculations and demands will be required to be provided by the City of Debarry prior to development.

Per NFPA 1 – 18.4.5.2 Buildings Other Than One- and Two-Family Dwellings. The minimum fire flow and flow duration for buildings other than one- and two-family dwellings shall be specified in Table 18.4.5.1.2.

Per NFPA 1 – 18.4.5.2.1 for buildings other than one- and two-family dwellings the required fire flow shall be reduced by 75 percent when the building is protected throughout by an approved automatic sprinkler system. The resulting fire flow shall not be less than 1000 gpm.

COMPUTER MODELING:

The enclosed model results were accomplished using a computer program entitled “WaterCAD V8i (Select Series 2)” developed by Bentley Systems, Inc.

The design friction losses through the mains were designed using the Hazen-Williams formula, utilizing a “C” value for friction loss of 120 for Ductile Iron pipe and 130 for PVC pipe. Minor losses at all hydrant locations were considered for the system however other minor losses were excluded.

The existing pressures used for the model are based on the field flow test performed by Wayne Automatic Fire Sprinklers, Inc. on February 22, 2023. A copy of the water flow test data sheet is provided in **Appendix E** of this report.

POTABLE WATER AND FIRE FLOW ANALYSIS REPORT
THE GODDARD SCHOOL OVIEDO

Wayne Automatic Fire Sprinklers, Inc. Fire Hydrant Flow Test Results	
Static Pressure	70 PSI
Flow	1,230 GPM
Residual Pressure	60 PSI

The modeling results of this analysis, for the water distribution system with needed fire flow (NFF) and the peak hourly flow, is included within **Appendix F & G** of this report. A node Exhibit, referencing the Water CAD model layout, is provided in **Appendix H** of this report.

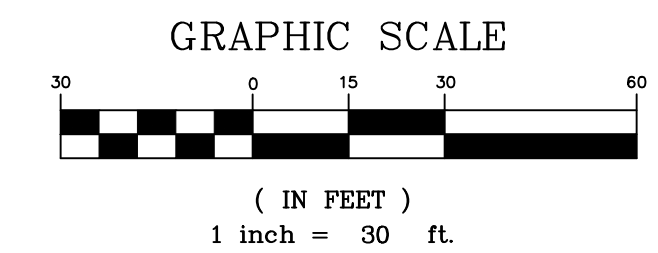
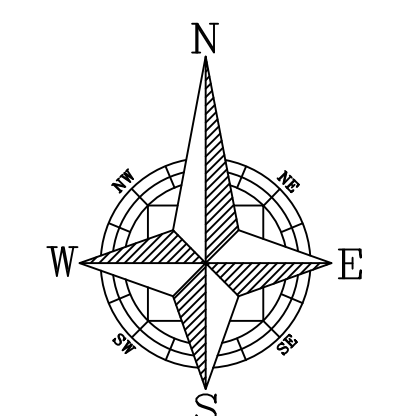
As shown, all residual pressures for the proposed system are more than 20 psi.

APPENDIX A
LOCATION MAP

APPENDIX B
EXISTING UTILITIES MAP

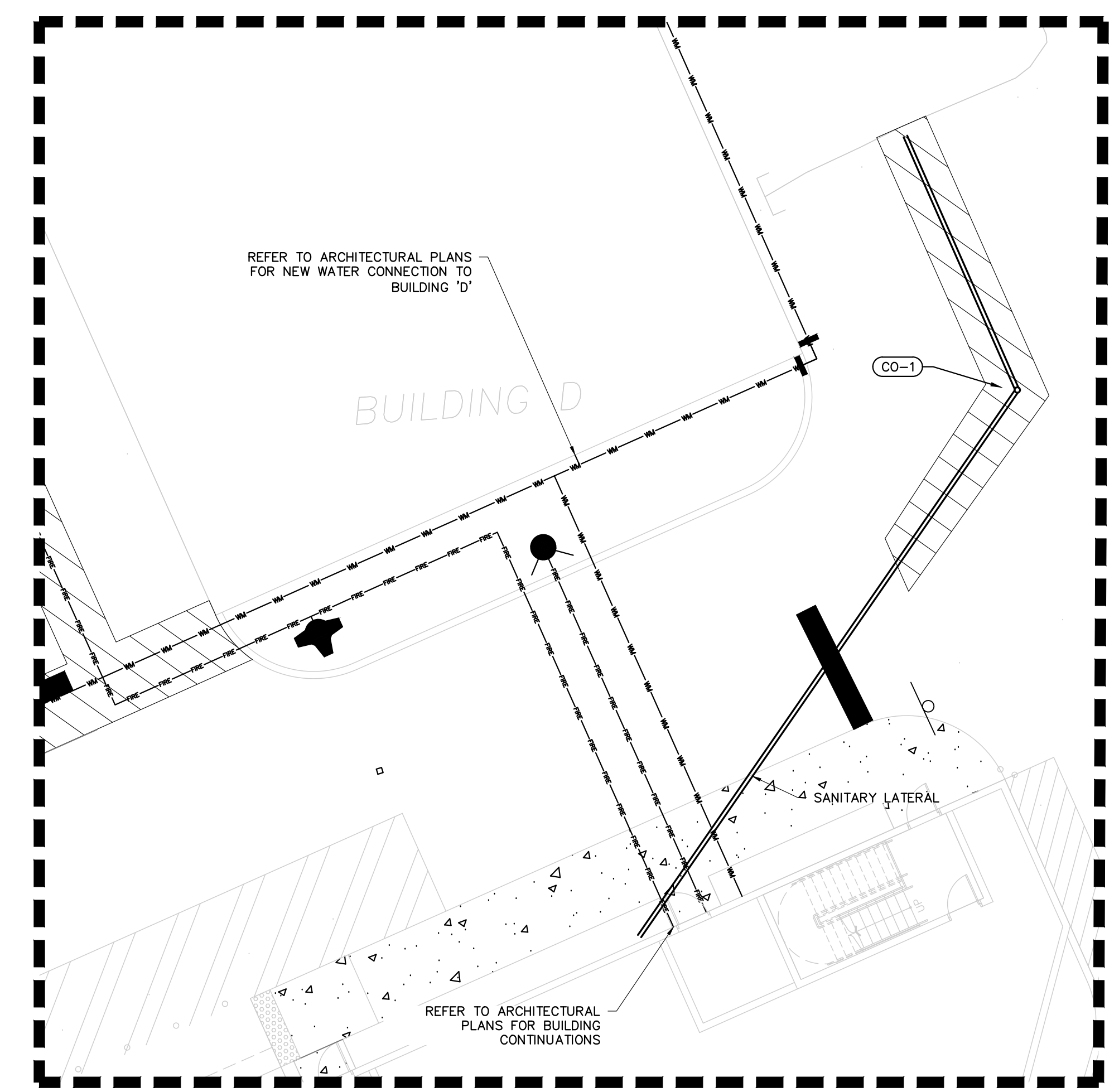
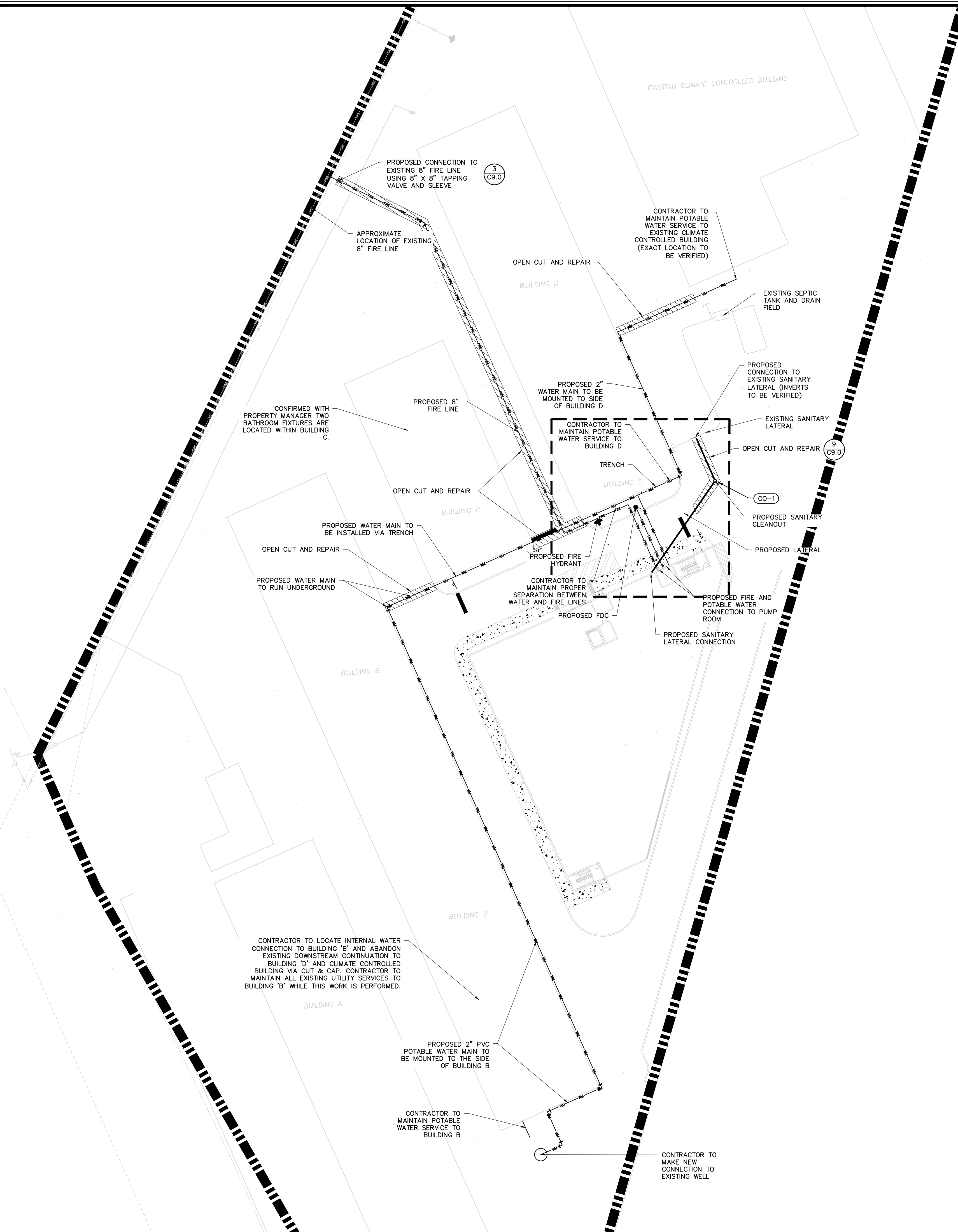
APPENDIX C
PROPOSED UTILITY IMPROVEMENTS

P:\PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012 Drawings\CAD Civil3D\Layouts\03 Final Engineering UTILITY PLAN.dwg Modified: 4/21/2023 By: tmoore



LEGEND

- PROPOSED WATER MAIN
- PROPOSED FIRE LINE
- PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER CLEANOUT
- PROPOSED SANITARY SERVICE LINE
- OPEN CUT/REPAIR



UTILITY CONNECTIONS DETAIL

SCALE: 1" = 10'

REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION

CIVIL ENGINEERING | LAND PLANNING
APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC.
 APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868
 2231 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida 32789
STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 1514

UTILITY PLAN
 FINAL SITE PLAN
 LIFE STORAGE DEBARY STORE LS 012
 IMPROVEMENTS
 DEBARY, FLORIDA

SCALE	1" = 30'
DRAWN	T. MOORE
DESIGNED	J. PALM
CHECKED	M. STACY
DATE	4/21/2023
PROJECT	SSS-005
SHEET	C.4.2



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 Check positive response codes before you dig!

APPENDIX D
NFPA 18.4.5.2.1

18.4.5.1.4.4 Where multiple buildings are located on a single lot and abut a lot line, the building separation distance for determining fire flow reduction shall be the smallest of the two distances.

18.4.5.1.5* The reductions in 18.4.5.1.2, 18.4.5.1.3, and 18.4.5.1.4 shall not reduce the required fire flow to less than 500 gpm (1900 L/min).

18.4.5.2 One- and Two-Family Dwellings Exceeding 5000 ft² (464.5 m²).

18.4.5.2.1 Fire flow and flow duration for dwellings having a fire flow area in excess of 5000 ft² (464.5 m²) shall not be less than that specified in Table 18.4.5.2.1.

18.4.5.2.2 Required fire flow shall be reduced by 75 percent and the duration reduced to 1 hour where the one- and two-family dwelling is provided with an approved automatic sprinkler system.

18.4.5.2.3 A reduction in the required fire flow shall be permitted where a one- and two-family dwelling is separated from all lot lines in accordance with Table 18.4.5.1.4.

18.4.5.2.4 Required fire flow for one- and two-family dwellings protected by an approved automatic sprinkler system shall not exceed 2000 gpm (7571 L/min) for 1 hour.

Table 18.4.5.2.1 Minimum Required Fire Flow and Flow Duration for Buildings

Fire Flow Area ft ² (× 0.0929 for m ²)					Fire Flow gpm [†] (× 3.785 for L/min)	Flow Duration (hours)
I(443), I(332), II(222)*	II(111), III(211)*	IV(2HH), V(111)*	II(000), III(200)*	V(000)*		
0–22,700	0–12,700	0–8200	0–5900	0–3600	1500	2
22,701–30,200	12,701–17,000	8201–10,900	5901–7900	3601–4800	1750	
30,201–38,700	17,001–21,800	10,901–12,900	7901–9800	4801–6200	2000	
38,701–48,300	21,801–24,200	12,901–17,400	9801–12,600	6201–7700	2250	
48,301–59,000	24,201–33,200	17,401–21,300	12,601–15,400	7701–9400	2500	
59,001–70,900	33,201–39,700	21,301–25,500	15,401–18,400	9401–11,300	2750	
70,901–83,700	39,701–47,100	25,501–30,100	18,401–21,800	11,301–13,400	3000	3
83,701–97,700	47,101–54,900	30,101–35,200	21,801–25,900	13,401–15,600	3250	
97,701–112,700	54,901–63,400	35,201–40,600	25,901–29,300	15,601–18,000	3500	
112,701–128,700	63,401–72,400	40,601–46,400	29,301–33,500	18,001–20,600	3750	
128,701–145,900	72,401–82,100	46,401–52,500	33,501–37,900	20,601–23,300	4000	
145,901–164,200	82,101–92,400	52,501–59,100	37,901–42,700	23,301–26,300	4250	
164,201–183,400	92,401–103,100	59,101–66,000	42,701–47,700	26,301–29,300	4500	4
183,401–203,700	103,101–114,600	66,001–73,300	47,701–53,000	29,301–32,600	4750	
203,701–225,200	114,601–126,700	73,301–81,100	53,001–58,600	32,601–36,000	5000	
225,201–247,700	126,701–139,400	81,101–89,200	58,601–65,400	36,001–39,600	5250	
247,701–271,200	139,401–152,600	89,201–97,700	65,401–70,600	39,601–43,400	5500	
271,201–295,900	152,601–166,500	97,701–106,500	70,601–77,000	43,401–47,400	5750	
Greater than 295,900	Greater than 166,500	106,501–115,800	77,001–83,700	47,401–51,500	6000	
		115,801–125,500	83,701–90,600	51,501–55,700	6250	
		125,501–135,500	90,601–97,900	55,701–60,200	6500	
		135,501–145,800	97,901–106,800	60,201–64,800	6750	
		145,801–156,700	106,801–113,200	64,801–69,600	7000	
		156,701–167,900	113,201–121,300	69,601–74,600	7250	
		167,901–179,400	121,301–129,600	74,601–79,800	7500	
		179,401–191,400	129,601–138,300	79,801–85,100	7750	
		Greater than 191,400	Greater than 138,300	Greater than 85,100	8000	

*Types of construction are based on NFPA 220.

†Measured at 20 psi (139.9 kPa).

APPENDIX E

**HYDRANT FLOW TEST FROM WAYNE FIRE DATED
FEBRUARY 22, 2023**

APPENDIX F

MDD & NFF HYDRAULIC MODEL RESULTS –

HYDRANT 1

FlexTable: Reservoir Table

Current Time: 0.000 hours

Label	Elevation (ft)	Flow (Out net) (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)
R-1	214.02	1,000	214.02

FlexTable: Hydrant Table

Current Time: 0.000 hours

Label	Hydrant Status	Elevation (ft)	Demand (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Pressure (psi)
H-1	Open	49.39	1,000	204.30	67
H-2	Closed	52.85	0	206.63	67

FlexTable: Junction Table

Current Time: 0.000 hours

Label	Elevation (ft)	Demand (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Pressure (psi)
J-1	52.59	0	213.58	70
J-2	49.66	0	206.63	68
J-3	48.94	0	204.81	67
J-4	50.51	0	206.63	68
J-5	51.73	0	206.63	67
J-6	51.37	0	206.63	67
J-7	52.24	0	206.63	67

FlexTable: Pipe Table

Current Time: 0.000 hours

Label	Length (Scale d) (ft)	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (in)	Material	Hazen- Williams C	Flow (gpm)	Velocity (ft/s)
P-1	24	R-1	J-1	8.0	PVC	130.0	1,000	6.38
P-2	381	J-1	J-2	8.0	PVC	130.0	1,000	6.38
P-3	99	J-2	J-3	8.0	PVC	130.0	1,000	6.38
P-4	28	J-3	H-1	8.0	PVC	130.0	1,000	6.38
P-5	60	J-2	J-4	8.0	PVC	130.0	0	0.00
P-6	189	J-4	J-5	8.0	PVC	130.0	0	0.00
P-7	21	J-5	H-2	8.0	PVC	130.0	0	0.00
P-8	22	H-2	J-6	8.0	PVC	130.0	0	0.00
P-9	40	J-6	J-7	8.0	PVC	130.0	0	0.00

APPENDIX G
MDD & NFF HYDRAULIC MODEL RESULTS –
HYDRANT 2

FlexTable: Reservoir Table

Current Time: 0.000 hours

Label	Elevation (ft)	Flow (Out net) (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)
R-1	214.02	1,000	214.02

FlexTable: Hydrant Table

Current Time: 0.000 hours

Label	Hydrant Status	Elevation (ft)	Demand (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Pressure (psi)
H-1	Closed	49.39	0	206.63	68
H-2	Open	52.85	1,000	201.70	64

FlexTable: Junction Table

Current Time: 0.000 hours

Label	Elevation (ft)	Demand (gpm)	Hydraulic Grade (ft)	Pressure (psi)
J-1	52.59	0	213.58	70
J-2	49.66	0	206.63	68
J-3	48.94	0	206.63	68
J-4	50.51	0	205.54	67
J-5	51.73	0	202.08	65
J-6	51.37	0	201.70	65
J-7	52.24	0	201.70	65

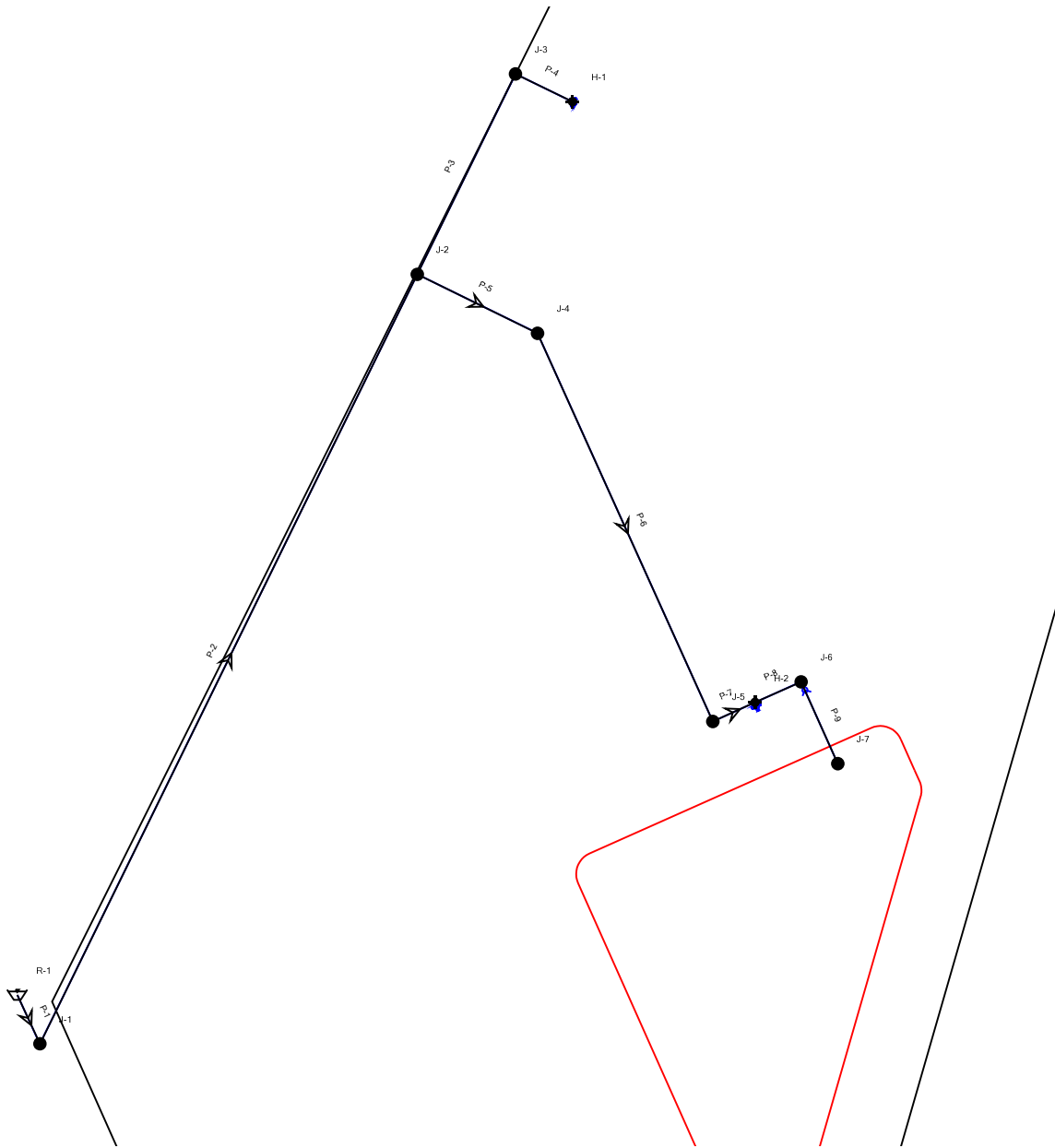
FlexTable: Pipe Table

Current Time: 0.000 hours

Label	Length (Scale d) (ft)	Start Node	Stop Node	Diameter (in)	Material	Hazen- Williams C	Flow (gpm)	Velocity (ft/s)
P-1	24	R-1	J-1	8.0	PVC	130.0	1,000	6.38
P-2	381	J-1	J-2	8.0	PVC	130.0	1,000	6.38
P-3	99	J-2	J-3	8.0	PVC	130.0	0	0.00
P-4	28	J-3	H-1	8.0	PVC	130.0	0	0.00
P-5	60	J-2	J-4	8.0	PVC	130.0	1,000	6.38
P-6	189	J-4	J-5	8.0	PVC	130.0	1,000	6.38
P-7	21	J-5	H-2	8.0	PVC	130.0	1,000	6.38
P-8	22	H-2	J-6	8.0	PVC	130.0	0	0.00
P-9	40	J-6	J-7	8.0	PVC	130.0	0	0.00

APPENDIX H
NODE EXHIBIT

Scenario: Hydrant 2



**STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR:
LIFE STORAGE DEBARY IMPROVEMENTS**

Prepared for:

City of Debary
Planning and Zoning Department
16 Columba Rd
Debary, FL 32713

&

St. Johns River Water Management District
District Headquarters
4049 Reid Street,
Palatka, FL 32177
(386) 329-4500



Prepared by:

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James Palm, P.E.
Florida Registration No. 88559
Date: May 5, 2023

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ATTACHMENTS

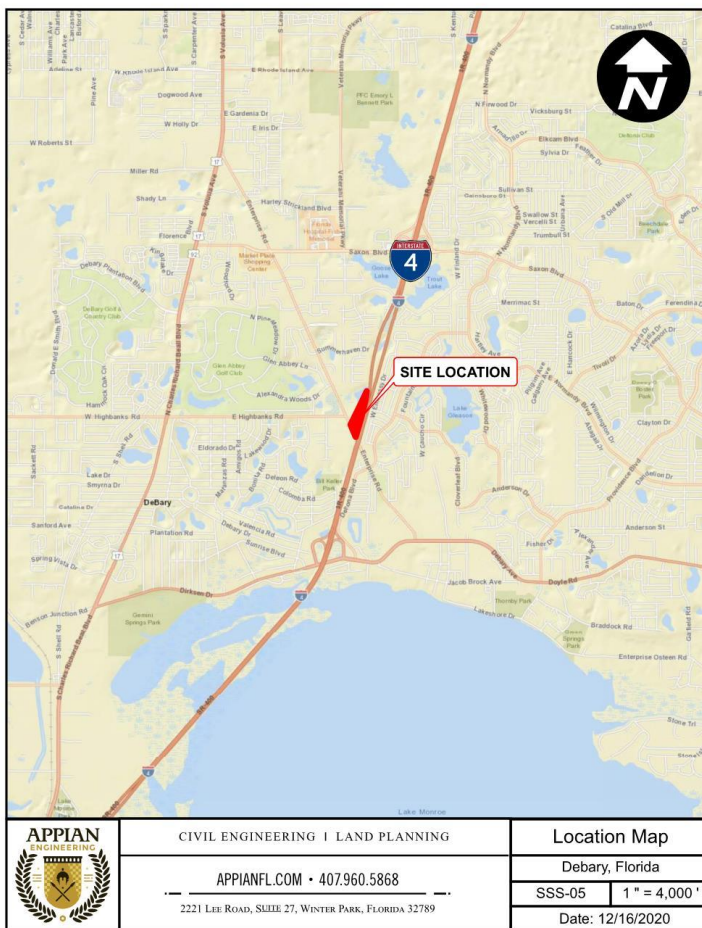
Attachment A	Location Map
Attachment B	Aerial Map
Attachment C	Flood Map
Attachment D	Pre Development Basin Map
Attachment E	Post Development Basin Map
Attachment F	Soils Map
Attachment G	Topographic Map
Attachment H	USGS Map
Attachment I	Geotechnical Report

1.0 INTRODUCTION & LOCATION:

The purpose of this report is to show that the proposed project meets or exceed all of the City of Debarry and St Johns River Water Management District Stormwater requirements.

The Life Storage project site is ± 8.53 acres and is generally located on the west side of Interstate Four, northeast of Enterprise Road. The site is just north of the intersection between Interstate Four and Enterprise Road, in the City of Debarry. The existing site consists of five one-story storage container buildings, as well as a front office, and associated roadways and infrastructure.

The proposed improvements include retrofitting the south-eastern portion of two existing storage units (designated as buildings C and D) and constructing a three-story climate-controlled storage building with associated drive aisles, sidewalks, storm, and utility improvements.



Project Address:

3075 Enterprise Road
Debarry, FL 32713

Volusia County Parcel
Identification Number:

802500000052

Figure 1 - Project Location

2.0 SOILS – FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT:

SOILS

According to the Soil Survey of Orange County, Florida, prepared by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), three (3) soil types occur within the subject property boundaries. These soil types include the following:

- **Cassie Fine Sand (#13)**
- **Orsino Fine Sand (#37)**
- **Paola Fine Sand (#42)**

Refer to the geotechnical report by ECS Florida, LLC for additional information (Attachment I).

FEMA – FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT

According to the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map for Volusia County, FL, Panel No. 12127C0620K, dated September 29, 2017, the proposed project is located within Zone X (areas determined to be outside the 500-year floodplain) & Zone A. Zone A is defined by FEMA as areas with a 1% annual chance of flooding and a 26% chance of flooding over the life of a 30-year mortgage. It should be noted that all the proposed improvements are located outside of the mapped flood zone.

3.0 DRAINAGE CONDITIONS:

PRE-IMPROVEMENTS

In the Pre-Development condition, the subject property consists of one (1) on-site basins. The basin flows from south to north and east to west to the north-west corner of the property into the existing wetland area.

Refer to Attachment D of this report for the Pre-Improvement Basin Map.

POST-IMPROVEMENTS

In the Post-Development condition, the site was split into two (2) on-site basins. The larger basin denoted by the blue hatch and boundary was analyzed for attenuation purposes only. The smaller basin denoted by the green hatch and boundary is used for treatment and attenuation purposes. The basins flow to proposed storm inlets, which route into the proposed underground storm vaults. The underground storm vaults will discharge via a smartbox to the wetlands in the north-west corner of the property to the existing wetland area.

Refer to Attachment E of this report for the Post-Improvements Basin Map.

4.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DESIGN CRITERIA:

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

Per coordination with St. Johns River Water Management District staff, the post development peak rate need to be less than or equal to pre development peak rate for the Mean Annual and 25 year 24-hour storm events. Below is a table of the post rates. Please see section 8.0 and 9.0 of this report for the ICPR modeling results. Since the total impervious area was reduced in the post condition, a pre-post rate analysis was not conducted as the rates will be lower in the post than the pre condition.

	Post Development
Mean Annual	3.10 cfs
25 year/ 24 hour	8.93 cfs

COMPUTER MODELING

The enclosed stormwater pond routing calculations for post-development conditions were accomplished using a computer program entitled “Interconnected Channel and Pond Routing Model (ICPR, Version 3.10)” developed by Streamline Technologies, Inc. The hydrograph generation module within this program utilized the SCS Unit Hydrograph Method with the 323 shape peaking factor model to compute the runoff hydrographs.

TREATMENT VOLUME

Below is a summary of the three different treatment volume calculations required for this site, whichever one is largest is the required treatment volume for the basin area of the development

- 1.25” times the impervious area
- 0.5” times the basin area of the development.

The table below is the sub basin treatment volume summary:

	Treatment Volume	
Basin	1.25” x Impervious Area	0.5” x Basin Area
Post	0.06 Ac-ft	0.03 Ac-ft

Details of the treatment volume calculations are shown in Section 7.0 of this stormwater management report.

DESIGN STORMS

The designed storms used in the analyses include the following:

Storm Event	Rainfall (Inches)	Distribution
Mean Annual	4.50	Type II Modified
25 Year/24 Hour	8.60	Type II Modified


EROSION CONTROL

Silt fence, and a concrete washout will be used as required to control erosion (refer to the construction plan set for the Erosion Control Plan). In addition, the contractor will be required to prepare a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and submit a NOI (Notice of Intent) NPDES to the FDEP (Florida Department of Environmental Protection).


MAINTENANCE

The onsite stormwater management facilities will be privately owned and maintained.


5.0 PRE-DEVELOPMENT CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:

		APPIAN ENGINEERING, LLC. 2221 Lee Road, Suite 17, Winter Park, FL 32789 (407) 960-5868 - FAX (866) 571-8179			
SSS-005 - LIFE STORAGE DEBARY Basin Designation: PRE Development					
SUB-BASIN ANALYSIS & CURVE NUMBER DETERMINATION					
Total Project Area				0.67 acres	
Rainfall Depth	=			4.50 inches, (Mean Annual)	
				8.60 inches, (25 year/24 hour)	
				10.60 inches, (100 year/24 hour)	
Determine Basin Runoff Curve Number: CN					
BASIN 1					
Cover Type		Hydrologic Soil	CN	Acres	Product
Impervious Area		N/A	98	0.65	63.86
Open Space (Good Cond.)		A	39	0.02	0.88
			SUB-TOTAL	0.67	64.74
Weighted CN	=	$\frac{\text{(Product Sum)}}{\text{(Total Area)}}$	=	$\frac{64.74}{0.67}$	≈ 96

6.0 POST DEVELOPMENT CURVE NUMBER CALCULATIONS:

	APPIAN ENGINEERING, LLC.							
	2221 Lee Road, Suite 17, Winter Park, FL 32789							
	(407) 960-5868 - FAX (866) 571-8179							
SSS-005 - LIFE STORAGE DEBARY								
Basin Designation: POST Development for Basin								
SUB-BASIN ANALYSIS & CURVE NUMBER DETERMINATION								
	BASIN 1 Area	=	0.67	acres				
	BASIN 2 Area	=	1.93	acres				
	Rainfall Depth	=	4.50	inches, (Mean Annual)				
			8.60	inches, (25 year/24 hour)				
			10.60	inches, (100 year/24 hour)				
Determine Basin Runoff Curve Number: CN								
BASIN 1:								
	Cover Type		Hydrologic Soil		CN		Acres	Product
	Impervious Area		N/A		98		0.63	61.65
	Open Soace (Good Cond.)		A		39		0.05	1.76
					SUB-TOTAL		0.67	63.41
	Weighted CN	=	$\frac{\text{Product Sum}}{\text{Total Area}}$	=	$\frac{63.41}{0.67}$	≈	94	
BASIN 2:								
	Cover Type		Hydrologic Soil		CN		Acres	Product
	Impervious Area		N/A		98		0.80	78.33
	Open Soace (Good Cond.)		A		39		0.46	17.97
					SUB-TOTAL		1.26	96.29
	Weighted CN	=	$\frac{\text{Product Sum}}{\text{Total Area}}$	=	$\frac{96.29}{1.26}$	≈	76	

7.0 POST DEVELOPMENT STAGE STORAGE AND TREATMENT VOLUME CALCULATIONS:

		APPIAN ENGINEERING, LLC. 2221 Lee Road, Suite 17, Winter Park, FL 32789 (407) 960-5868 - FAX (866) 571-8179	
SSS-005 - LIFE STORAGE DEBARY			
Stage Storage			
POST Development - <u>Underground chambers</u>			
Elevation	Σ Volume	Treatment Volume SJRWMD (Dry Detention Off-Line)	
(ft)	(ac-ft)		
47.46	0.00000	1) 1.25" X Impervious Area =	2,854.49 ft ³ or 0.066 ac-ft
47.54	0.00167		
47.63	0.00334	2) 0.5" X Basin Area =	1,223.79 ft ³ or 0.028 ac-ft
47.71	0.00502		
47.79	0.00669		
47.88	0.00836	Minimum Weir Elevation	= 49.29 ft
47.96	0.01003		
48.04	0.01377	Provided Weir Elevation	= 49.29 ft
48.13	0.01742		
48.21	0.02106		
48.29	0.02468		
48.38	0.02829		
48.46	0.03190		
48.54	0.03543		
48.63	0.03895		
48.71	0.04244		
48.79	0.04588		
48.88	0.04930		
48.96	0.05269		
49.04	0.05605		
49.13	0.05939		
49.21	0.06264		
49.29	0.06584		
49.38	0.06898		
49.46	0.07205		
49.54	0.07505		
49.63	0.07796		
49.71	0.08076		
49.79	0.08344		
49.88	0.08596		
49.96	0.08827		
50.04	0.09024		
50.13	0.09203		
50.17	0.09286		
50.25	0.09454		
50.34	0.09621		
50.42	0.09788		
50.50	0.09955		
50.59	0.10122		
50.67	0.10290		

8.0 ICPR Post-Development Input and Basin Summary:

=====
 Basins
 =====

```

Name: Basin 1                Node: A-4                Status: Onsite
Group: BASE                  Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN

Unit Hydrograph: Uh323      Peaking Factor: 323.0
Rainfall File:              Storm Duration(hrs): 0.00
Rainfall Amount(in): 0.000  Time of Conc(min): 10.00
Area(ac): 0.670             Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
Curve Number: 94.00         Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
DCIA(%): 0.00
  
```

```

Name: BASIN 2                Node: A-1                Status: Onsite
Group: BASE                  Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph CN

Unit Hydrograph: Uh323      Peaking Factor: 323.0
Rainfall File:              Storm Duration(hrs): 0.00
Rainfall Amount(in): 0.000  Time of Conc(min): 10.00
Area(ac): 1.260             Time Shift(hrs): 0.00
Curve Number: 76.00         Max Allowable Q(cfs): 999999.000
DCIA(%): 0.00
  
```

=====
 Nodes
 =====

```

Name: A-1                    Base Flow(cfs): 0.000    Init Stage(ft): 45.563
Group: BASE                  Warn Stage(ft): 51.960
Type: Stage/Area
  
```

Stage(ft)	Area(ac)
45.563	0.0003
51.960	0.0003

```

Name: A-4                    Base Flow(cfs): 0.000    Init Stage(ft): 45.130
Group: BASE                  Warn Stage(ft): 51.720
Type: Stage/Area
  
```

Stage(ft)	Area(ac)
45.130	0.0003
51.720	0.0003

```

Name: A-6                    Base Flow(cfs): 0.000    Init Stage(ft): 45.030
Group: BASE                  Warn Stage(ft): 51.660
Type: Stage/Area
  
```

Stage(ft)	Area(ac)
45.030	0.0003
51.660	0.0003

 Name: A-7 Base Flow(cfs): 0.000 Init Stage(ft): 44.770
 Group: BASE Warn Stage(ft): 51.520
 Type: Stage/Area

 Stage(ft) Area(ac)

 Name: CULTECH CHAMBER Base Flow(cfs): 0.000 Init Stage(ft): 47.460
 Group: BASE Warn Stage(ft): 50.670
 Type: Stage/Volume

 Stage(ft) Volume(af)

47.460	0.0000
47.540	0.0017
47.630	0.0033
47.710	0.0050
47.790	0.0067
47.880	0.0084
47.960	0.0100
48.040	0.0138
48.130	0.0174
48.210	0.0211
48.290	0.0247
48.380	0.0283
48.460	0.0319
48.540	0.0354
48.630	0.0389
48.710	0.0424
48.790	0.0459
48.880	0.0493
48.960	0.0527
49.040	0.0561
49.130	0.0594
49.210	0.0626
49.290	0.0658
49.380	0.0690
49.460	0.0721
49.540	0.0751
49.630	0.0780
49.710	0.0808
49.790	0.0834
49.880	0.0860
49.960	0.0883
50.040	0.0902
50.130	0.0920
50.170	0.0929
50.250	0.0945
50.340	0.0962
50.420	0.0979
50.500	0.0996
50.590	0.1012
50.670	0.1029

 Name: OUTFALL Base Flow(cfs): 0.000 Init Stage(ft): 47.768
 Group: BASE Warn Stage(ft): 0.000
 Type: Time/Stage

Time(hrs)	Stage(ft)
0.00	47.768
999.00	47.768

=====
 Pipes =====
 =====

Name: A1-A4	From Node: A-1	Length(ft): 217.00
Group: BASE	To Node: A-4	Count: 1
		Friction Equation: Automatic
		Solution Algorithm: Most Restrictive
		Flow: Both
UPSTREAM	DOWNSTREAM	Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00
Geometry: Circular	Circular	Exit Loss Coef: 1.00
Span(in): 24.00	24.00	Bend Loss Coef: 0.00
Rise(in): 24.00	24.00	Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc or tw
Invert(ft): 45.560	45.130	Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc
Manning's N: 0.013000	0.013000	Stabilizer Option: None
Top Clip(in): 0.000	0.000	
Bot Clip(in): 0.000	0.000	

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:
 Circular Concrete: Square edge w/ headwall

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:
 Circular Concrete: Square edge w/ headwall

Name: A4-A6	From Node: A-4	Length(ft): 51.00
Group: BASE	To Node: A-6	Count: 1
		Friction Equation: Automatic
		Solution Algorithm: Most Restrictive
		Flow: Both
UPSTREAM	DOWNSTREAM	Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00
Geometry: Circular	Circular	Exit Loss Coef: 1.00
Span(in): 24.00	24.00	Bend Loss Coef: 0.00
Rise(in): 24.00	24.00	Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc or tw
Invert(ft): 45.130	45.030	Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc
Manning's N: 0.013000	0.013000	Stabilizer Option: None
Top Clip(in): 0.000	0.000	
Bot Clip(in): 0.000	0.000	

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:
 Circular Concrete: Square edge w/ headwall

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:
 Circular Concrete: Square edge w/ headwall

Name: A6-A7	From Node: A-6	Length(ft): 133.00
Group: BASE	To Node: A-7	Count: 1
		Friction Equation: Automatic
		Solution Algorithm: Most Restrictive
		Flow: Both
UPSTREAM	DOWNSTREAM	Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00
Geometry: Circular	Circular	Exit Loss Coef: 1.00
Span(in): 24.00	24.00	Bend Loss Coef: 0.00
Rise(in): 24.00	24.00	
Invert(ft): 45.030	44.770	

Manning's N: 0.013000	0.013000	Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc or tw
Top Clip(in): 0.000	0.000	Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc
Bot Clip(in): 0.000	0.000	Stabilizer Option: None

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:
Circular Concrete: Square edge w/ headwall

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:
Circular Concrete: Square edge w/ headwall

Name: CULTECH TO A-7		From Node: CULTECH CHAMBER	Length(ft): 52.00
Group: BASE		To Node: A-7	Count: 1
UPSTREAM	DOWNSSTREAM	Friction Equation: Automatic	Solution Algorithm: Most Restrictive
Geometry: Circular	Circular	Flow: Both	Entrance Loss Coef: 0.00
Span(in): 24.00	24.00	Exit Loss Coef: 1.00	Bend Loss Coef: 0.00
Rise(in): 24.00	24.00	Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc or tw	Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc
Invert(ft): 47.960	46.920	Stabilizer Option: None	
Manning's N: 0.013000	0.013000		
Top Clip(in): 0.000	0.000		
Bot Clip(in): 0.000	0.000		

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:
Circular Concrete: Square edge w/ headwall

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:
Circular Concrete: Square edge w/ headwall

=====
 Drop Structures
 =====

Name: DS-1		From Node: A-7	Length(ft): 511.00
Group: BASE		To Node: OUTFALL	Count: 1
UPSTREAM	DOWNSSTREAM	Friction Equation: Automatic	Solution Algorithm: Most Restrictive
Geometry: Circular	Circular	Flow: Both	Entrance Loss Coef: 0.000
Span(in): 24.00	24.00	Exit Loss Coef: 1.000	Outlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc or tw
Rise(in): 24.00	24.00	Inlet Ctrl Spec: Use dc	Solution Incs: 10
Invert(ft): 46.020	45.000		
Manning's N: 0.013000	0.013000		
Top Clip(in): 0.000	0.000		
Bot Clip(in): 0.000	0.000		

Upstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:
Circular Concrete: Square edge w/ headwall

Downstream FHWA Inlet Edge Description:
Circular Concrete: Square edge w/ headwall

*** Weir 1 of 1 for Drop Structure DS-1 ***

Count: 1	Bottom Clip(in): 0.000	TABLE
Type: Vertical: Mavis	Top Clip(in): 0.000	

Flow: Both Weir Disc Coef: 3.200
Geometry: Rectangular Orifice Disc Coef: 0.600
Span(in): 36.00 Invert(ft): 49.290
Rise(in): 12.00 Control Elev(ft): 49.290

=====
=== Hydrology Simulations ===
=====

Name: 10 Year 24 Hour
Filename: P:_PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012\Design & Engineering\Stormwater\Pond Routing - ICPR\10 Year 24 Hour.R32

Override Defaults: Yes
Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount(in): 7.50

Time(hrs)	Print Inc(min)
30.000	5.00

Name: 100 Year 24 Hou
Filename: P:_PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012\Design & Engineering\Stormwater\Pond Routing - ICPR\100 Year 24 Hour.R32

Override Defaults: Yes
Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount(in): 11.00

Time(hrs)	Print Inc(min)
30.000	5.00

Name: 25 Year 24 Hour
Filename: P:_PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012\Design & Engineering\Stormwater\Pond Routing - ICPR\25 Year 24 Hour.R32

Override Defaults: Yes
Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount(in): 8.60

Time(hrs)	Print Inc(min)
30.000	5.00

Name: Mean Annual
Filename: P:_PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012\Design & Engineering\Stormwater\Pond Routing - ICPR\Mean Annual.R32

Override Defaults: Yes
Storm Duration(hrs): 24.00
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount(in): 4.50

Time(hrs)	Print Inc(min)
30.000	5.00

=====
=== Routing Simulations ===
=====

Name: 10 Year 24 Hour Hydrology Sim: 10 Year 24 Hour
 Filename: P:_PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012\Design & Engineering\Stormwater\Pond Routing - ICPR\10 Year 24 Hour.I32

Execute: Yes Restart: No Patch: No
 Alternative: No

Max Delta Z(ft): 1.00 Delta Z Factor: 0.00500
 Time Step Optimizer: 10.000
 Start Time(hrs): 0.000 End Time(hrs): 30.00
 Min Calc Time(sec): 0.5000 Max Calc Time(sec): 60.0000
 Boundary Stages: Boundary Flows:

Time(hrs) Print Inc(min)

 999.000 15.000

Group Run

 BASE Yes

Name: 100 Year 24 Hou Hydrology Sim: 100 Year 24 Hou
 Filename: P:_PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012\Design & Engineering\Stormwater\Pond Routing - ICPR\100 Year 24 Hour.I32

Execute: Yes Restart: No Patch: No
 Alternative: No

Max Delta Z(ft): 1.00 Delta Z Factor: 0.00500
 Time Step Optimizer: 10.000
 Start Time(hrs): 0.000 End Time(hrs): 30.00
 Min Calc Time(sec): 0.5000 Max Calc Time(sec): 60.0000
 Boundary Stages: Boundary Flows:

Time(hrs) Print Inc(min)

 999.000 15.000

Group Run

 BASE Yes

Name: 25 Year 24 Hour Hydrology Sim: 25 Year 24 Hour
 Filename: P:_PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012\Design & Engineering\Stormwater\Pond Routing - ICPR\25 Year 24 Hour.I32

Execute: Yes Restart: No Patch: No
 Alternative: No

Max Delta Z(ft): 1.00 Delta Z Factor: 0.00500
 Time Step Optimizer: 10.000
 Start Time(hrs): 0.000 End Time(hrs): 30.00
 Min Calc Time(sec): 0.5000 Max Calc Time(sec): 60.0000
 Boundary Stages: Boundary Flows:

Time(hrs) Print Inc(min)

999.000 15.000

Group Run

BASE Yes

Name: Mean Annual Hydrology Sim: Mean Annual
Filename: P:_PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012\Design & Engineering\Stormwater\Pond Routing - ICPR\Mean Annual.I32

Execute: Yes Restart: No Patch: No
Alternative: No

Max Delta Z(ft): 1.00 Delta Z Factor: 0.00500
Time Step Optimizer: 10.000
Start Time(hrs): 0.000 End Time(hrs): 30.00
Min Calc Time(sec): 0.5000 Max Calc Time(sec): 60.0000
Boundary Stages: Boundary Flows:

Time(hrs) Print Inc(min)

999.000 15.000

Group Run

BASE Yes

Basin Name: Basin 1
Group Name: BASE
Simulation: 10 Year 24 Hour
Node Name: A-4
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh323
Peaking Fator: 323.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 1.33
Comp Time Inc (min): 1.33
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.500
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 10.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 0.670
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.001
Curve Number: 94.000
DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.02
Flow Max (cfs): 3.22
Runoff Volume (in): 6.788
Runoff Volume (ft3): 16509

Basin Name: BASIN 2
Group Name: BASE
Simulation: 10 Year 24 Hour
Node Name: A-1
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh323
Peaking Fator: 323.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 1.33
Comp Time Inc (min): 1.33
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount (in): 7.500
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 10.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 1.260
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 76.000
DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.04
Flow Max (cfs): 4.62
Runoff Volume (in): 4.707
Runoff Volume (ft3): 21529

Basin Name: Basin 1
Group Name: BASE
Simulation: 100 Year 24 Hou
Node Name: A-4
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh323

Peaking Fator: 323.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 1.33
Comp Time Inc (min): 1.33
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount (in): 11.000
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 10.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 0.670
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.001
Curve Number: 94.000
DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.02
Flow Max (cfs): 4.78
Runoff Volume (in): 10.274
Runoff Volume (ft3): 24987

Basin Name: BASIN 2
Group Name: BASE
Simulation: 100 Year 24 Hou
Node Name: A-1
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh323
Peaking Fator: 323.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 1.33
Comp Time Inc (min): 1.33
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount (in): 11.000
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 10.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 1.260
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 76.000
DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.04
Flow Max (cfs): 7.66
Runoff Volume (in): 7.951
Runoff Volume (ft3): 36367

Basin Name: Basin 1
Group Name: BASE
Simulation: 25 Year 24 Hour
Node Name: A-4
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh323
Peaking Fator: 323.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 1.33
Comp Time Inc (min): 1.33
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount (in): 8.600
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite

Time of Conc (min): 10.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 0.670
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.001
Curve Number: 94.000
DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.02
Flow Max (cfs): 3.71
Runoff Volume (in): 7.882
Runoff Volume (ft3): 19170

Basin Name: BASIN 2
Group Name: BASE
Simulation: 25 Year 24 Hour
Node Name: A-1
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh323
Peaking Fator: 323.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 1.33
Comp Time Inc (min): 1.33
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount (in): 8.600
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 10.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 1.260
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 76.000
DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.04
Flow Max (cfs): 5.57
Runoff Volume (in): 5.709
Runoff Volume (ft3): 26113

Basin Name: Basin 1
Group Name: BASE
Simulation: Mean Annual
Node Name: A-4
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh323
Peaking Fator: 323.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 1.33
Comp Time Inc (min): 1.33
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount (in): 4.500
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 10.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 0.670
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.001
Curve Number: 94.000
DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.02
Flow Max (cfs): 1.87
Runoff Volume (in): 3.817
Runoff Volume (ft3): 9283

Basin Name: BASIN 2
Group Name: BASE
Simulation: Mean Annual
Node Name: A-1
Basin Type: SCS Unit Hydrograph

Unit Hydrograph: Uh323
Peaking Fator: 323.0
Spec Time Inc (min): 1.33
Comp Time Inc (min): 1.33
Rainfall File: Flmod
Rainfall Amount (in): 4.500
Storm Duration (hrs): 24.00
Status: Onsite
Time of Conc (min): 10.00
Time Shift (hrs): 0.00
Area (ac): 1.260
Vol of Unit Hyd (in): 1.000
Curve Number: 76.000
DCIA (%): 0.000

Time Max (hrs): 12.04
Flow Max (cfs): 2.10
Runoff Volume (in): 2.131
Runoff Volume (ft3): 9745

9.0 ICPR POST-DEVELOPMENT PEAK STAGES, RUNOFF RATES, AND NODE MAP:

Name	Group	Simulation	Max Time Stage hrs	Max Stage ft	Warning Stage ft	Max Delta Stage ft	Max Surf Area ft2	Max Time Inflow hrs	Max Inflow cfs	Max Time Outflow hrs	Max Outflow cfs
A-1	BASE10	Year 24 Hour	12.04	50.63	51.96	0.0048	124	12.00	4.49	12.02	4.44
A-4	BASE10	Year 24 Hour	12.05	50.52	51.72	0.0069	126	12.01	7.58	12.02	7.55
A-6	BASE10	Year 24 Hour	12.05	50.37	51.66	-0.0051	122	12.02	7.55	12.03	7.58
A-7	BASE10	Year 24 Hour	12.07	50.14	51.52	0.0049	122	12.06	8.70	12.07	7.46
CULTECH CHAMBER	BASE10	Year 24 Hour	12.06	50.14	50.67	0.0024	892	0.00	0.00	13.20	1.62
OUTFALL	BASE10	Year 24 Hour	0.00	47.77	0.00	0.0000	0	12.07	7.46	0.00	0.00
A-1	BASE100	Year 24 Hou	12.04	51.75	51.96	0.0030	124	12.00	7.49	12.02	7.38
A-4	BASE100	Year 24 Hou	12.04	51.43	51.72	-0.0050	126	12.01	12.05	12.02	11.99
A-6	BASE100	Year 24 Hou	12.05	51.07	51.66	0.0064	122	12.02	11.99	12.03	11.98
A-7	BASE100	Year 24 Hou	12.06	50.47	51.52	0.0064	122	12.06	13.06	12.06	11.85
CULTECH CHAMBER	BASE100	Year 24 Hou	12.07	50.48	50.67	0.0016	877	0.00	0.00	9.91	4.91
OUTFALL	BASE100	Year 24 Hou	0.00	47.77	0.00	0.0000	0	12.06	11.85	0.00	0.00
A-1	BASE25	Year 24 Hour	12.04	50.94	51.96	0.0031	124	12.00	5.43	12.02	5.36
A-4	BASE25	Year 24 Hour	12.04	50.77	51.72	0.0046	126	12.01	8.99	12.02	8.95
A-6	BASE25	Year 24 Hour	12.05	50.57	51.66	0.0047	122	12.02	8.95	12.03	8.97
A-7	BASE25	Year 24 Hour	12.06	50.24	51.52	0.0058	122	12.05	10.09	12.06	8.86
CULTECH CHAMBER	BASE25	Year 24 Hour	12.06	50.24	50.67	0.0012	870	0.00	0.00	10.95	3.87
OUTFALL	BASE25	Year 24 Hour	0.00	47.77	0.00	0.0000	0	12.06	8.86	0.00	0.00
A-1	BASE	Mean Annual	12.19	49.81	51.96	0.0047	124	12.00	2.00	12.08	1.87
A-4	BASE	Mean Annual	12.19	49.80	51.72	0.0059	126	12.00	3.67	12.11	3.50
A-6	BASE	Mean Annual	12.19	49.78	51.66	0.0059	122	12.11	3.50	11.95	3.37
A-7	BASE	Mean Annual	12.20	49.74	51.52	0.0050	130	12.72	3.45	12.20	2.93
CULTECH CHAMBER	BASE	Mean Annual	12.21	49.74	50.67	0.0044	1460	0.00	0.00	12.72	1.67
OUTFALL	BASE	Mean Annual	0.00	47.77	0.00	0.0000	0	12.20	2.93	0.00	0.00

SSS-005 DEBARY LIFE STORAGE NODE MAP

Nodes

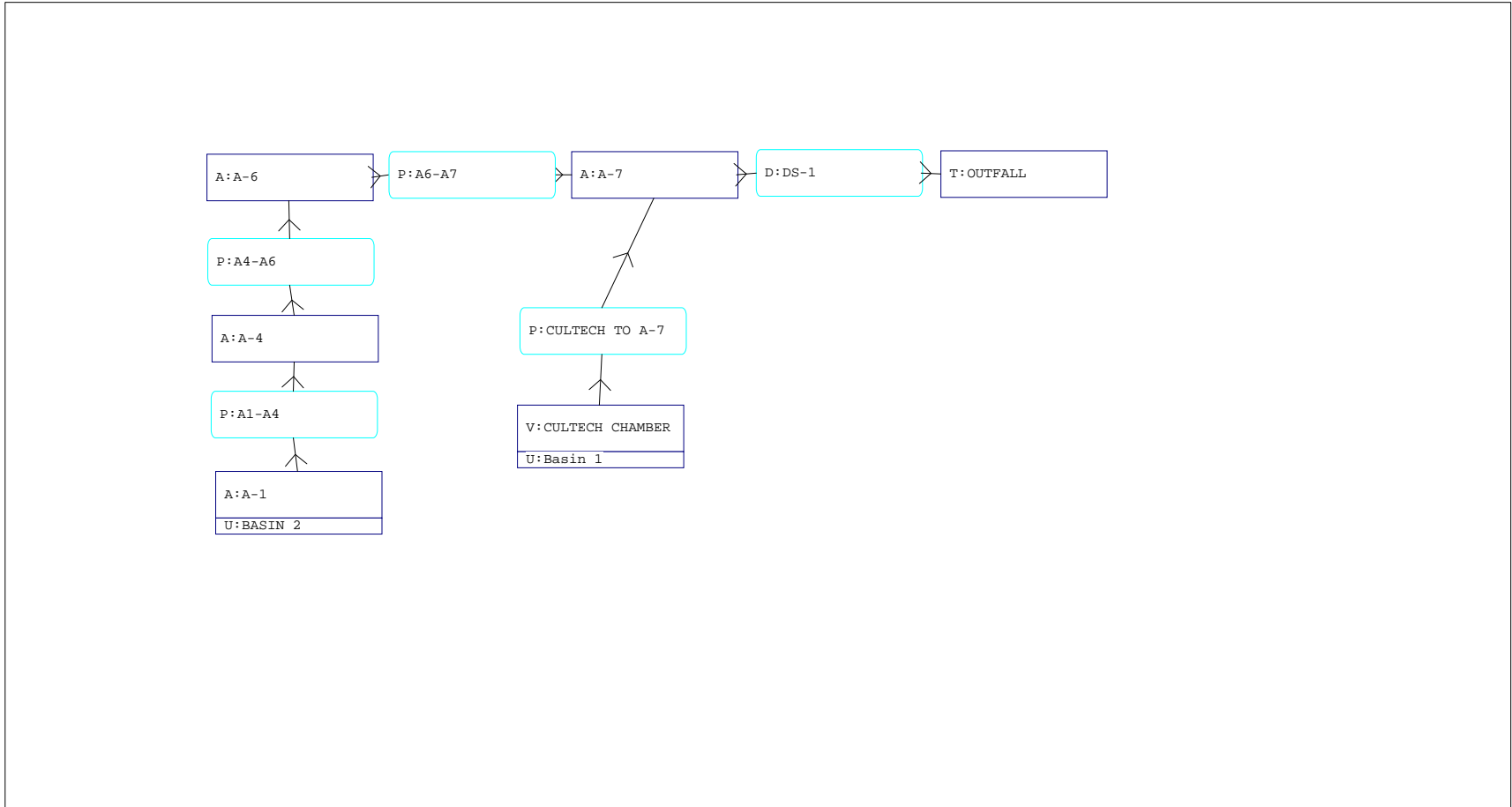
A Stage/Area
 V Stage/Volume
 T Time/Stage
 M Manhole

Basins

O Overland Flow
 U SCS Unit CN
 S SBUH CN
 Y SCS Unit GA
 Z SBUH GA

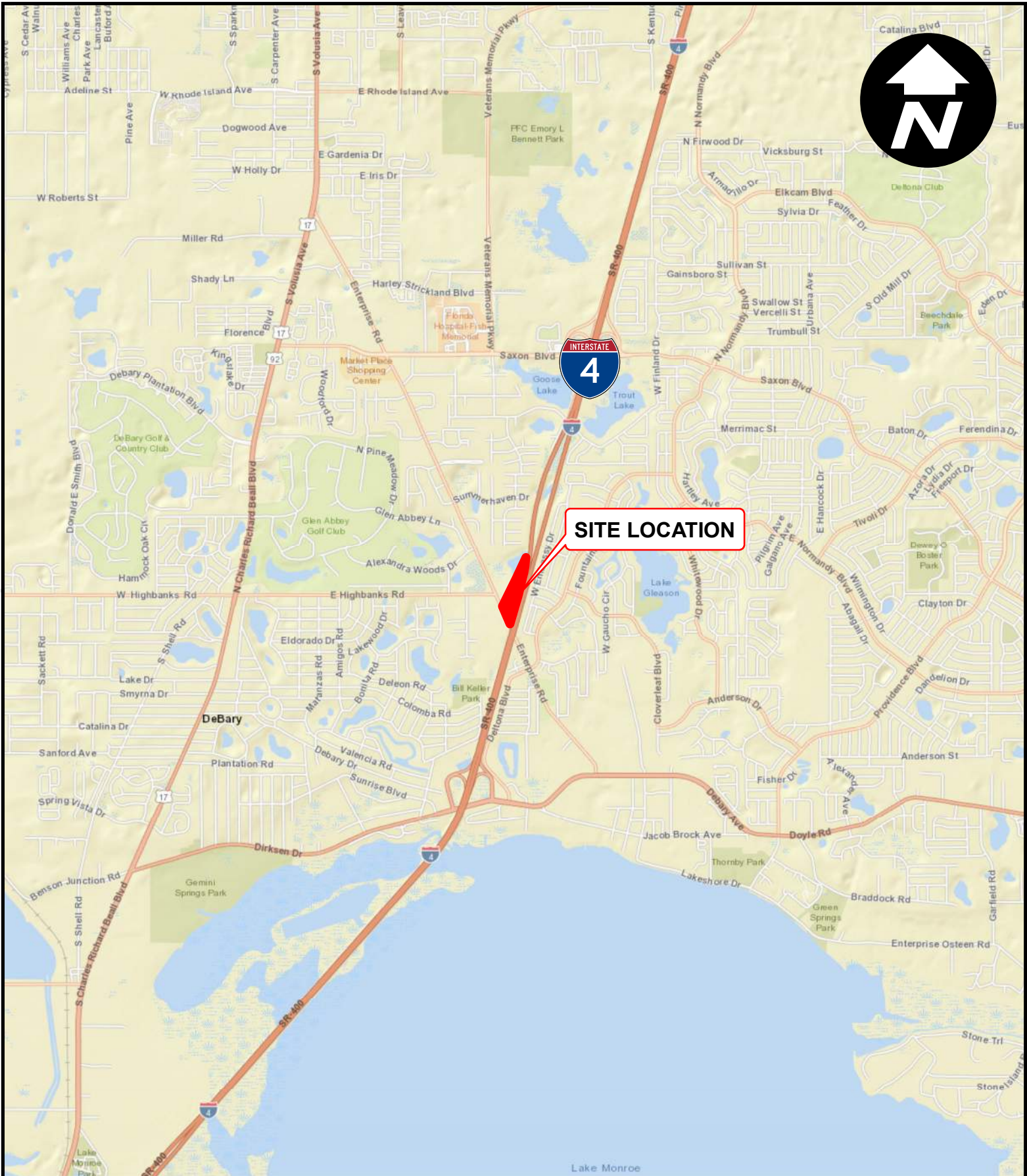
Links

P Pipe
 W Weir
 C Channel
 D Drop Structure
 B Bridge
 R Rating Curve
 H Breach
 E Percolation
 F Filter
 X Exfil Trench

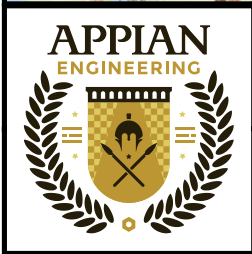


ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT A – LOCATION MAP



SITE LOCATION



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2221 LEE ROAD, SUITE 27, WINTER PARK, FLORIDA 32789

Location Map

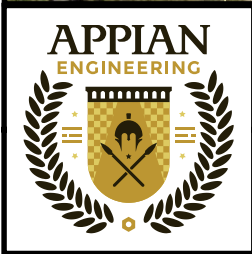
DeBarry, Florida

SSS-05

1" = 4,000'

Date: 12/16/2020

ATTACHMENT B – AERIAL MAP



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2221 LEE ROAD, SUITE 27, WINTER PARK, FLORIDA 32789

Aerial Map

DeBary, Florida

SSS-05	1" = 300'
Date: 12/15/2020	

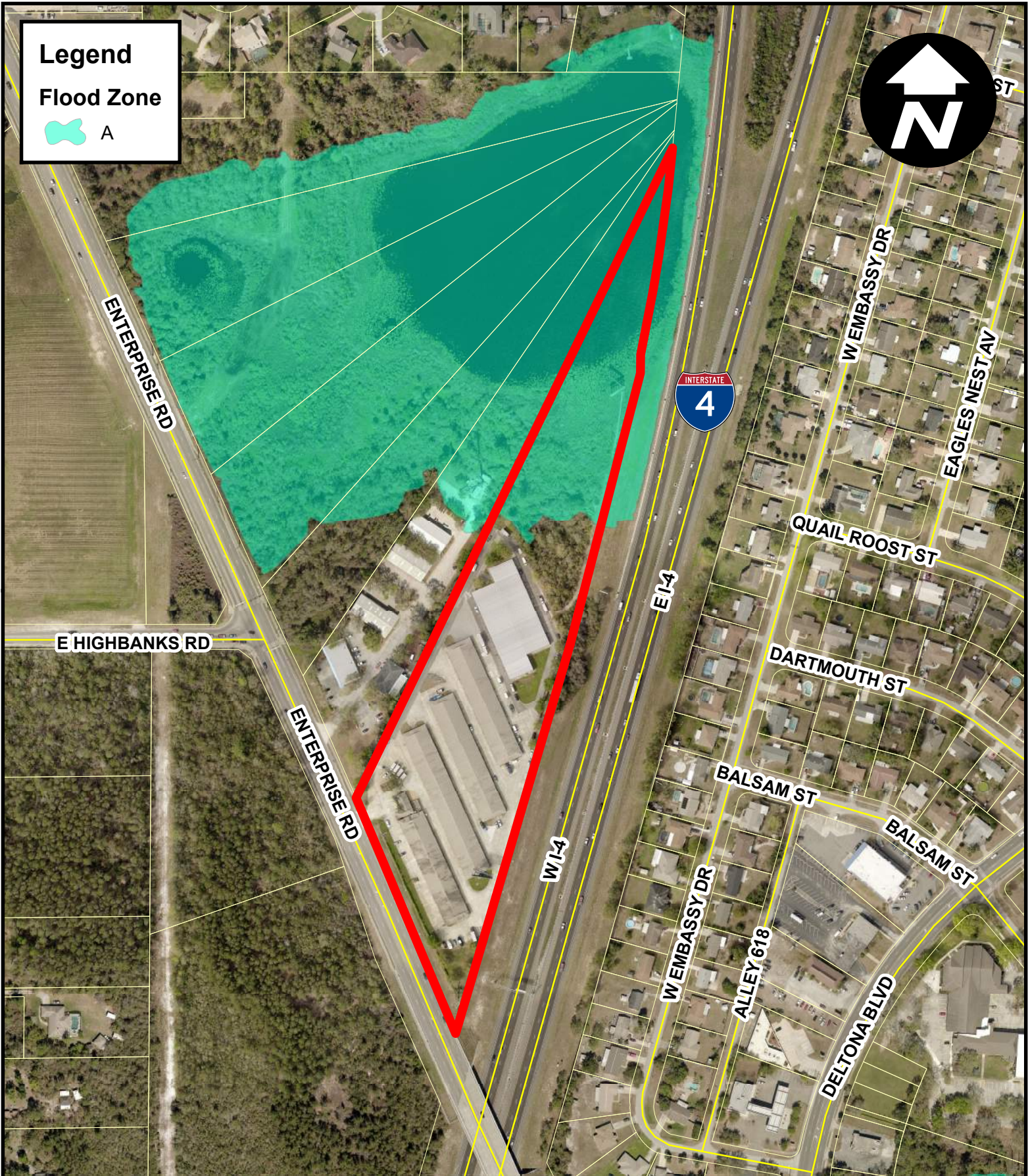
ATTACHMENT C – FLOOD MAP

Legend

Flood Zone



A



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2221 LEE ROAD, SUITE 27, WINTER PARK, FLORIDA 32789

Flood Map

DeBary, Florida

SSS-05

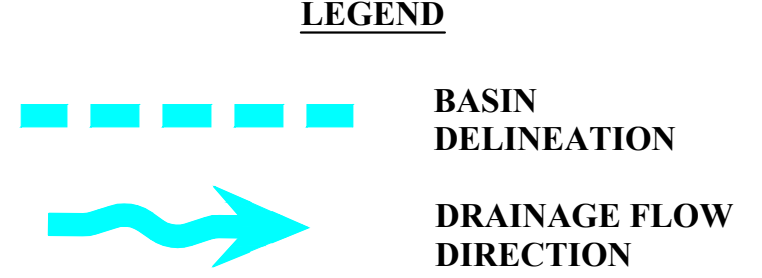
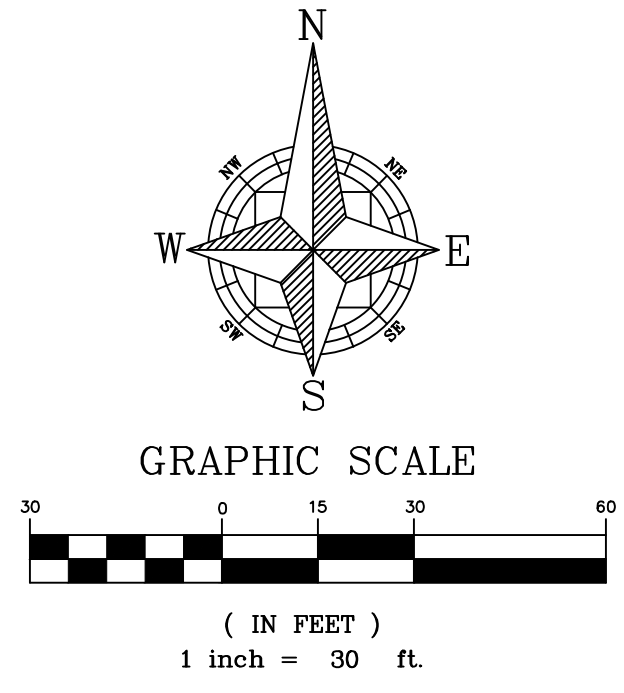
1" = 300'

Date: 12/15/2020

ATTACHMENT D – PRE-DEVELOPMENT BASIN MAP



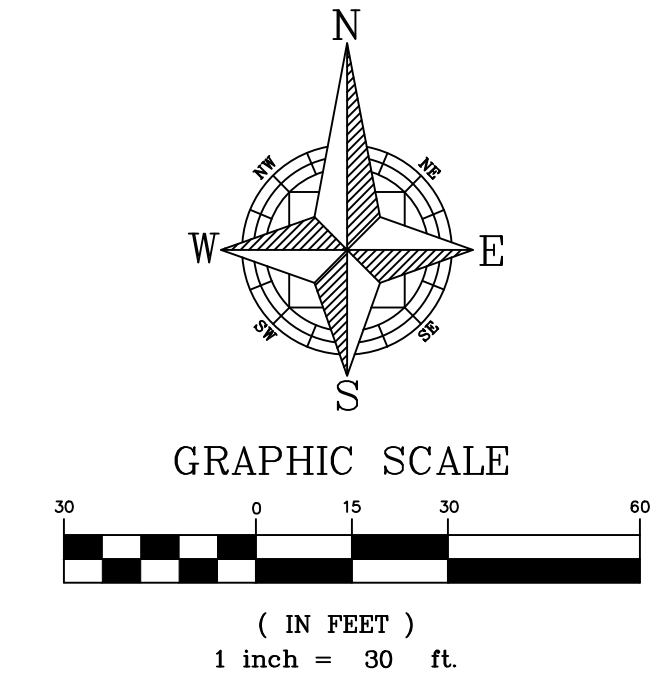
EXISTING PERVIOUS AREA
984.57 SQFT
EXISTING BUILDING AREA
16,538.14 SQFT
EXISTING PAVEMENT
11,848.3 SQFT



	SCALE 1" = 30'	DRAWN: T. MOORE	DESIGNED: T. MOORE	CHECKED: J. PALM	DATE: 3/8/2023
	PROJECT SSS-005	SHEET EXHIBIT	PRE-DEVELOPMENT BASIN MAP LIFE STORAGE DEBARY		
CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC. APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868 2221 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida, 32789 <small>STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION NO. 15174</small>		REV. DATE DESCRIPTION			
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION 5/5/23					

ATTACHMENT E – POST DEVELOPMENT BASIN MAP

P:\PROJECT DRAWINGS\SSS-005 - Life Storage DeBary LS 012\Design & Engineering\Stormwater\Post Development Basin Map.dwg Modified:5/3/2023 By: moore Plotted By: j.moore

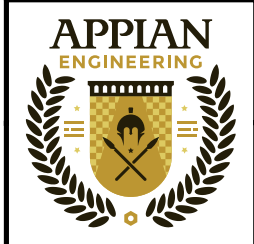
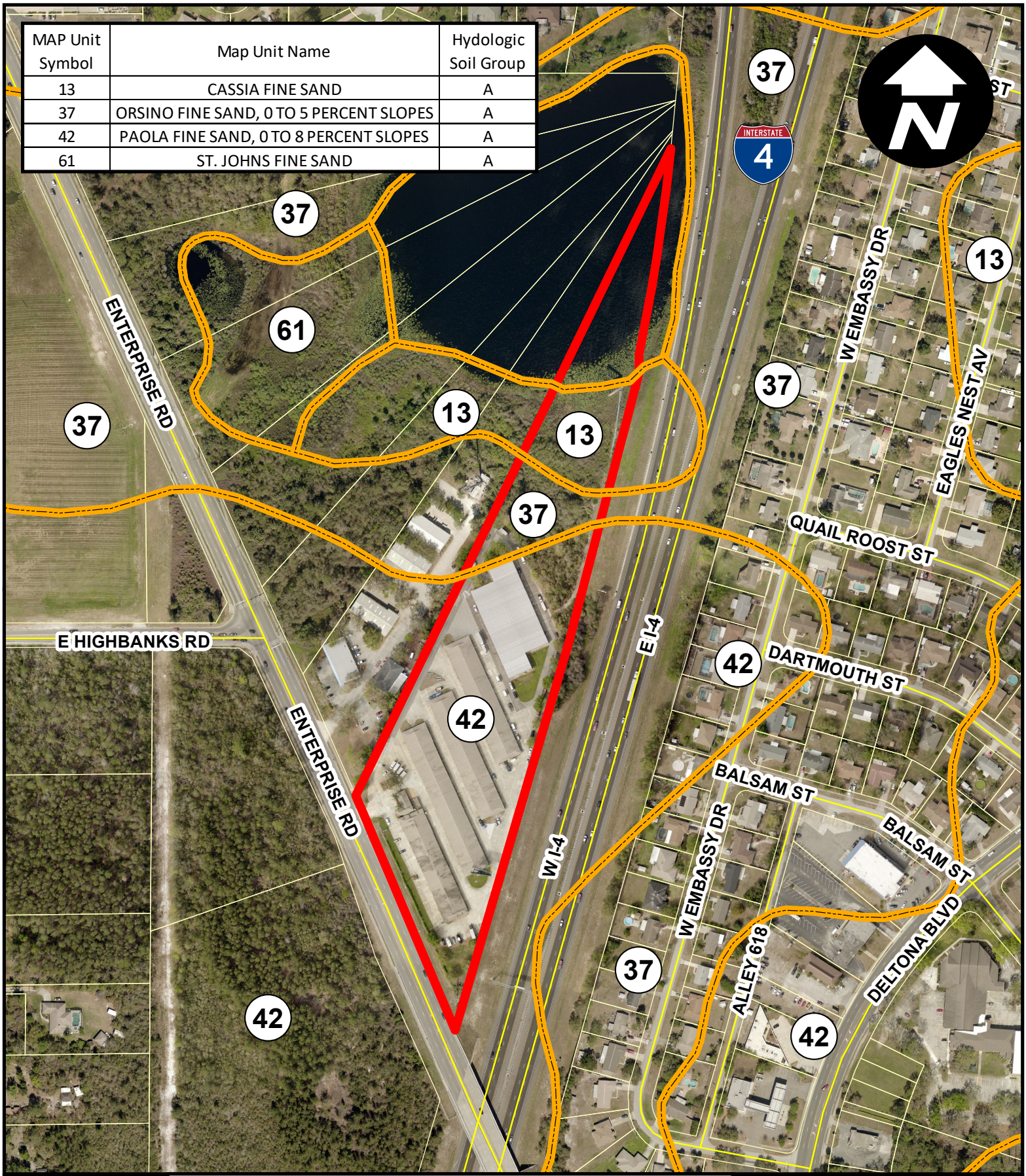


- LEGEND**
- BASIN 1 (TREATMENT & ATTENUATION)
 - BASIN 1 (TREATMENT & ATTENUATION)
 - BASIN 2 (ATTENUATION)
 - BASIN 2 (ATTENUATION)
 - DRAINAGE FLOW DIRECTION

	SCALE 1" = 30' PROJECT SSS-005 SHEET EXHIBIT	DRAWN: T. MOORE DESIGNED: T. MOORE CHECKED: J. PALM DATE: 5/3/2023	POST-DEVELOPMENT BASIN MAP LIFE STORAGE DEBARY	CIVIL ENGINEERING LAND PLANNING APPIAN ENGINEERING LLC. APPIANFL.COM • 407.960.5868 2221 Lee Road, Suite 27, Winter Park, Florida, 32789 <small>STATE OF FLORIDA CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION NO. 1214</small>	DATE REV.	DESCRIPTION BY
	NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION 5/5/23					

ATTACHMENT F – SOILS MAP

MAP Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Hydologic Soil Group
13	CASSIA FINE SAND	A
37	ORSINO FINE SAND, 0 TO 5 PERCENT SLOPES	A
42	PAOLA FINE SAND, 0 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES	A
61	ST. JOHNS FINE SAND	A



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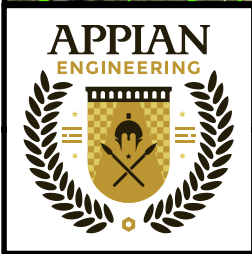
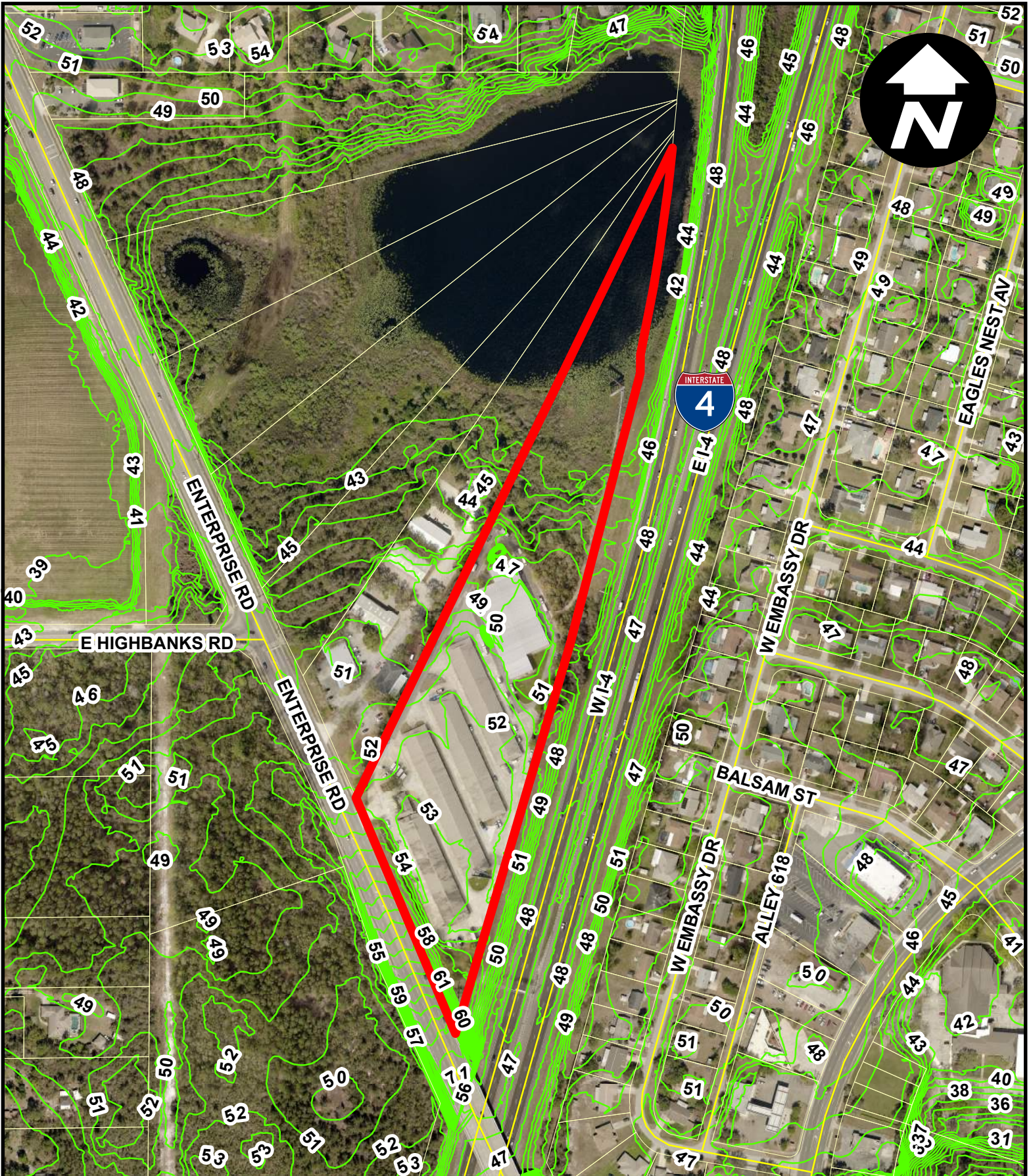
Soils Map

DeBary, Florida

SSS-05 | 1" = 300'

Date: 12/16/2020

ATTACHMENT G – TOPOGRAPHIC MAP



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Topographic Map

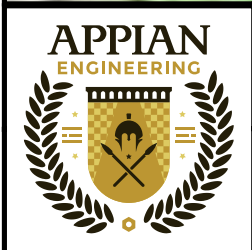
Debarry, Florida

SSS-05

1" = 300'

Date: 12/15/2020

ATTACHMENT H – USGS MAP



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2221 LEE ROAD, SUITE 27, WINTER PARK, FLORIDA 32789

USGS Map

DeBarry, Florida

SSS-05

1" = 500'

Date: 12/16/2020

ATTACHMENT I – GEOTECHNICAL REPORT



ECS Florida, LLC

Geotechnical Engineering Report

Life Storage – Debary

3075 Enterprise Road
Debary, Volusia County, FL

ECS Project Number 56:1394

July 08, 2021





July 08, 2021

Mr. Richard Pasternak
Sr. Project Manager
Life Storage LP
6467 Main Street
Williamsville, NY 14221

ECS Project No. 56:1394

Reference: Geotechnical Engineering Report
Life Storage – Debary
3075 Enterprise Road
Debary, FL

Dear Mr. Pasternak:

ECS Florida, LLC. (ECS) has completed the subsurface exploration, laboratory testing, and geotechnical engineering analyses for the above-referenced project. Our services were performed in general accordance with our agreed to scope of work. This report presents our understanding of the geotechnical aspects of the project along with the results of the field exploration and laboratory testing conducted, and our foundation design and earthwork construction recommendations.

It has been our pleasure to be of service to Life Storage LP during the design phase of this project. We would appreciate the opportunity to remain involved during the continuation of the design phase, and we would like to provide our services during construction phase operations as well to verify the assumptions of subsurface conditions made for this report. Should you have any questions concerning the information contained in this report, or if we can be of further assistance to you, please contact us.

Respectfully submitted,
ECS Florida, LLC.

Vinay Kumar Arebelli
Geotechnical Staff Project Manager
VArebelli@ecslimited.com

Nemer (Nick) Y. Oweis, P.E.
Senior Principal Engineer
Registered, FL PE. No. 44755
noweis@ecslimited.com

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APPENDICES

Appendix A – Drawings & Reports

- Figure 1 - Site Location Diagram
- Figure 2 - Field Exploration Diagram

Appendix B – Field Operations

- Reference Notes for Boring Logs
- Subsurface Exploration Procedure: Standard Penetration Testing (SPT)
- Boring Logs

Appendix C – Laboratory Results

- Laboratory Summary

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Executive Summary is intended as a very brief overview of the primary geotechnical conditions that are expected to affect design and construction. Information gleaned from the Executive Summary should not be utilized in lieu of reading the entire geotechnical report.

- We understand a proposed 3-story high, 44,775-square feet climate controlled self-storage building will be constructed in place of portions of the existing Life Storage facility. We assumed the loading would be around 100 kips for column and 7 kips per foot for wall footings. Exfiltration systems will be used for stormwater treatment.
- Based on the results of our exploration, very loose to medium dense fine SAND (SP), fine Sand with Clay (SP-SC) and Clayey fine Sand (SC) was encountered below the near surface topsoil to the termination depths of the borings at 15 to 25 feet below ground surface. The borings encountered groundwater at depths varying from 9 to 9.5 feet below the existing ground surface at the time of our exploration.
- We consider the subsurface conditions at the site adaptable for support of the proposed structure on a properly designed conventional shallow foundation system with a maximum allowable bearing pressure of 2,500 psf. Provided the site preparation and earthwork construction recommendations outlined in Section 5.0 of this report are performed, the parameters presented in Section 4.1 of this report may be used for foundation design.
- We consider the subsurface conditions at the site favorable for support of a flexible and/or rigid pavement section when constructed on properly prepared subgrade soils as outlined in Section 5.0 of this report.
- The fine sands (SP) and fine sands with clay (SP-SC) encountered from existing ground surface to depths ranging between 10 and 25 feet at Borings B1, B2 and B-3 locations and to depths of 15 feet at Borings B-4 to B-6 locations are considered suitable for use as structural fill soil. The Double Ring Infiltrometer test results are included in Section 4.4.
- We recommend that ECS be provided the opportunity to review the foundation plans and earthwork specifications to verify that our recommendations have been properly interpreted and implemented. ECS should also be retained to perform the construction material testing and observations required for this project, to verify that our recommendations have been satisfied.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this study was to provide geotechnical information for the design of foundations and pavements for the proposed climate-controlled storage building. The recommendations developed for this report are based on project information supplied by you.

Our services were provided in accordance with our Proposal No. 56:0958, dated March 24, 2021, as authorized by you on March 30, 2021, which includes our Terms and Conditions of Service.

This report contains the procedures and results of our subsurface exploration and laboratory testing programs, review of existing site conditions, engineering analyses, and recommendations for the foundation design and earthwork construction of the project.

The report includes the following items:

- A brief review and description of our field and laboratory test procedures and the results of testing conducted.
- A review of surface topographical features and site conditions.
- A review of area and site geologic conditions.
- A review of subsurface soil stratigraphy with pertinent available physical properties.
- Final copies of our soil boring logs.
- Recommendations for foundation design.
- General recommendations for pavement design.
- Evaluation of suitability of the explored soils for use as structural fill.
- Recommendations for site preparation and construction of compacted fills.

2.0 PROJECT INFORMATION

2.1 PROJECT LOCATION/CURRENT SITE USE

The project site is located on the east side of the developed Life Storage property at 3075 Enterprise Road in DeBary, Volusia County, Florida. The site is bordered to the north by undeveloped parcel and east by Interstate 4, to the west by developed buildings and to the south by Enterprise Road. The general site location is shown on below.



Site Location

At the time of our exploration, the site was developed with the existing life storage facility. We understand portions of 3rd and 4th buildings from the south will be demolished to facilitate the construction of the proposed 3-story climate controlled building. A site survey was not available to our office at the time of this report preparation. However, based on publicly available information, site specific topography was interpreted from Google Earth and based on our review and site visit, the site appears to be relatively flat.

2.2 PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION

The following information explains our understanding of the planned development including proposed building and related infrastructure.

SUBJECT	DESIGN INFORMATION / ASSUMPTIONS
Usage	3-Story Climate Controlled Storage
Framing	Cast-in-place concrete with minor reinforced masonry
Column Loads ⁽¹⁾	100 kips (Full Dead and Factored Live) (Assumed)
Wall Loads ⁽¹⁾	7 kips per linear foot (klf) maximum (Assumed)
Floor Loads ⁽¹⁾	300 pounds per square foot (psf) maximum
Fill and Cut Heights	Assumed a maximum of 2 feet of fill and only minor cuts, from existing site grades

(1) If actual structural loads differ from these assumed loads ECS must be contacted immediately in order to revise building foundation recommendations and settlement calculations, as needed.

If actual project information varies from these conditions, then the recommendations in this report may need to be re-evaluated. We should be contacted if any of the above project information is incorrect so that we may re-evaluate our recommendations.

3.0 FIELD EXPLORATION AND LABORATORY TESTING

Our exploration procedures are explained in greater detail in Appendix B including the insert titled Subsurface Exploration Procedures. Our scope of work included drilling six (6) Standard Penetration Test (SPT) borings to depths ranging from 15 to 25 feet below the existing ground surface. Our borings were located with a handheld GPS unit, and their approximate locations are shown on the Field Exploration Diagram (Figure 2) in Appendix A.

Double Ring Infiltrometer Testing

We have also performed a Double-Ring Infiltrometer (DRI) test within the proposed exfiltration system areas (near boring B-1 location). The test was performed in general accordance with the procedures outlined in the latest revision of ASTM D 3385, "Infiltration Rate of Soils in Field using Double Ring Infiltrometers." The test locations were initially cleared of all surface vegetation and topsoil, excavated to the desired test depth, and then leveled. The outer ring, approximately 24 inches in diameter, was driven to a depth of 6 inches below the test depth. The inner ring, approximately 12 inches in diameter, was inserted inside the outer ring, centered, and driven to a depth of approximately 2 inches below the test depth. A thin layer of gravel was placed on the exposed soils inside the rings at the test level. The 2 rings were filled simultaneously with 4 inches of water.

The water level was maintained throughout the test period, with the required amount of water added to maintain this level in both rings recorded at time intervals of 10 minutes. After reaching a stabilized inflow volume of water, the test was continued for approximately 30 minutes. The DRI test location is shown on the Boring Location Diagram.

3.1 SUBSURFACE CHARACTERIZATION

The subsurface conditions encountered were generally consistent with published geological mapping. The following sections provide generalized characterizations of the soil strata. Please refer to the boring logs in Appendix B.

Subsurface Stratigraphy of Standard Penetration Test Borings (SPT)

Approximate Depth Range (ft)	Stratum	Description	Ranges of SPT ⁽¹⁾ N-values (bpf)
0 - 0.25 to 0.5	N/A	Topsoil and Concrete	---
0.25 to 0.5 - 10 to 25*	I	Very Loose to Medium Dense Fine Sand (SP) and Fine Sand with Clay (SP-SC)	3 to 22
10 to 20 - 15 to 25	II	Medium Dense Clayey Fine Sand (SC)	11 to 16

Notes: (1) Standard Penetration Test.

* Termination depth of Boring B-3

3.2 GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS

3.2.1 Encountered Groundwater

Groundwater levels were measured during our field exploration and are presented in our boring logs in Appendix B. Groundwater depths measured at the time of drilling ranged from 9 to 9.5 feet below the ground surface. Variations in the long-term water table may occur as a result of changes in precipitation, evaporation, surface water runoff, construction activities, and other factors.

3.2.2 Estimated Seasonal High Groundwater

The normal seasonal high groundwater level (NSHGWL) is affected by a number of factors. The drainage characteristics of the soils, land surface elevation, relief points such as drainage ditches, lakes, rivers, swamp areas, etc., and distance to relief points are some of the more important factors influencing the seasonal high groundwater level.

Based on our interpretation of the site conditions, including the boring logs and Web Soil Survey, we estimate the NSHGWL at the boring locations to be at the depths shown on the boring logs. It is possible that groundwater levels may exceed the estimated normal seasonal high groundwater level as a result of significant or prolonged rains.

3.3 LABORATORY TESTING

Each sample was visually classified on the basis of texture and plasticity in accordance with ASTM D2488 Standard Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedures) and including USCS classification symbols, and ASTM D2487 Standard Practice for Classification for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System (USCS)). After classification, the samples were grouped in the major zones noted on the boring logs in Appendix B. The group symbols for each soil type are indicated in parentheses along with the soil descriptions. The stratification lines between strata on the logs are approximate; in situ, the transitions may be gradual.

The laboratory testing consisted of selected tests performed on samples obtained during our field exploration operations. Classification and index property tests were performed on representative soil samples. Laboratory tests performed on selected samples included fine percent tests (ASTM D1140) and moisture content tests (ASTM D2216).

We conducted a laboratory falling head permeability test in accordance with ASTM D5084-16a. The results of the permeability test are included in section 4.4. Note the permeability test was performed with a remolded sample from our soil boring samples.

4.0 DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 FOUNDATIONS

Provided subgrades and structural fills are prepared as recommended in this report, the proposed structure can be supported by shallow foundations including column footings and continuous wall footings. We recommend the foundation design use the following parameters:

Design Parameter	Column Footing	Wall Footing
Minimum Width	24 inches	18 inches
Minimum Footing Embedment Depth (below slab or finished grade)	12 inches	12 inches
Estimated Maximum Total Settlement ¹	1 inch	1 inch
Estimated Maximum Differential Settlement ²	Less than ½ inches between columns	Less than ½ inches over 50 feet
Net Allowable Bearing Pressure ³	2,500 psf	
Acceptable Bearing Soil Material	Compacted Fine Sand (SP) – Stratum I or Compacted Fill	

1. Based on assumed structural loads. If final loads are different, ECS must be contacted to update foundation recommendations and settlement calculations.
2. Based on maximum column/wall loads and variability in borings. Differential settlement can be re-evaluated once the foundation plans are more complete.
3. Net allowable bearing pressure is the applied pressure in excess of the surrounding overburden soils above the base of the foundation.

Depending on the final floor elevations of the building, we anticipate most of the soils at the foundation bearing elevation are anticipated to be suitable for support of the proposed structure, after prepared in accordance with Section 5.0 of this report. The bearing level soils, after compaction, should exhibit densities equivalent to 95 percent of the modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 1557) to a depth of at least one foot below foundation bearing levels.

For turn down slabs and interior wall footings the minimum width should also be 18 inches, however the sloped transition portion of the turn-down may be included when determining the footing width. Even though the maximum allowable soil bearing pressure may not be achieved, these width recommendations should control the size of the foundations.

4.2 SLABS ON GRADE

The floor slab can be constructed as a slab-on-ground, provided the site is prepared as outlined in Section 5.0. It is recommended the floor slab bearing soils be covered with an impervious membrane to reduce moisture entry and floor dampness. A 6-mil thick plastic membrane is commonly used for this purpose. Care should be exercised not to tear large sections of the membrane during placement of reinforcing steel and concrete. In addition, we recommend that a minimum separation of two feet be maintained between the finished floor levels and the estimated normal seasonal high groundwater level.

Subgrade Modulus: Provided the placement of structural fill per the recommendations discussed herein, the slab may be designed assuming a modulus of subgrade reaction, k_1 of 150 pci (lbs/cu. inch). The modulus of subgrade reaction value is based on a 1 ft by 1 ft plate load test basis.

4.3 PAVEMENTS

Based on the results of our exploration, we consider the subsurface conditions at the site favorable for support of a flexible or rigid pavement section when constructed on properly prepared subgrade soils as outlined in Section 5.0 of this report. Typical pavement sections used in east-central Florida are presented in the following sections. If requested, we can prepare a project-specific pavement design if specific traffic data is provided.

In general, heavy duty sections are areas that will be subjected to trucks, buses, or other similar vehicles including main drive lanes of the development. Light duty sections are appropriate for vehicular traffic and parking areas.

4.3.1 Flexible Pavement Recommendations

TYPICAL PAVEMENT SECTIONS		
MATERIAL	LIGHT DUTY	HEAVY DUTY
Asphaltic Concrete Surface Course (SP-9.5 or Type S)	1.5 inches	2 inches
Limerock Base	6 inches	8 inches
Stabilized Subgrade	12 inches	12 inches

Base and Subgrade: The limerock base course should have a minimum Limerock Bearing Ratio (LBR) of 100 and should be compacted to 98 percent of the modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 1557) value.

The subgrade material should have a minimum LBR of 40 and be compacted to 98 percent of the modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 1557) value.

4.3.2 Rigid Pavement Recommendations

Our recommendations for slab thickness for standard duty and heavy-duty concrete pavements are based on a) subgrade soils densified to 98 percent of the modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 1557) b) modulus of subgrade reaction (k) equal to 200 pounds per cubic inch, c) a 20-year design life.

TYPICAL PAVEMENT SECTIONS		
	LIGHT DUTY	HEAVY DUTY
Minimum Concrete Thickness	5 inches	6 inches
Maximum Control Joint Spacing	10 feet x 10 feet	12 feet x 12 feet
Recommended Sawcut Depth	1 ¼ inches	1 ½ inches

We recommend using concrete with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 4,000 psi and a minimum 28-day flexural strength (modulus of rupture) of at least 600 pounds per square inch, based on 3rd point loading of concrete beam test samples. Layout of the sawcut control joints should form square panels. The joints should be sawed within six hours of concrete placement or as soon as the concrete has developed sufficient strength to support workers and equipment. We recommend allowing ECS to review and comment on the final concrete pavement design,

including section and joint details (type of joints, joint spacing, etc.), prior to the start of construction.

For further details on concrete pavement construction, please reference the “Guide to Jointing on Non-Reinforced Concrete Pavements” published by the Florida Concrete and Products Associates, Inc., and “Building Quality Concrete Parking Areas”, published by the Portland Cement Association.

4.4 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

4.4.1 Soil Permeability/Infiltration Rate

Based on the Double Ring Infiltration (DRI) and laboratory permeability tests performed, the unsaturated vertical infiltration rate and horizontal permeability are presented in the following tables below:

Double Ring Infiltration Test Results

Borings Location	Test Depth (feet)	Vertical Infiltration Rate (ft/day)
DRI-1/B-1	1 to 2	14.9

Laboratory Permeability Results

Boring Location	Test Depth (feet)	Horizontal Permeability (ft/day)
B-1	6 to 8	31

The measured permeability/vertical infiltration rates should not be construed to represent the actual pond exfiltration rates. For pond design calculations, we recommend an appropriate factor of safety be applied to the above permeability/vertical infiltration rate values.

4.4.2 Borrow Suitability

Based on the boring results and classification of the soil samples, the fine sands (SP) and fine sands with clay (SP-SC) encountered in the borings are considered suitable for use as fill soil. The soils containing surficial organic material will require removal and are unsuitable as structural fill. The organic soils could be used in landscape berms.

The clayey fine sand (SC) and as encountered at the boring locations may also be used as structural fill however, we recommend this material to have a fines content of less than 30 percent and a Plastic Index (PI) of less than 6. We note that these soils will be more difficult to compact due to their tendency to retain soil moisture and will require drying. Depending on the anticipated time for completing the site work portion of the project and the drying time required to reduce the potential for pumping and yielding of these soils during placement and compaction operations, these soils may not be feasible for use as fill material.

5.0 SITE CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS

5.1 SUBGRADE PREPARATION

5.1.1 Stripping and Grubbing

Prior to construction, the location of existing underground utilities within the construction area should be established. Provisions should then be made to relocate interfering utilities to appropriate locations. Underground pipes that are not properly removed or plugged may serve as conduits for subsurface erosion, which may subsequently lead to excessive settlement of overlying structures.

The "footprint" of the proposed building plus a minimum additional margin of 5 feet, and of the hardscape areas (parking/driveway) plus a minimum additional margin of 3 feet, should be stripped of all surface vegetation, construction debris from the demolition of the existing structures and pavements, stumps, debris, organic topsoil, asphalt, concrete or other deleterious materials. During grubbing operations, roots with a diameter greater than 0.5-inch, stumps, or small roots in a concentrated state, should be grubbed and completely removed.

The actual depths of unsuitable soils and materials should be determined by ECS using visual observation and judgment during earthwork operations. Any topsoil removed from the building and parking/drive areas can be stockpiled and used subsequently in non-structural areas.

5.1.2 Subgrade Evaluation

After removing all unsuitable surface materials, cutting to the proposed grade, and prior to the placement of any structural fill or other construction materials, the exposed subgrade should be evaluated by the Geotechnical Engineer or authorized representative. In the event that unstable or "pumping" subgrade is identified by the engineer, those areas should be marked for repair prior to the placement of any subsequent structural fill or other construction materials. Methods of repair of unstable subgrade, such as undercutting or moisture conditioning, should be discussed with the Geotechnical Engineer to determine the appropriate procedure with regard to the existing conditions causing the instability.

5.1.3 Subgrade Compaction

After completing the clearing and stripping operations and installing the temporary groundwater control measures (if required), the exposed surface should be compacted with a vibratory drum roller having a minimum static, at-drum weight, on the order of 4 to 6 tons. Typically, the material should exhibit moisture contents within ± 2 percentage points of the modified Proctor optimum moisture content (ASTM D 1557) during the compaction operations. Compaction should continue until densities of at least 95 percent of the modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 1557) have been achieved within the upper 2 feet of the compacted natural soils at the site.

Should the bearing level soils experience pumping and soil strength loss during the compaction operations, compaction work should be immediately terminated, and (1) the disturbed soils should be removed and backfilled with compacted structural fill, or (2) the excess moisture content within the disturbed soils should be allowed to dissipate before recompacting.

Care should be exercised to avoid damaging any nearby structures while the compaction operation is underway. Prior to commencing compaction, occupants of adjacent structures should be notified, and the existing conditions of the structures should be documented with photographs and survey (if deemed necessary). Compaction should cease if deemed detrimental to adjacent structures, and ECS should be contacted immediately. We recommend the vibratory roller remain

a minimum of 50 feet from existing structures. Within this zone, use of a track-mounted bulldozer, or a vibratory roller operating in the static mode, is recommended.

5.2 EARTHWORK OPERATIONS

5.2.1 Structural Backfill and Fill Soils

Structural fill is defined as a non-plastic, inorganic, granular soil having less than 10 percent material passing the No. 200 mesh sieve and containing less than 4 percent organic material. The fine sand and fine sand with silt or fine sand with clay, without roots, as encountered in the borings, are suitable as fill materials and, with proper moisture control, should densify using conventional compaction methods. Soils with more than 10 to 12 percent passing the No. 200 sieve will be more difficult to compact, due to their nature to retain soil moisture, and may require drying.

Structural Fill Compaction Requirements: Materials satisfactory for use as structural fill should consist of soils with the following compaction requirements.

STRUCTURAL FILL COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS	
Subject	Requirement
Compaction Standard	Modified Proctor, ASTM D1557
Required Compaction	95% of Max. Dry Density (general structural fill) 98% of Max. Dry Density (upper one foot below the proposed pavement base course)
Loose Thickness prior to compaction	12 inches if vibratory drum roller compaction equipment is used 8 inches if vibratory drum roller is used in static mode 8 inches if track-mounted compaction equipment is used 6 inches if hand-held compaction equipment is used

Fill materials should not be placed on excessively wet soils. Excessively wet soils should be scarified, aerated, and moisture conditioned. Proper drainage should be maintained during the earthwork phases of construction to prevent ponding of water which has a tendency to degrade subgrade soils. The contractor should minimize dusting or implement dust control measures, as required.

We recommend that the grading contractor have equipment on site during earthwork for both drying and wetting fill soils. Moisture control may be difficult during extended periods of rain. The control of moisture content of soils containing more than 10% fines may be difficult when these soils become wet. Further, such soils are easily degraded by construction traffic when the moisture content is elevated.

5.2.2 Foundation Areas

After satisfactory placement and compaction of the required structural fill, the foundation areas may be excavated to the planned bearing levels. The foundation bearing level soils, after compaction, should exhibit densities equivalent to 95 percent of the modified Proctor maximum dry density (ASTM D 1557) to a depth of one foot below the bearing level. For confined areas, such as the footing excavations, any compactive effort should be provided by a lightweight vibratory sled or roller having a total weight on the order of 500 to 2,000 pounds.

5.2.3 Flexible Pavement Areas

After completing the clearing/stripping operations in the pavement areas, any underlying clayey sands and sandy clays that are within 2 feet of the bottom of the pavement base should be over-

excavated from within the pavement areas. Structural backfill and fill required to achieve the finish pavement grades then can be placed and compacted as described in Sections 5.2.1.

5.3 UTILITY INSTALLATIONS

Utility Subgrades: The soil borings encountered fine sands (SP). It is our opinion that the fine sands (SP) soils will be suitable bedding soils for pipelines and utility structures.

Utility Backfilling: Backfill placed around the pipe, and to a height of 2 feet above the top of pipe, should be placed in 6-inch lifts. Each lift should be compacted with hand-held equipment to 95 percent of the soil's Modified Proctor (ASTM D 1557) maximum dry density. Backfill placed above the 2-foot zone above the top of pipe elevation may be placed in 12-inch lifts and compacted with heavier equipment. Typically, the backfill soil should exhibit moisture contents within ± 2 percent of the soil's optimum moisture content as determined from the Proctor test. Care should be taken to avoid damaging the pipe during compaction operations.

Backfill placed around utility structures should be placed in 6-inch-thick lifts, and compacted with hand-held equipment to the same in-place soil density stated above. Heavy equipment should not be used within 5 feet of the structures to prevent overstressing of the structure walls.

Utility Excavation Dewatering: Based on the groundwater depths encountered in our borings, groundwater will likely be encountered by utility excavations which extend below 8 feet below existing grades. It is expected that removal of groundwater will be required, especially for deeper utility excavations. The contractor should submit a dewatering plan prior to installing the site utilities.

Excavation Safety: All excavations and slopes should be made and maintained in accordance with OSHA excavation safety standards. The contractor is solely responsible for designing and constructing stable, temporary excavations and slopes and should shore, slope, or bench the sides of the excavations and slopes as required to maintain stability of both the excavation sides and bottom. The contractor's responsible person, as defined in 29 CFR Part 1926, should evaluate the soil exposed in the excavations as part of the contractor's safety procedures. In no case should slope height, slope inclination, or excavation depth, including utility trench excavation depth, exceed those specified in local, state, and federal safety regulations. ECS is providing this information solely as a service to our client. ECS is not assuming responsibility for construction site safety or the contractor's activities; such responsibility is not being implied and should not be inferred.

Erosion Control: The surface soils may be erodible. Therefore, the Contractor should provide and maintain good site drainage during earthwork operations to maintain the integrity of the surface soils. All erosion and sedimentation controls should be in accordance with sound engineering practices and local requirements.

6.0 CLOSING

Our geotechnical exploration has been performed, our findings obtained, and our recommendations prepared, in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering principles and practices. ECS is not responsible for any independent conclusions, interpretation, opinions, or recommendations made by others based on the data contained in this report.

Our scope of services was intended to evaluate the soil conditions within the zone of soil influenced by the foundation system. Our scope of services does not address geologic conditions, such as sinkholes or soil conditions existing below the depth of the soil borings.

If any of the project description information discussed in this report is inaccurate, either due to our interpretation of the documents provided or site or design changes that may occur later, ECS should be contacted immediately in order that we can review the report in light of the changes and provide additional or alternate recommendations as may be required to reflect the proposed construction.

We recommend that ECS be allowed to review the project's plans and specifications pertaining to our work so that we may ascertain consistency of those plans/specifications with the intent of the geotechnical report.

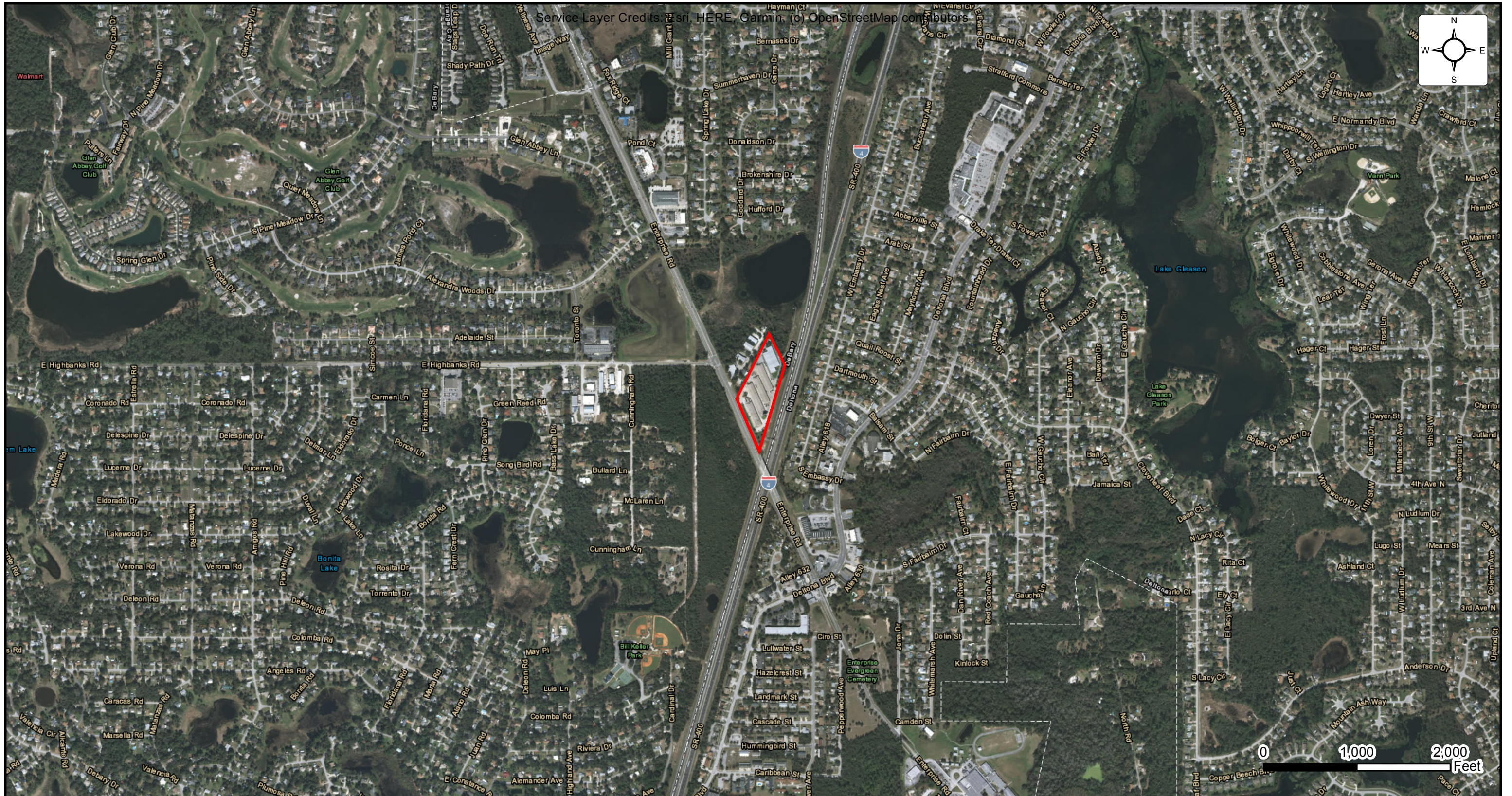
Field observations, monitoring, and quality assurance testing during earthwork and foundation installation are an extension of and integral to the geotechnical design recommendation. We recommend that the owner retain these quality assurance services and that ECS be allowed to continue our involvement throughout these critical phases of construction to provide general consultation as issues arise.

ECS is not responsible for the conclusions, opinions, or recommendations of others based on the data in this report.

APPENDIX A – Diagrams & Reports

Figure 1 - Site Location Diagram

Figure 2 - Field Exploration Diagram



SITE LOCATION DIAGRAM

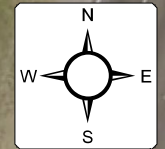
LIFE STORAGE



LIFE STORAGE - DEBARY

3075 ENTERPRISE ROAD, DEBARY, FLORIDA

ENGINEER	DS05
SCALE	AS NOTED
PROJECT NO.	56:1394
SHEET	1 OF 1
DATE	7/6/2021



Legend
Approximate SPT boring locations

BORING LOCATION DIAGRAM

LIFE STORAGE



LIFE STORAGE - DEBARY

3075 ENTERPRISE ROAD, DEBARY, FLORIDA

ENGINEER	DS05
SCALE	AS NOTED
PROJECT NO.	56:1394
SHEET	1 OF 1
DATE	7/6/2021

APPENDIX B – Field Operations

Reference Notes for Boring Logs

Subsurface Exploration Procedure: Standard Penetration Testing (SPT)

Boring Logs B-1 through B-6



REFERENCE NOTES FOR BORING LOGS

MATERIAL ^{1,2}	
	ASPHALT
	CONCRETE
	GRAVEL
	TOPSOIL
	VOID
	BRICK
	AGGREGATE BASE COURSE
	GW WELL-GRADED GRAVEL gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
	GP POORLY-GRADED GRAVEL gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
	GM SILTY GRAVEL gravel-sand-silt mixtures
	GC CLAYEY GRAVEL gravel-sand-clay mixtures
	SW WELL-GRADED SAND gravelly sand, little or no fines
	SP POORLY-GRADED SAND gravelly sand, little or no fines
	SM SILTY SAND sand-silt mixtures
	SC CLAYEY SAND sand-clay mixtures
	ML SILT non-plastic to medium plasticity
	MH ELASTIC SILT high plasticity
	CL LEAN CLAY low to medium plasticity
	CH FAT CLAY high plasticity
	OL ORGANIC SILT or CLAY non-plastic to low plasticity
	OH ORGANIC SILT or CLAY high plasticity
	PT PEAT highly organic soils

DRILLING SAMPLING SYMBOLS & ABBREVIATIONS			
SS	Split Spoon Sampler	PM	Pressuremeter Test
ST	Shelby Tube Sampler	RD	Rock Bit Drilling
WS	Wash Sample	RC	Rock Core, NX, BX, AX
BS	Bulk Sample of Cuttings	REC	Rock Sample Recovery %
PA	Power Auger (no sample)	RQD	Rock Quality Designation %
HSA	Hollow Stem Auger		

PARTICLE SIZE IDENTIFICATION		
DESIGNATION	PARTICLE SIZES	
Boulders	12 inches (300 mm) or larger	
Cobbles	3 inches to 12 inches (75 mm to 300 mm)	
Gravel:	Coarse	¾ inch to 3 inches (19 mm to 75 mm)
	Fine	4.75 mm to 19 mm (No. 4 sieve to ¾ inch)
Sand:	Coarse	2.00 mm to 4.75 mm (No. 10 to No. 4 sieve)
	Medium	0.425 mm to 2.00 mm (No. 40 to No. 10 sieve)
	Fine	0.074 mm to 0.425 mm (No. 200 to No. 40 sieve)
Silt & Clay ("Fines")	<0.074 mm (smaller than a No. 200 sieve)	

COHESIVE SILTS & CLAYS		
UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, QP ⁴	SPT ⁵ (BPF)	CONSISTENCY ⁷ (COHESIVE)
<0.25	<2	Very Soft
0.25 - <0.50	3 - 4	Soft
0.50 - <1.00	5 - 8	Firm
1.00 - <2.00	9 - 15	Stiff
2.00 - <4.00	16 - 30	Very Stiff
4.00 - 8.00	31 - 50	Hard
>8.00	>50	Very Hard

RELATIVE AMOUNT ⁷	COARSE GRAINED (%) ⁸	FINE GRAINED (%) ⁸
Trace	≤5	≤5
With	10 - 20	10 - 25
Adjective (ex: "Silty")	25 - 45	30 - 45

GRAVELS, SANDS & NON-COHESIVE SILTS	
SPT ⁵	DENSITY
<5	Very Loose
5 - 10	Loose
11 - 30	Medium Dense
31 - 50	Dense
>50	Very Dense

WATER LEVELS ⁶	
	WL (First Encountered)
	WL (Completion)
	WL (Seasonal High Water)
	WL (Stabilized)

FILL AND ROCK			
FILL	POSSIBLE FILL	PROBABLE FILL	ROCK

¹Classifications and symbols per ASTM D 2488-17 (Visual-Manual Procedure) unless noted otherwise.

²To be consistent with general practice, "POORLY GRADED" has been removed from GP, GP-GM, GP-GC, SP, SP-SM, SP-SC soil types on the boring logs.

³Non-ASTM designations are included in soil descriptions and symbols along with ASTM symbol [Ex: (SM-FILL)].

⁴Typically estimated via pocket penetrometer or Torvane shear test and expressed in tons per square foot (tsf).

⁵Standard Penetration Test (SPT) refers to the number of hammer blows (blow count) of a 140 lb. hammer falling 30 inches on a 2 inch OD split spoon sampler required to drive the sampler 12 inches (ASTM D 1586). "N-value" is another term for "blow count" and is expressed in blows per foot (bpf). SPT correlations per 7.4.2 Method B and need to be corrected if using an auto hammer.

⁶The water levels are those levels actually measured in the borehole at the times indicated by the symbol. The measurements are relatively reliable when augering, without adding fluids, in granular soils. In clay and cohesive silts, the determination of water levels may require several days for the water level to stabilize. In such cases, additional methods of measurement are generally employed.

⁷Minor deviation from ASTM D 2488-17 Note 14.

⁸Percentages are estimated to the nearest 5% per ASTM D 2488-17.



SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION PROCEDURE: STANDARD PENETRATION TESTING (SPT) ASTM D 1586 Split-Barrel Sampling

Standard Penetration Testing, or **SPT**, is the most frequently used subsurface exploration test performed worldwide. This test provides samples for identification purposes, as well as a measure of penetration resistance, or N-value. The N-Value, or blow counts, when corrected and correlated, can approximate engineering properties of soils used for geotechnical design and engineering purposes.

SPT Procedure:

- Involves driving a hollow tube (split-spoon) into the ground by dropping a 140-lb hammer a height of 30-inches at desired depth
- Recording the number of hammer blows required to drive split-spoon a distance of 12 inches (in 3 or 4 Increments of 6 inches each)
- Auger is advanced* and an additional SPT is performed
- One SPT test is typically performed for every two to five feet
- Obtain two-inch diameter soil sample

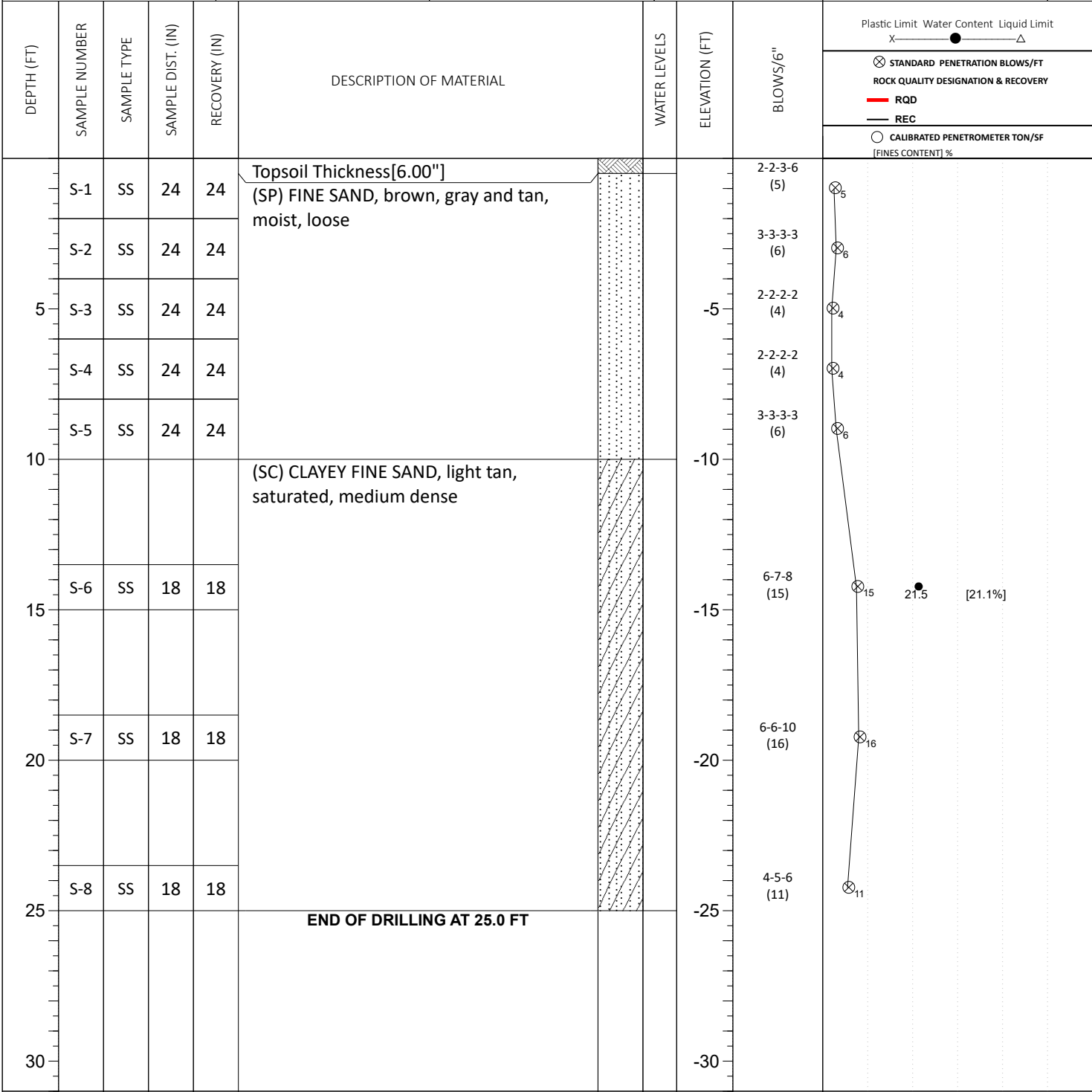


**Drilling Methods May Vary*— The predominant drilling methods used for SPT are open hole fluid rotary drilling and hollow-stem auger drilling.

CLIENT: Life Storage	PROJECT NO.: 56:1394	BORING NO.: B-1	SHEET: 1 of 1	
PROJECT NAME: Life Storage - Debary	DRILLER/CONTRACTOR: Renegade Drilling, LLC			

SITE LOCATION:
3075 Enterprise Road, DeBary, Florida 32713

NORTHING: -25756.8	EASTING: 2999242.0	STATION:	SURFACE ELEVATION:	LOSS OF CIRCULATION
				BOTTOM OF CASING



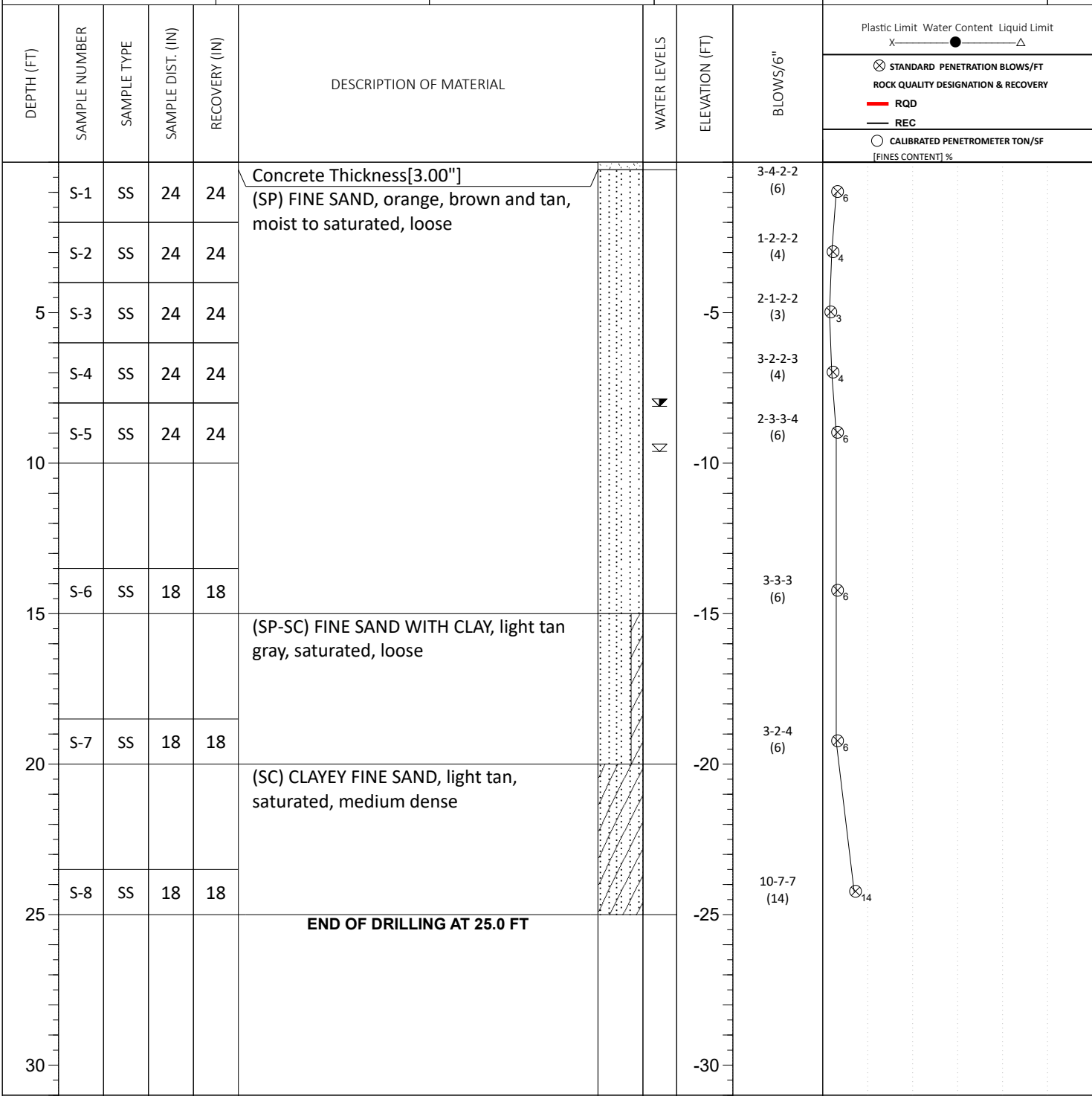
THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDARY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL

∇ WL (First Encountered)	Dry	BORING STARTED:	Jun 18 2021	CAVE IN DEPTH:
▼ WL (Completion)		BORING COMPLETED:	Jun 18 2021	HAMMER TYPE: Auto
∇ WL (Seasonal High Water)		EQUIPMENT:		DRILLING METHOD: Mud-Rotary
∇ WL (Stabilized)		Track	LOGGED BY:	

GEOTECHNICAL BOREHOLE LOG

SITE LOCATION:
3075 Enterprise Road, DeBary, Florida 32713

NORTHING: -25621.6	EASTING: 2999277.3	STATION:	SURFACE ELEVATION:	LOSS OF CIRCULATION 
				BOTTOM OF CASING 



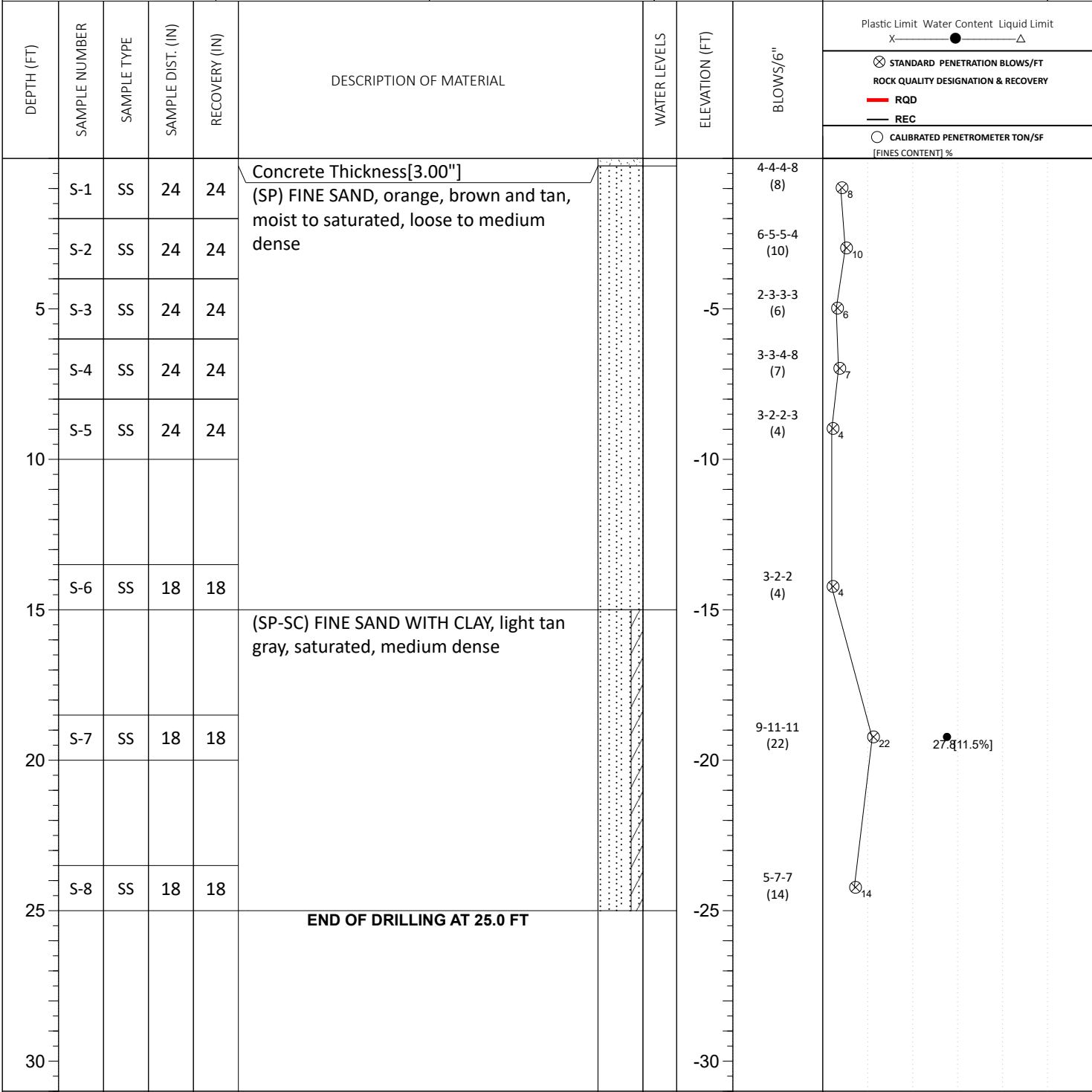
THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDARY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL

∇ WL (First Encountered)	9.50	BORING STARTED:	Jun 18 2021	CAVE IN DEPTH:
▼ WL (Completion)		BORING COMPLETED:	Jun 18 2021	HAMMER TYPE: Auto
∇ WL (Seasonal High Water)	8.00	EQUIPMENT:		DRILLING METHOD: Mud-Rotary
∇ WL (Stabilized)		Track	LOGGED BY:	

GEOTECHNICAL BOREHOLE LOG

SITE LOCATION:
3075 Enterprise Road, DeBary, Florida 32713

NORTHING: -25581.3	EASTING: 2999209.2	STATION:	SURFACE ELEVATION:	LOSS OF CIRCULATION
				BOTTOM OF CASING



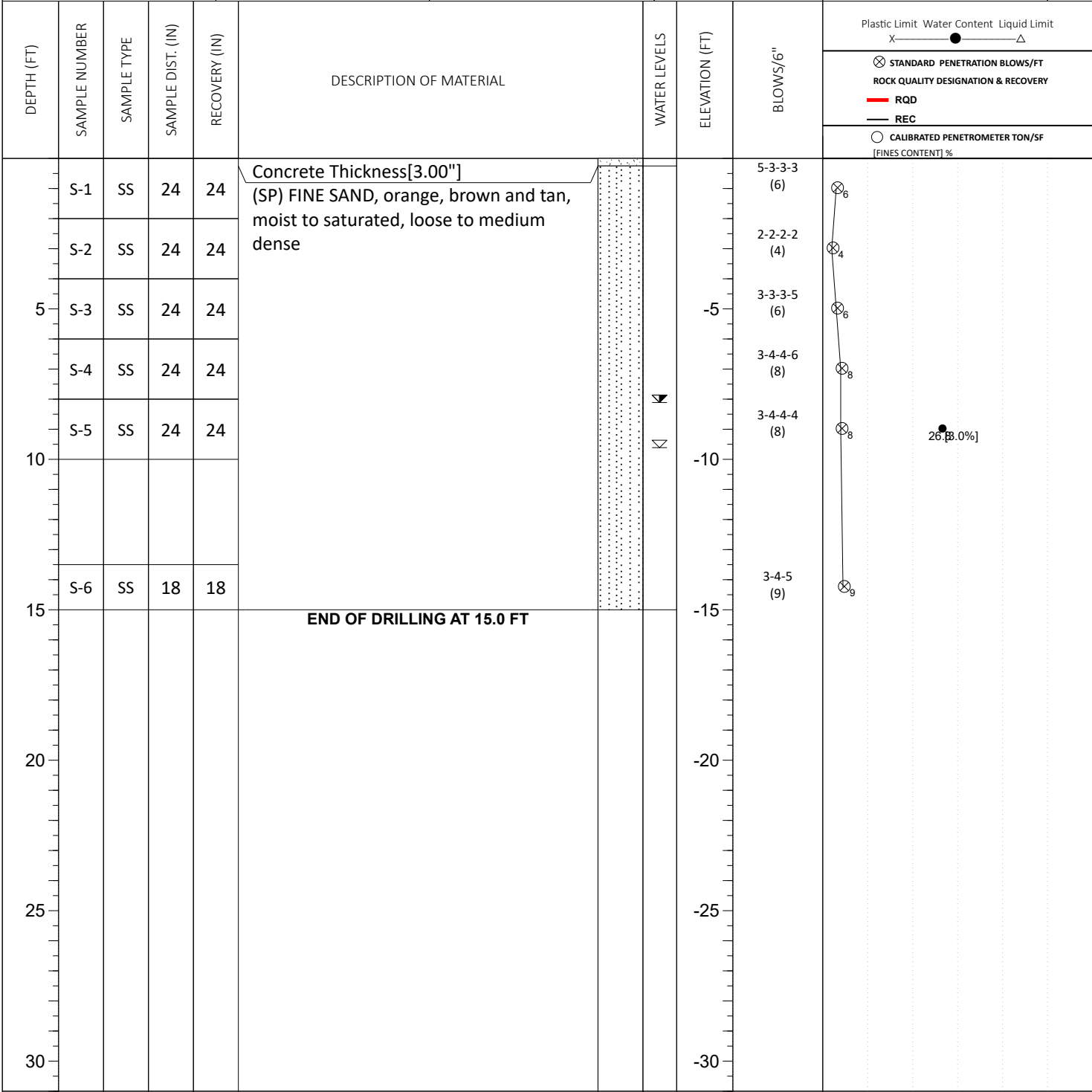
THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDARY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL

▽ WL (First Encountered) Dry	BORING STARTED: Jun 18 2021	CAVE IN DEPTH:
▼ WL (Completion)	BORING COMPLETED: Jun 18 2021	HAMMER TYPE: Auto
▽ WL (Seasonal High Water)	EQUIPMENT: Track	LOGGED BY:
▾ WL (Stabilized)		DRILLING METHOD: Mud-Rotary

GEOTECHNICAL BOREHOLE LOG

SITE LOCATION:
3075 Enterprise Road, DeBary, Florida 32713

NORTHING: -25594.9	EASTING: 2999329.4	STATION:	SURFACE ELEVATION:	LOSS OF CIRCULATION
				BOTTOM OF CASING



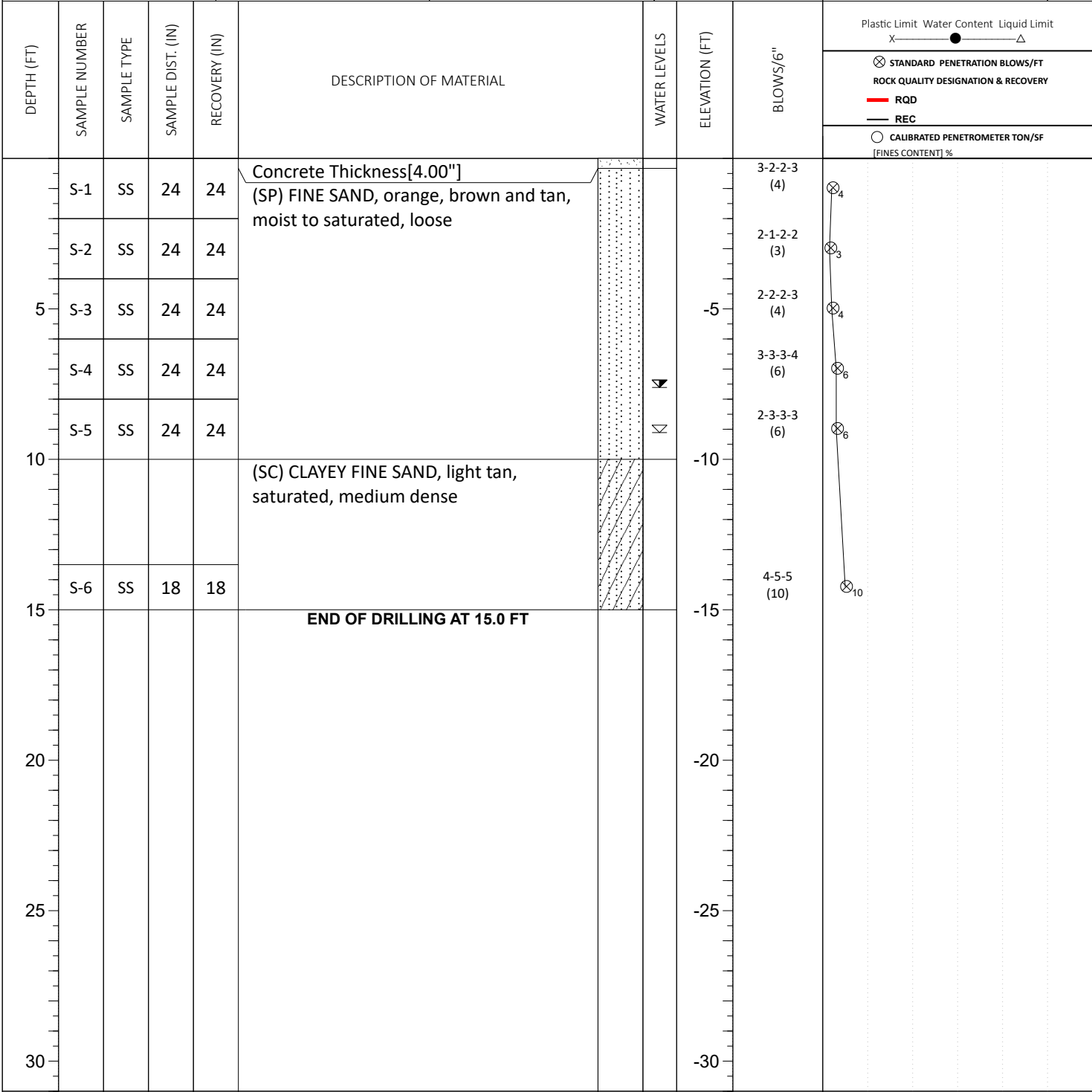
THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDARY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL

∇ WL (First Encountered) 9.50	BORING STARTED: Jun 17 2021	CAVE IN DEPTH:
▼ WL (Completion)	BORING COMPLETED: Jun 17 2021	HAMMER TYPE: Auto
∇ WL (Seasonal High Water) 8.00	EQUIPMENT: Track	LOGGED BY:
∇ WL (Stabilized)		DRILLING METHOD: Mud-Rotary

GEOTECHNICAL BOREHOLE LOG

SITE LOCATION:
3075 Enterprise Road, DeBary, Florida 32713


NORTHING: -25716.7	EASTING: 2999298.5	STATION:	SURFACE ELEVATION:	LOSS OF CIRCULATION 
				BOTTOM OF CASING 



THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDARY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL

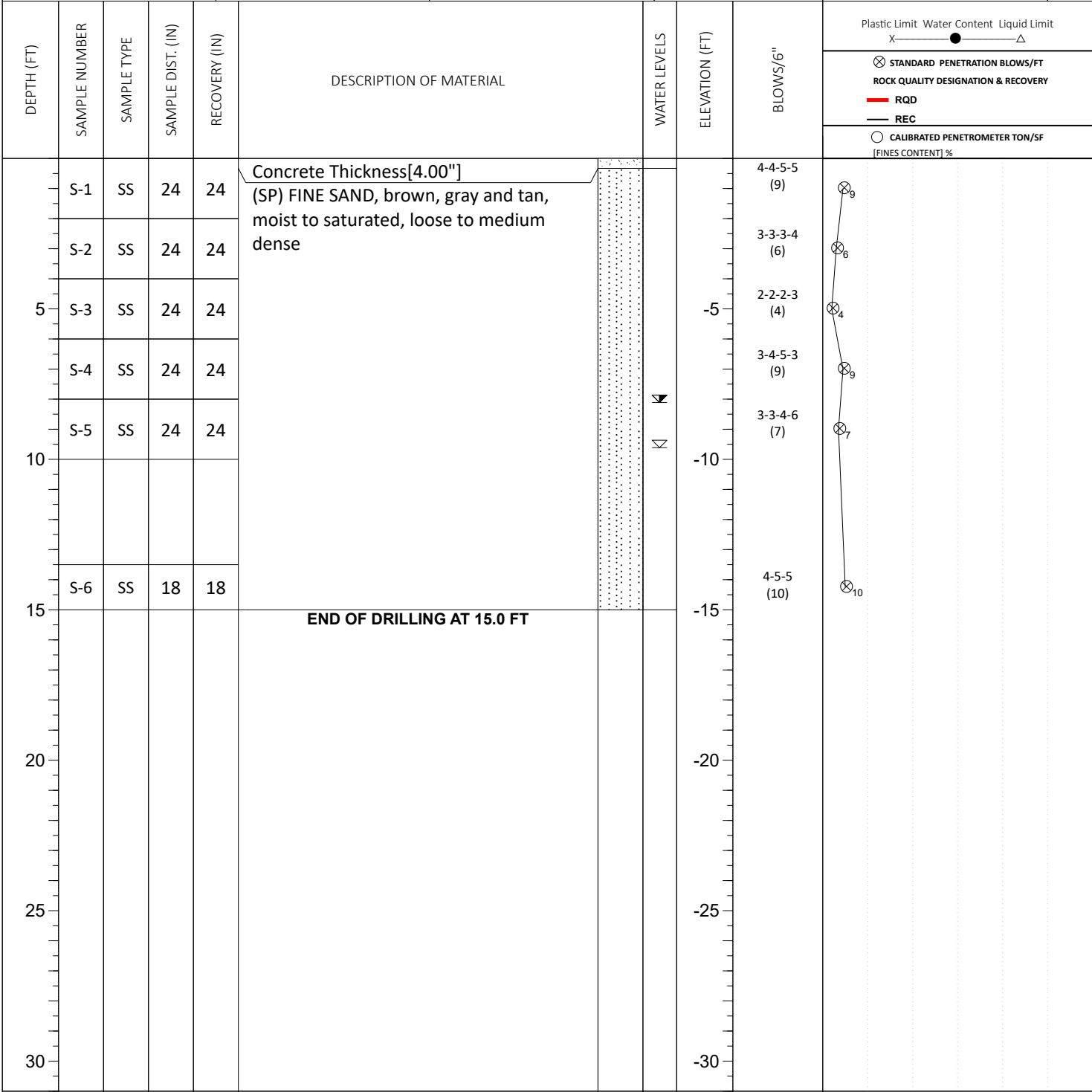
∇ WL (First Encountered) 9.00	BORING STARTED: Jun 17 2021	CAVE IN DEPTH:
▼ WL (Completion)	BORING COMPLETED: Jun 17 2021	HAMMER TYPE: Auto
∇ WL (Seasonal High Water) 7.50	EQUIPMENT: Track	LOGGED BY:
∇ WL (Stabilized)		DRILLING METHOD: Mud-Rotary

GEOTECHNICAL BOREHOLE LOG

CLIENT: Life Storage	PROJECT NO.: 56:1394	BORING NO.: B-6	SHEET: 1 of 1	
PROJECT NAME: Life Storage - DeBary	DRILLER/CONTRACTOR: Renegade Drilling, LLC			

SITE LOCATION:
3075 Enterprise Road, DeBary, Florida 32713

NORTHING: -25836.0	EASTING: 2999266.6	STATION:	SURFACE ELEVATION:	LOSS OF CIRCULATION 
				BOTTOM OF CASING 



THE STRATIFICATION LINES REPRESENT THE APPROXIMATE BOUNDARY LINES BETWEEN SOIL TYPES. IN-SITU THE TRANSITION MAY BE GRADUAL

∇ WL (First Encountered) 9.50	BORING STARTED: Jun 17 2021	CAVE IN DEPTH:
▼ WL (Completion)	BORING COMPLETED: Jun 17 2021	HAMMER TYPE: Auto
∇ WL (Seasonal High Water) 8.00	EQUIPMENT: Track	LOGGED BY:
∇ WL (Stabilized)		DRILLING METHOD: Mud-Rotary

GEOTECHNICAL BOREHOLE LOG

Appendix C – Laboratory Testing Results

Laboratory Summary

Laboratory Testing Summary

Sample Source	Sample Number	Start Depth (feet)	End Depth (feet)	Sample Distance (feet)	MC ¹ (%)	Soil Type ²	Atterberg Limits ³			Percent Passing No. 200 Sieve ⁴	Moisture - Density (Corr.) ⁵		CBR Value ⁶	Organic Content
							LL	PL	PI		Maximum Density (pcf)	Optimum Moisture (%)		
B-1	S-6	13.5	15.0	1.5	21.5	SC				21.1				
B-3	S-7	18.5	20.0	1.5	27.8	SP-SC				11.5				
B-4	S-5	8.0	10.0	2.0	26.8	SP				3.0				

Notes: 1. ASTM D 2216, 2. ASTM D 2487, 3. ASTM D 4318, 4. ASTM D 1140, 5. See test reports for test method, 6. See test reports for test method

Definitions: MC: Moisture Content, Soil Type: USCS (Unified Soil Classification System), LL: Liquid Limit, PL: Plastic Limit, PI: Plasticity Index, CBR: California Bearing Ration, OC: Organic Content (ASTM D 2974)

Project No. 56:1394
Project Name: Life Storage - Debary
PM: Vinay Kumar Arebelli
PE: David Spangler
Printed On: July 6, 2021



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